High Speed, High Gain Bipolar NPN Power Transistor

with Integrated Collector–Emitter Diode and Built–in Efficient Antisaturation Network

The BUL45D2G is state-of-art High Speed High gain BiPolar transistor (H2BIP). High dynamic characteristics and lot-to-lot minimum spread (±150 ns on storage time) make it ideally suitable for light ballast applications. Therefore, there is no need to guarantee an h_{FE} window. It's characteristics make it also suitable for PFC application.

Features

- Low Base Drive Requirement
- High Peak DC Current Gain (55 Typical) @ I_C = 100 mA
- Extremely Low Storage Time Min/Max Guarantees Due to the H2BIP Structure which Minimizes the Spread
- Integrated Collector-Emitter Free Wheeling Diode
- Fully Characterized and Guaranteed Dynamic V_{CE(sat)}
- "6 Sigma" Process Providing Tight and Reproductible Parameter Spreads
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant*

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	V _{CEO}	400	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	V _{CBO}	700	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	V _{CES}	700	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V _{EBO}	12	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I _C I _{CM}	5 10	Adc
Base Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I _B I _{BM}	2 4	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T _C = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	75 0.6	W W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature	T _J , T _{stg}	-65 to 150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.65	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	TL	260	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

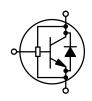
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ON Semiconductor®

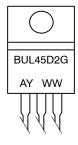
http://onsemi.com

POWER TRANSISTOR 5.0 AMPERES, 700 VOLTS, 75 WATTS





MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location

Y = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
BUL45D2G	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail

^{1.} Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle ≤ 10%.

^{*}For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_C = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T _C = 25°C unles	os otnerwise noted)					
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS						
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (I _C = 100 mA, L = 25 mH)	V _{CEO(sus)}	400	450		Vdc	
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage (I _{CBO} = 1 mA)	V _{CBO}	700	910		Vdc	
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I _{EBO} = 1 mA)		V _{EBO}	12	14.1		Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current $(V_{CE} = Rated V_{CEO}, I_B = 0)$		I _{CEO}			100	μAdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CES} , V _{EB} = 0)	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	I _{CES}			100 500	μAdc
$(V_{CE} = 500 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0)$	@ T _C = 125°C				100	
Emitter-Cutoff Current (V _{EB} = 10 Vdc, I _C = 0)		I _{EBO}			100	μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS						
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage		V _{BE(sat)}				Vdc
$(I_C = 0.8 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 80 \text{ mAdc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.8 0.7	1 0.9	
$(I_C = 2 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 0.4 \text{ Adc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.89 0.79	1 0.9	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		V _{CE(sat)}				Vdc
$(I_C = 0.8 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 80 \text{ mAdc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	, ,		0.28 0.32	0.4 0.5	
$(I_C = 2 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 0.4 \text{ Adc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.32 0.38	0.5 0.6	
$(I_C = 0.8 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 40 \text{ mAdc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.46 0.62	0.75 1	
DC Current Gain		h _{FE}				_
$(I_C = 0.8 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{ Vdc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C		22 20	34 29		
$(I_C = 2 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{ Vdc})$	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C		10 7	14 9.5		
DIODE CHARACTERISTICS						
Forward Diode Voltage		V _{EC}				V
(I _{EC} = 1 Adc)	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			1.04 0.7	1.5	
(I _{EC} = 2 Adc)	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			1.2	1.6	
(I _{EC} = 0.4 Adc)	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.85 0.62	1.2	
Forward Recovery Time (see Figure 27) (I _F = 1 Adc, di/dt = 10 A/μs)	T _{fr}		330		ns	
$(I_F = 2 \text{ Adc, di/dt} = 10 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s})$ @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				360		
$(I_F = 0.4 \text{ Adc, di/dt} = 10 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s})$	@ T _C = 25°C			320		
• •	1					

	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
OYNAMIC CHARACTERIS	STICS			•	•	•	•	•
Current Gain Bandwidth ($I_C = 0.5$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1$ MHz)				f _T		13		MHz
Output Capacitance (V _{CB} = 10 Vdc, I _E = 0,	f = 1 MHz)			C _{ob}		50	75	pF
Input Capacitance (V _{EB} = 8 Vdc)				C _{ib}		340	500	pF
DYNAMIC SATURATION	VOLTAGE				ı	•		I
	I _C = 1 A	@ 1 μs	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	V _{CE(dsat)}		3.7 9.4		V
Dynamic Saturation Voltage: Determined 1 µs and	I _{B1} = 100 mA V _{CC} = 300 V	@ 3 μs	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.35 2.7		V
3 μs respectively after rising I _{B1} reaches 90% of final I _{B1}	I _C = 2 A I _{B1} = 0.8 A V _{CC} = 300 V	@ 1 μs	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			3.9 12		V
00/0 oran .P1		@ 3 μs	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C			0.4 1.5		V
SWITCHING CHARACTE	RISTICS: Resistive	Load (D.0	C. ≤ 10%, Pulse Wi	dth = 20 μs)	I			I.
Turn-on Time	I _C = 2 Adc, I _{B1} = 0.4 Adc I _{B2} = 1 Adc V _{CC} = 300 Vdc		@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _{on}		90 105	150	ns
Turn-off Time			@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _{off}		1.15 1.5	1.3	μs
Turn-on Time	$I_C = 2 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 0.4 \text{ Adc}$ $I_{B2} = 0.4 \text{ Adc}$ $V_{CC} = 300 \text{ Vdc}$		@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _{on}		90 110	150	ns
Turn-off Time			@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _{off}	2.1	3.1	2.4	μs
SWITCHING CHARACTE	RISTICS: Inductive	Load (V _{cl}	_{amp} = 300 V, V _{CC} =	15 V, L = 200	μH)	•		I
Fall Time	I _C = 1 Adc I _{B1} = 100 mAdc I _{B2} = 500 mAdc		@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _f		90 93	150	ns
Storage Time			@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _s		0.72 1.05	0.9	μs
Crossover Time	182 – 300 111/	-luc	@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _c		95 95	150	ns
Fall Time			@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _f		80 105	150	ns
Storage Time	I _C = 2 Adc I _{B1} = 0.4 Adc I _{B2} = 0.4 Adc		@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _s	1.95	2.9	2.25	μs
Crossover Time			@ T _C = 25°C @ T _C = 125°C	t _c		225 450	300	ns

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

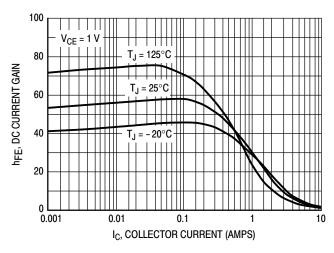


Figure 1. DC Current Gain @ 1 Volt

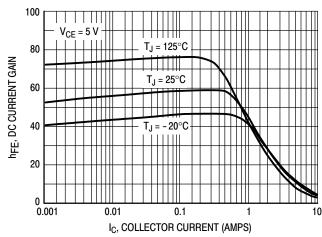


Figure 2. DC Current Gain @ 5 Volt

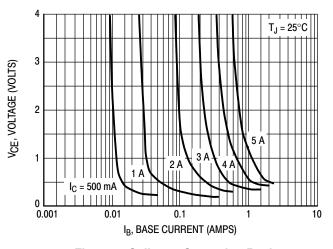


Figure 3. Collector Saturation Region

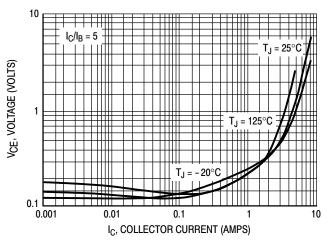


Figure 4. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

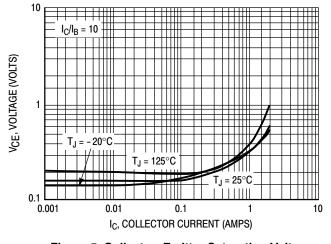


Figure 5. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

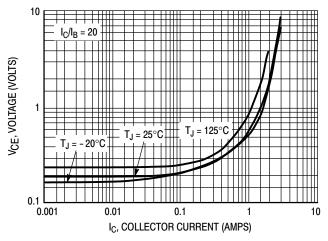


Figure 6. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

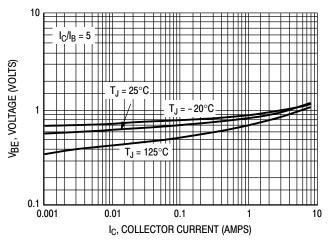


Figure 7. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

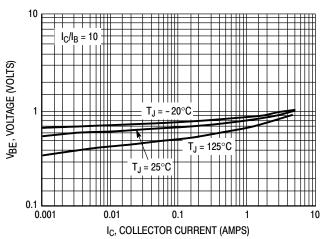


Figure 8. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

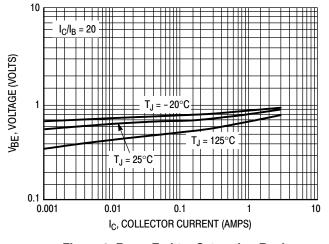


Figure 9. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

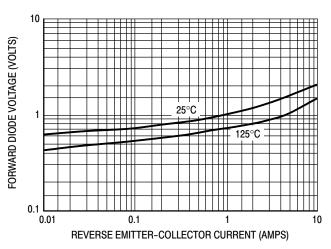


Figure 10. Forward Diode Voltage

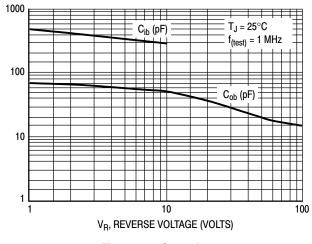


Figure 11. Capacitance

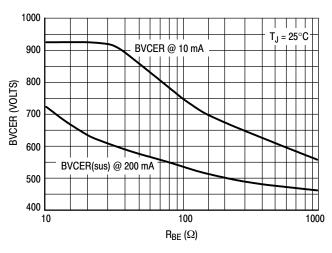


Figure 12. BVCER = f(ICER)

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

t, TIME (µs)

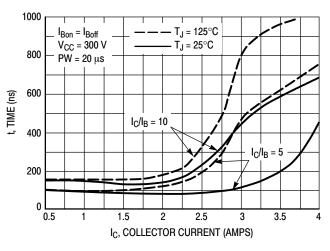


Figure 13. Resistive Switch Time, ton

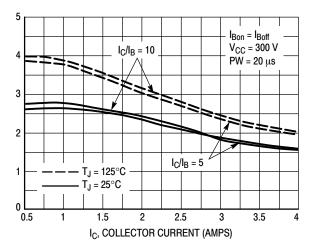


Figure 14. Resistive Switch Time, toff

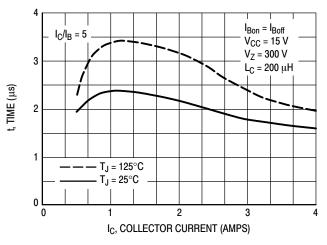


Figure 15. Inductive Storage Time, $t_{si} @ I_C/I_B = 5$

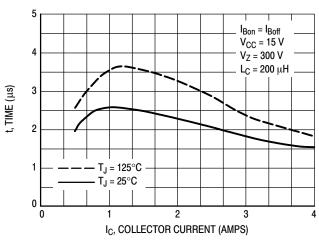


Figure 16. Inductive Storage Time, $t_{si} @ I_C/I_B = 10$

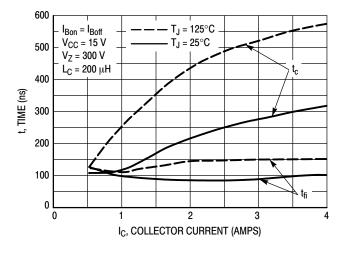


Figure 17. Inductive Switching, $t_c \& t_{fi} @ I_C/I_B = 5$

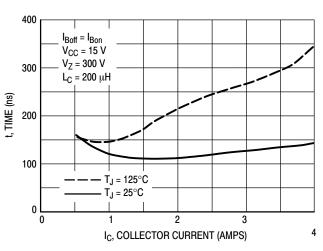


Figure 18. Inductive Switching, $t_{fi} @ I_C/I_B = 10$

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

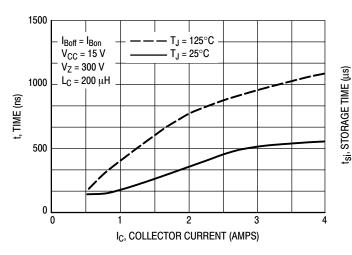
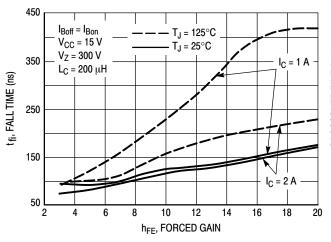


Figure 19. Inductive Switching, $t_c @ I_C/I_B = 10$

Figure 20. Inductive Storage Time



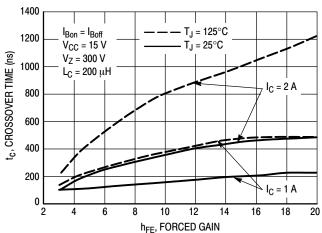
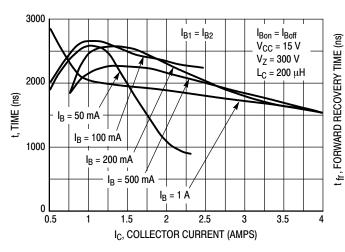


Figure 21. Inductive Fall Time

Figure 22. Inductive Crossover Time



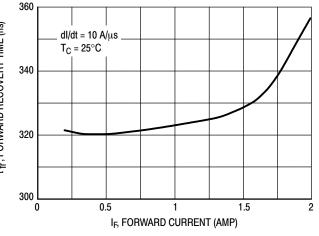
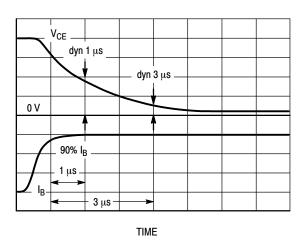


Figure 23. Inductive Storage Time, t_{si}

Figure 24. Forward Recovery Time t_{fr}

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



10 9 90% I_C 8 t_{fi} 7 6 10% I_C 10% V_{clamp} V_{clamp} 4 3 90% I_{B1} 2 5 2 4 6 TIME

Figure 25. Dynamic Saturation Voltage Measurements

Figure 26. Inductive Switching Measurements

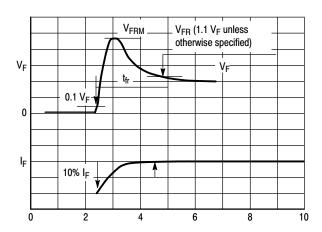
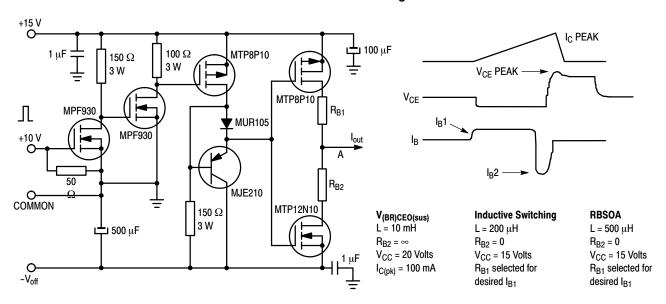


Figure 27. t_{fr} Measurements

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Table 1. Inductive Load Switching Drive Circuit



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

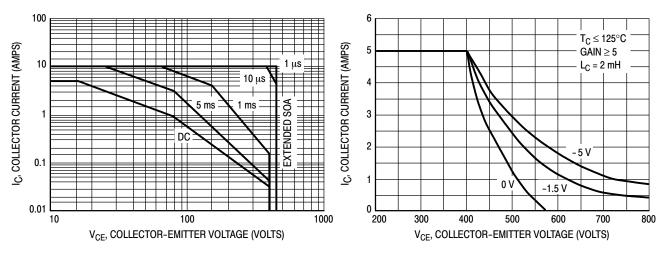


Figure 28. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

Figure 29. Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

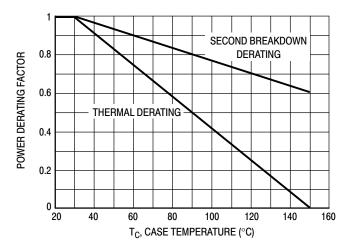


Figure 30. Forward Bias Power Derating

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I_C – V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. The data of Figure 28 is based on T_C = 25°C; $T_{J(pk)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when T_C > 25°C. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on

Figure 28 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 30.

 $T_{J(pk)}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 31. At any case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. For inductive loads, high voltage and current must be sustained simultaneously during turn–off with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. The safe level is specified as a reverse biased safe operating area (Figure 29). This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.

TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE

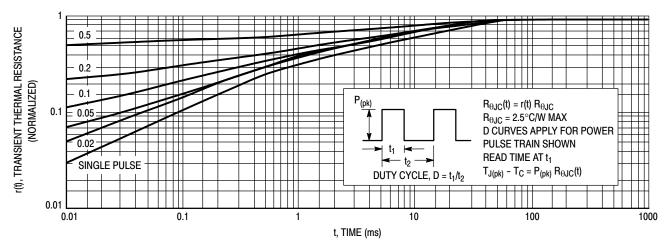
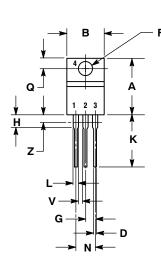
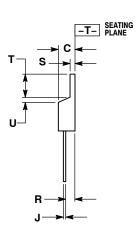


Figure 31. Typical Thermal Response ($Z_{\theta JC}(t)$) for BUL45D2

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-220 CASE 221A-09 **ISSUE AG**





- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75	
В	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28	
С	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82	
D	0.025	0.036	0.64	0.91	
F	0.142	0.161	3.61	4.09	
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66	
Н	0.110	0.161	2.80	4.10	
J	0.014	0.025	0.36	0.64	
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27	
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52	
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33	
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04	
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79	
S	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47	
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27	
٧	0.045		1.15		
Z		0.080		2.04	

STYLE 1:

PIN 1. BASE

- COLLECTOR 2.
- 3 **EMITTER**
- COLLECTOR

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