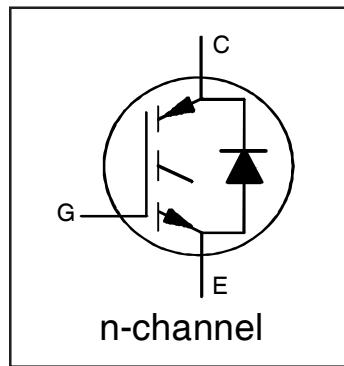


**INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH  
ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE**

**IRGPS4067DPbF**

**Features**

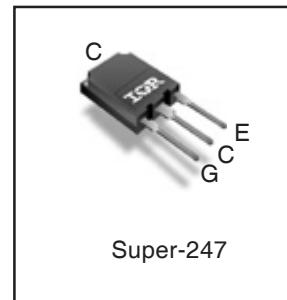
- Low  $V_{CE(on)}$  Trench IGBT Technology
- Low Switching Losses
- 5 $\mu$ s SCSSA
- Square RBSOA
- 100% of The Parts Tested for  $I_{LM}$  ①
- Positive  $V_{CE(on)}$  Temperature Coefficient.
- Ultra Fast Soft Recovery Co-pak Diode
- Tighter Distribution of Parameters
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$I_C(\text{Nominal}) = 120A$
$t_{SC} \geq 5\mu\text{s}, T_{J(\text{max})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.70V$

**Benefits**

- High Efficiency in a Wide Range of Applications
- Suitable for a Wide Range of Switching Frequencies due to Low  $V_{CE(ON)}$  and Low Switching Losses
- Rugged Transient Performance for Increased Reliability
- Excellent Current Sharing in Parallel Operation
- Low EMI



G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Collector Current	240 ②	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Collector Current	160 ②	
$I_{NOMINAL}$	Nominal Current	120	
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE} = 15V$	360	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE} = 20V$ ①	480	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	240	B
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	160	
$I_{FM}$	Diode Maximum Forward Current ②	480	
$V_{GE}$	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
	Transient Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 30$	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	750	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	375	
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{0JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ④	—	—	0.20	°C/W
$R_{0JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode) ④	—	—	0.63	
$R_{0CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
$R_{0JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	—	40	

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

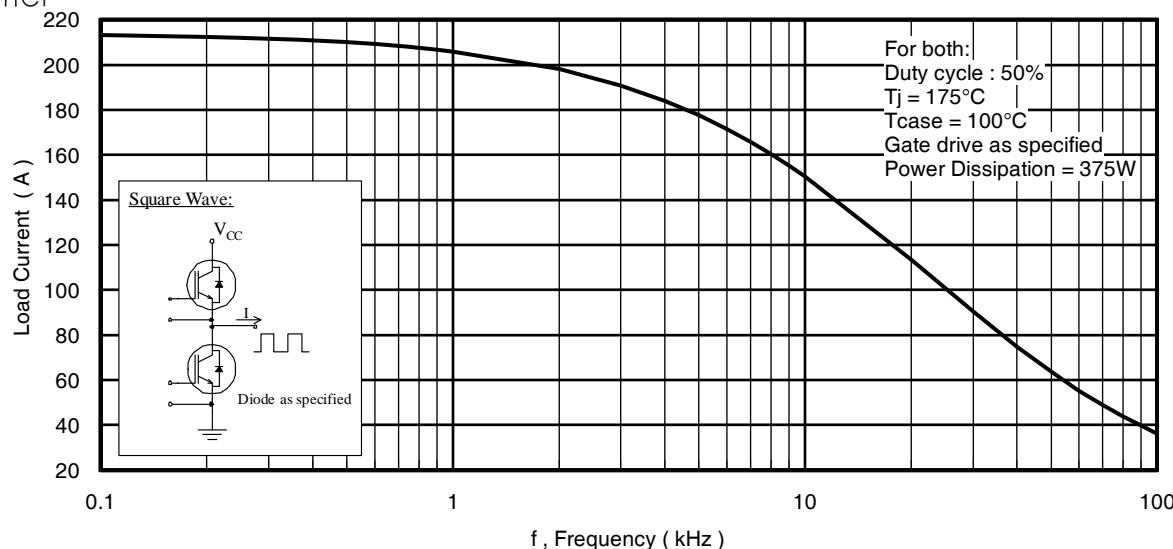
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ ③
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.27	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 4.0\text{mA}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C}-175^\circ\text{C}$ )
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.70	2.05	V	$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	2.15	—		$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
		—	2.20	—		$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	—	6.5	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 5.6\text{mA}$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-17	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 5.6\text{mA}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C} - 175^\circ\text{C}$ )
$g_{FE}$	Forward Transconductance	—	77	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 120\text{A}$
$I_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.0	150	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$
		—	2.3	—	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{FM}$	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	2.4	3.0	V	$I_F = 120\text{A}$
		—	1.9	—		$I_F = 120\text{A}, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GES}$	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	$\pm 400$	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

**Switching Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

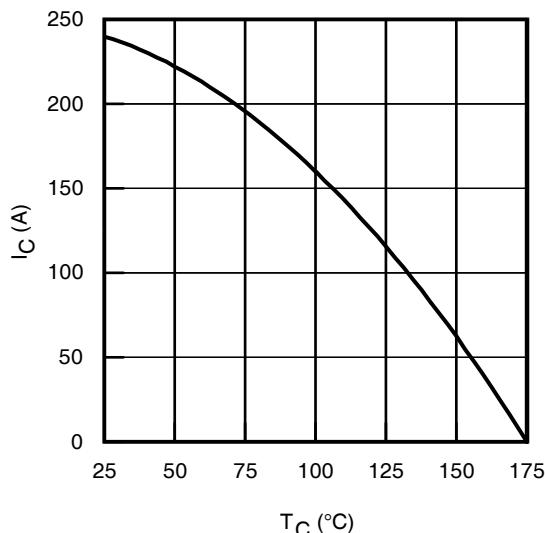
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.⑥	Units	Conditions
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	240	360	nC	$I_C = 120\text{A}$
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	70	105		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	90	135		$V_{CC} = 400V$
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	5750	7990	$\mu\text{J}$	$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	3430	4360		$R_G = 4.7\Omega, L = 66\mu\text{H}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$E_{total}$	Total Switching Loss	—	9180	12350		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	80	100	ns	$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_r$	Rise time	—	70	125		$R_G = 4.7\Omega, L = 66\mu\text{H}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	190	220		
$t_f$	Fall time	—	40	60		
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	7740	—	$\mu\text{J}$	$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	4390	—		$R_G = 4.7\Omega, L = 66\mu\text{H}, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$E_{total}$	Total Switching Loss	—	12130	—		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	80	—	ns	$I_C = 120\text{A}, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_r$	Rise time	—	75	—		$R_G = 4.7\Omega, L = 66\mu\text{H}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	230	—		$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$t_f$	Fall time	—	55	—		
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	—	7750	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance	—	550	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	225	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 480\text{A}$ $V_{CC} = 480V, V_p = 600V$ $R_g = 4.7\Omega, V_{GE} = +20V$ to $0V$
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	5	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CC} = 400V, V_p = 600V$ $R_g = 4.7\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V$ to $0V$
$E_{rec}$	Reverse Recovery Energy of the Diode	—	500	—	$\mu\text{J}$	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	130	—	ns	$V_{CC} = 400V, I_F = 120\text{A}$
$I_{rr}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	36	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_g = 4.7\Omega, L = 100\mu\text{H}$

**Notes:**

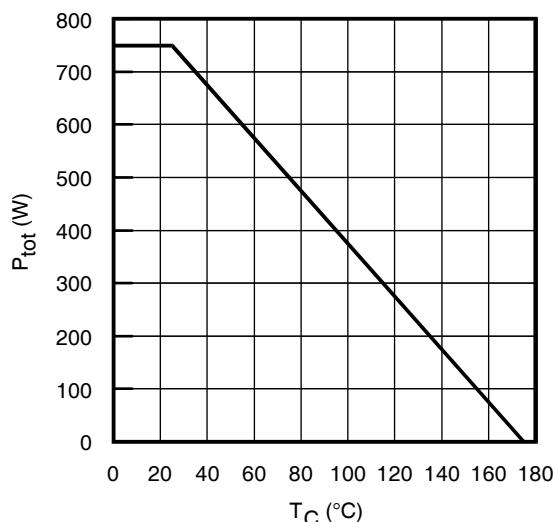
- ①  $V_{CC} = 80\%$  ( $V_{CES}$ ),  $V_{GE} = 20V$ ,  $L = 66\mu\text{H}$ ,  $R_g = 4.7\Omega$ , tested in production  $I_{LM} \leq 400\text{A}$ .
- ② Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring  $V_{(BR)CES}$  safely.
- ④  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  of approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package IGBT current limit is 195A. Package diode current limit is 120A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur.
- ⑥ Maximum limits are based on statistical sample size characterization.



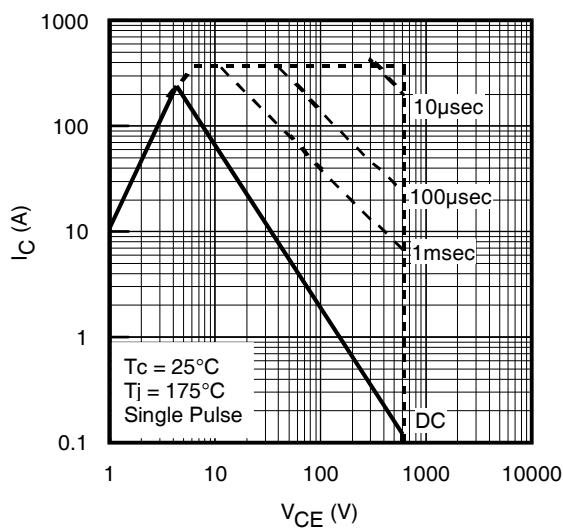
**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{RMS}$  of fundamental)



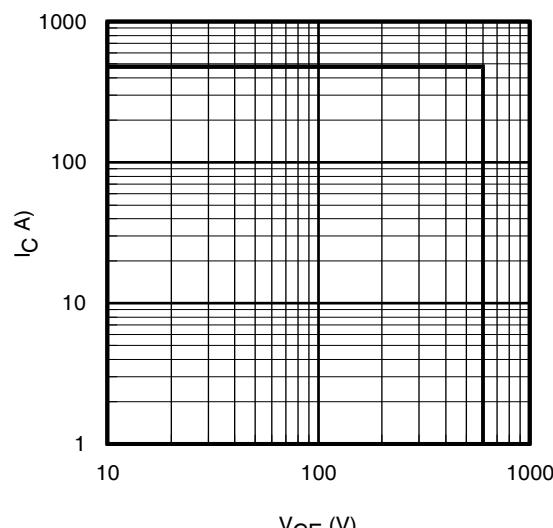
**Fig. 2 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature**



**Fig. 3 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature**



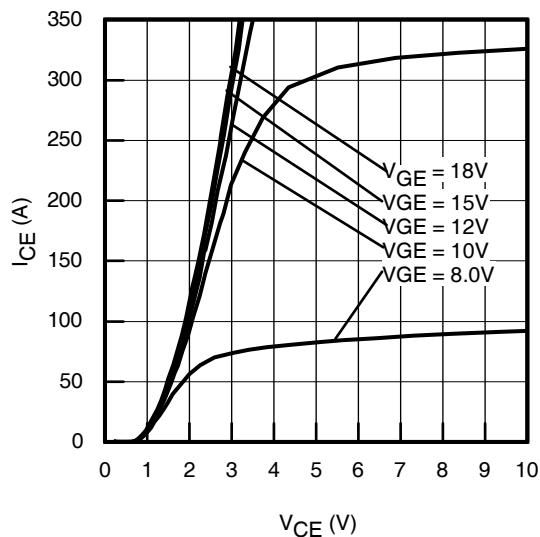
**Fig. 4 - Forward SOA**  
 $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



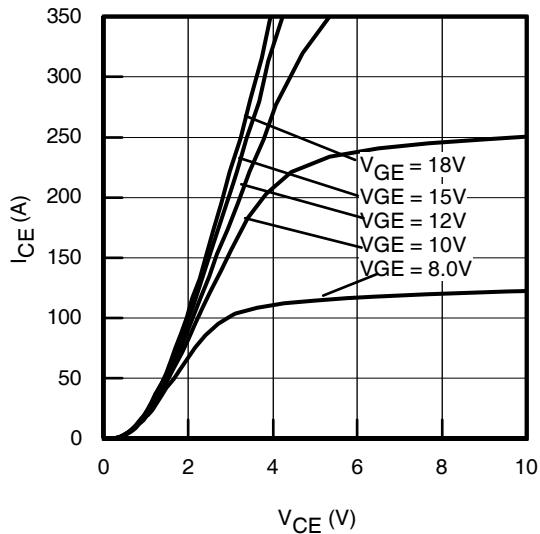
**Fig. 5 - Reverse Bias SOA**  
 $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$

# IRGPS4067DPbF

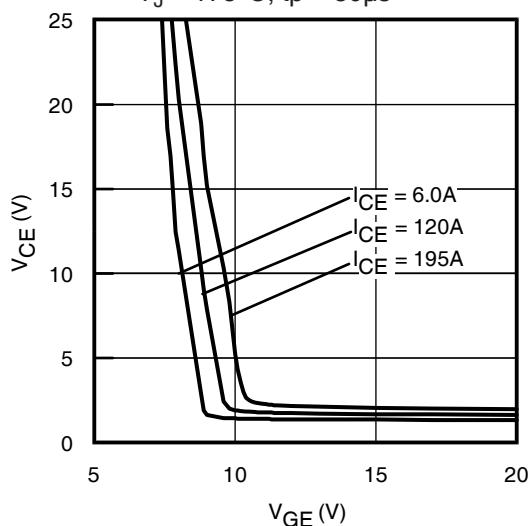
International  
Rectifier



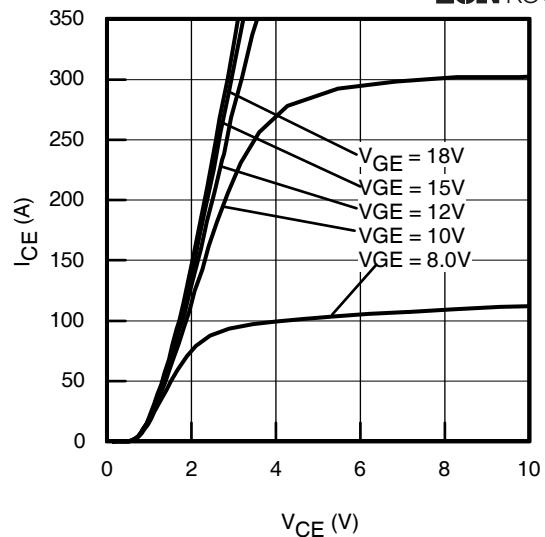
**Fig. 6** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



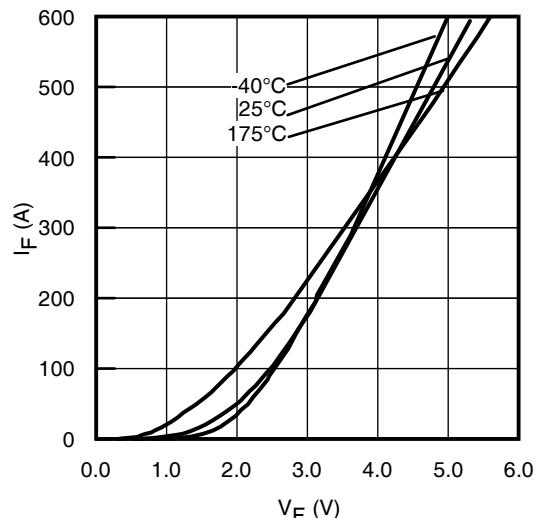
**Fig. 8** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



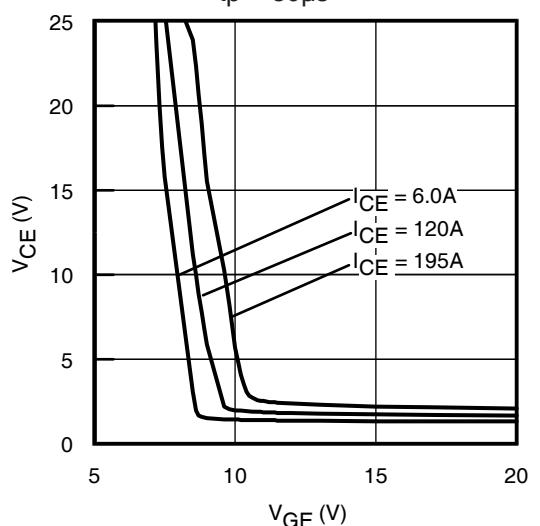
**Fig. 10** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$



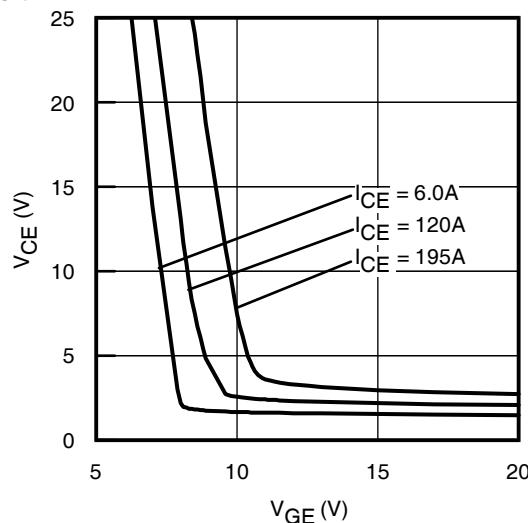
**Fig. 7** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



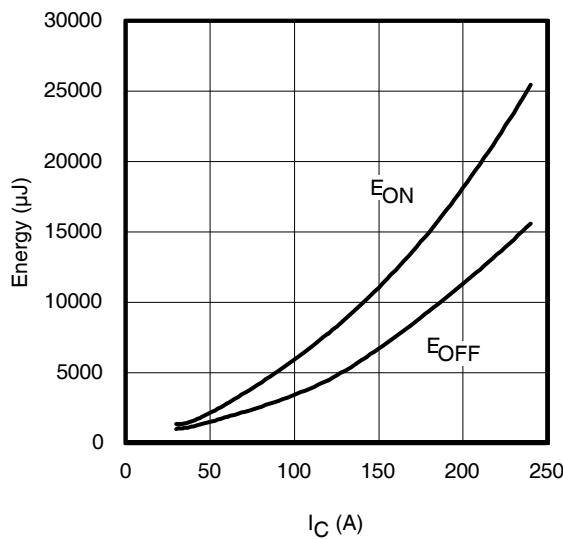
**Fig. 9** - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics  
 $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



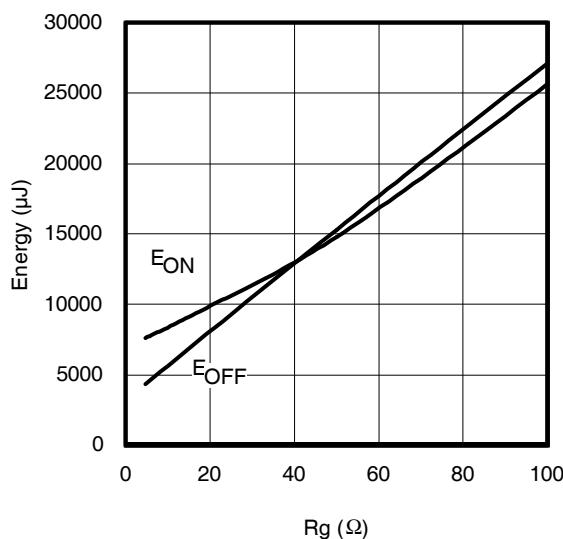
**Fig. 11** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



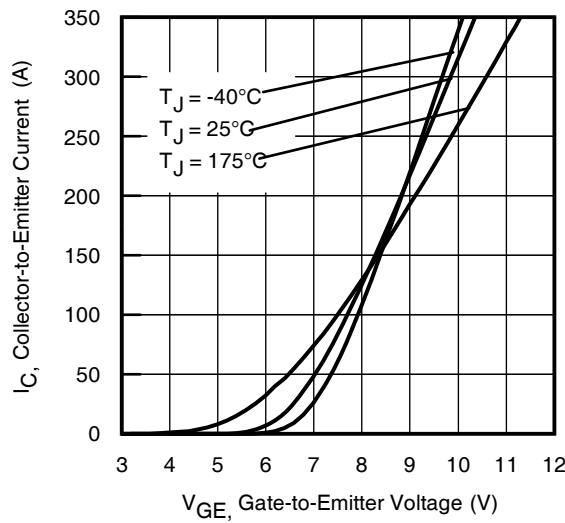
**Fig. 12** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



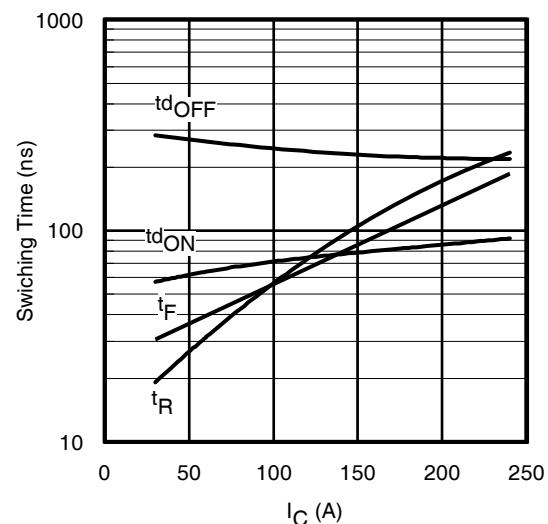
**Fig. 14** - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}; L = 66\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 4.7\Omega; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



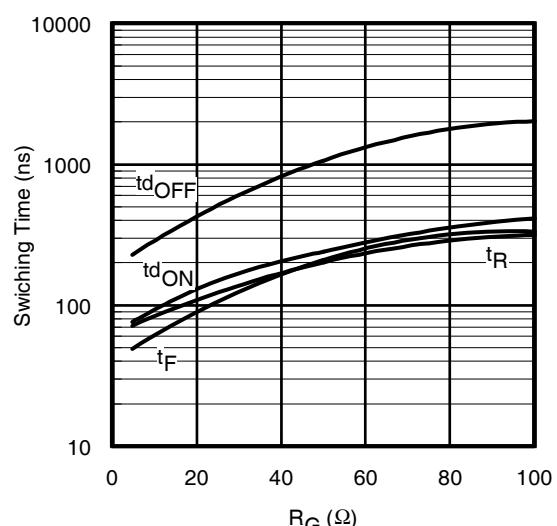
**Fig. 16** - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $R_G$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}; L = 66\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, I_{CE} = 120\text{A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



**Fig. 13** - Typ. Transfer Characteristics  
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}; t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$



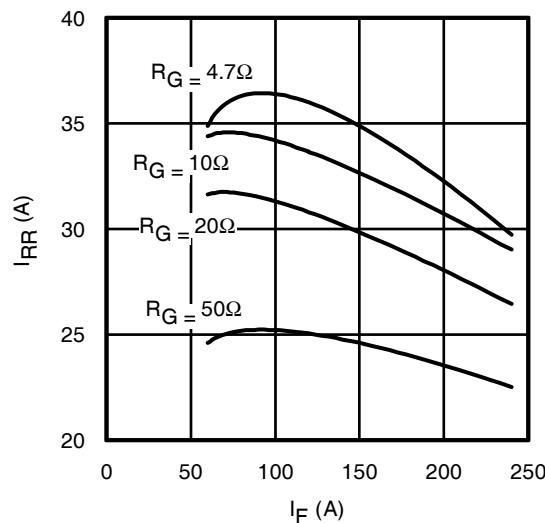
**Fig. 15** - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}; L = 66\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 4.7\Omega; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



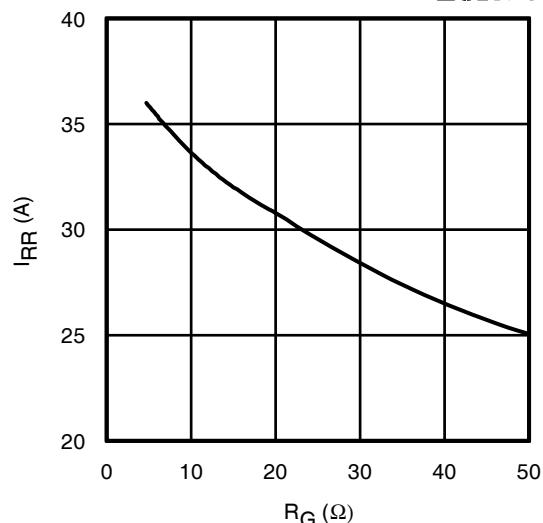
**Fig. 17** - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $R_G$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}; L = 66\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, I_{CE} = 120\text{A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

# IRGPS4067DPbF

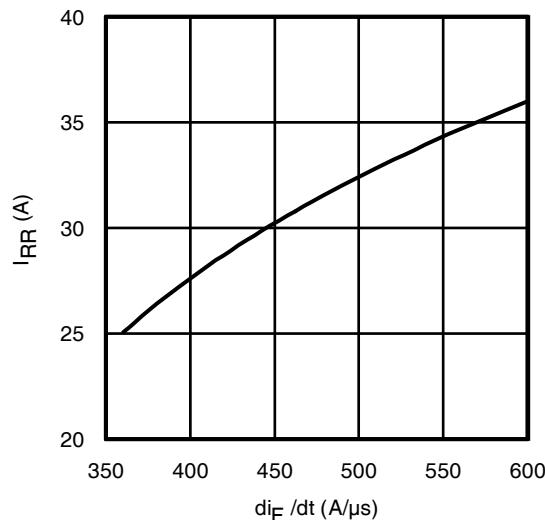
International  
Rectifier



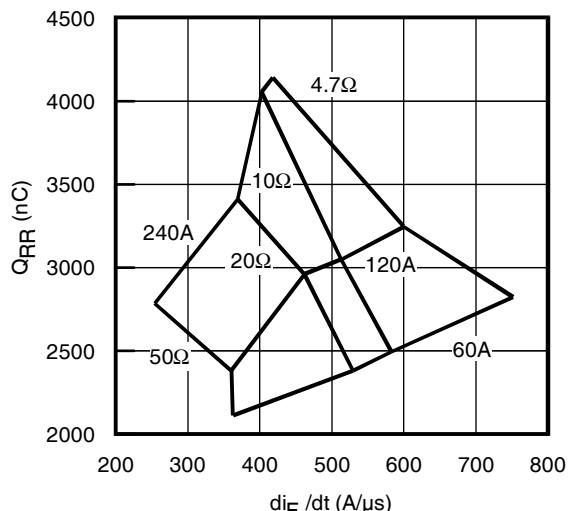
**Fig. 18 - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$**   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



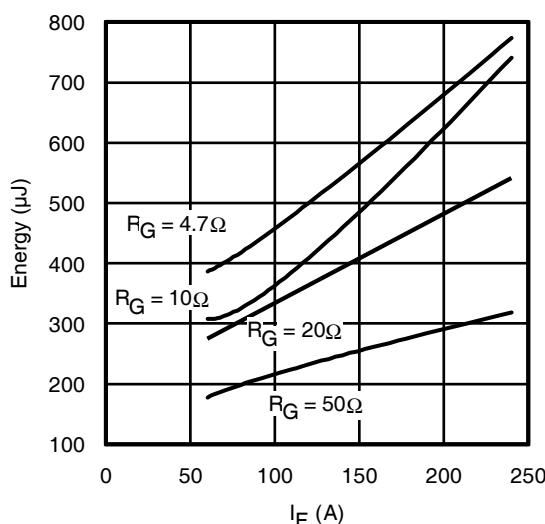
**Fig. 19 - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $R_G$**   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



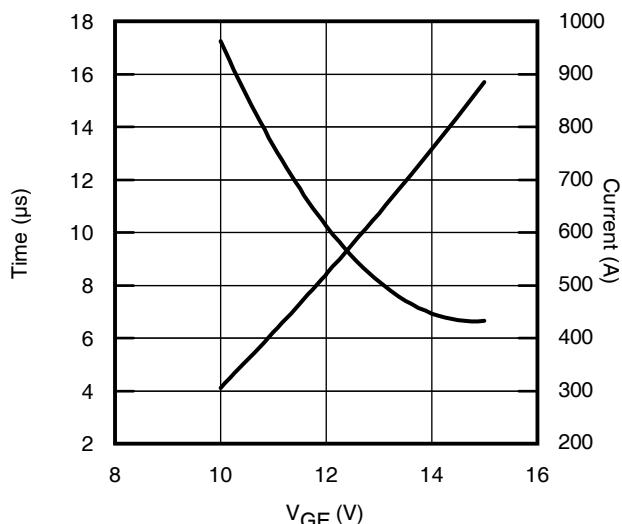
**Fig. 20 - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $dI_F/dt$**   
 $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; I_F = 120\text{A}; T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



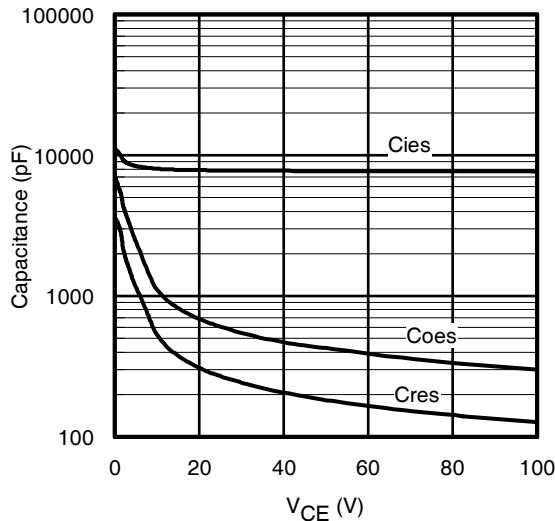
**Fig. 21 - Typ. Diode  $Q_{RR}$  vs.  $dI_F/dt$**   
 $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



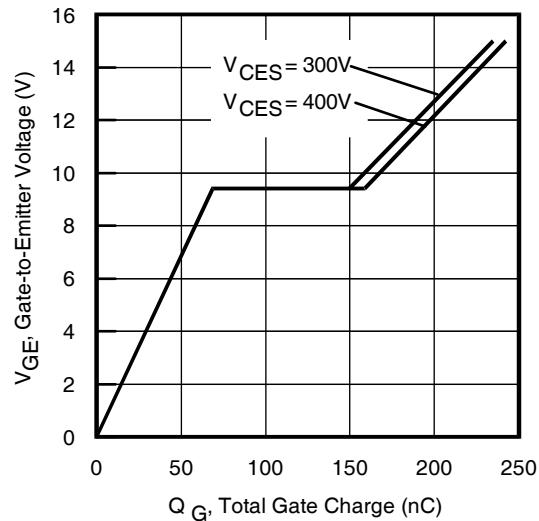
**Fig. 22 - Typ. Diode  $E_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$**   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



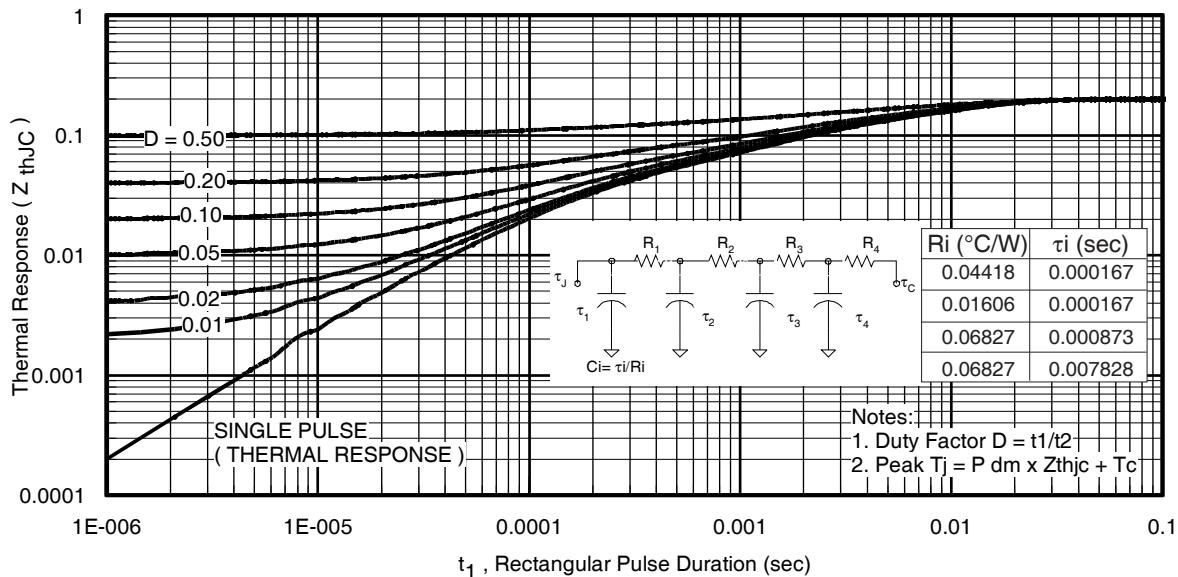
**Fig. 23 -  $V_{GE}$  vs. Short Circuit Time**  
 $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}; T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



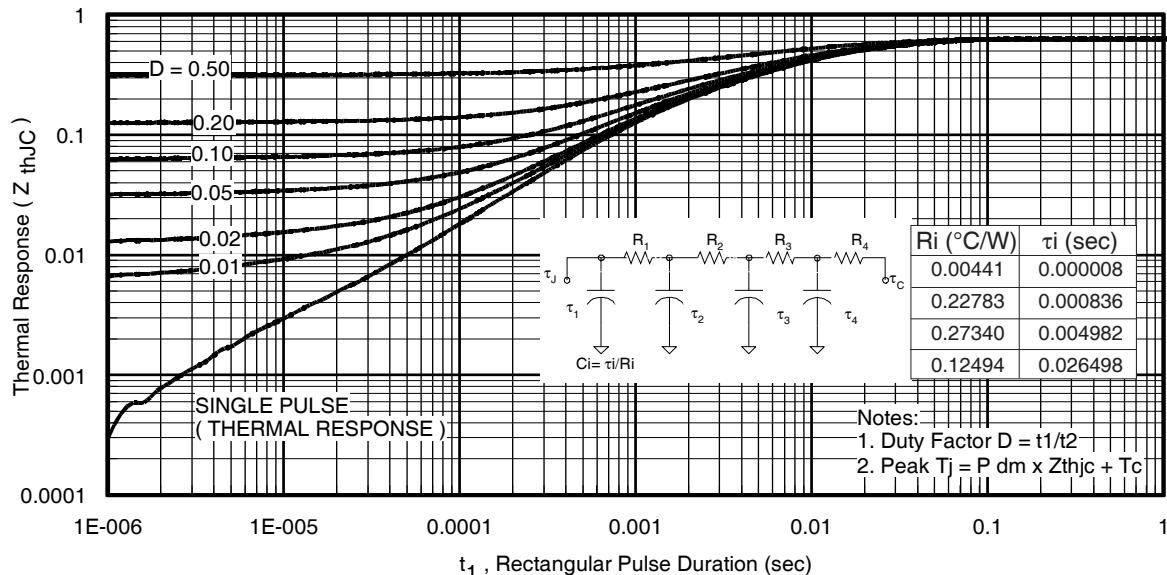
**Fig. 24 - Typ. Capacitance vs.  $V_{CE}$**   
 $V_{GE} = 0V$ ;  $f = 1MHz$



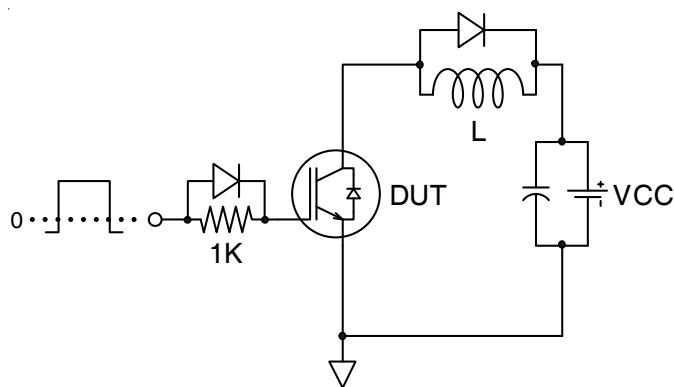
**Fig. 25 - Typical Gate Charge vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $I_{CE} = 120A$ ;  $L = 100\mu H$



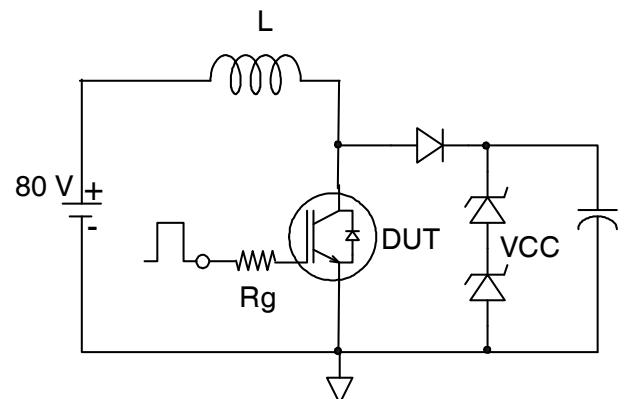
**Fig 26. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)**



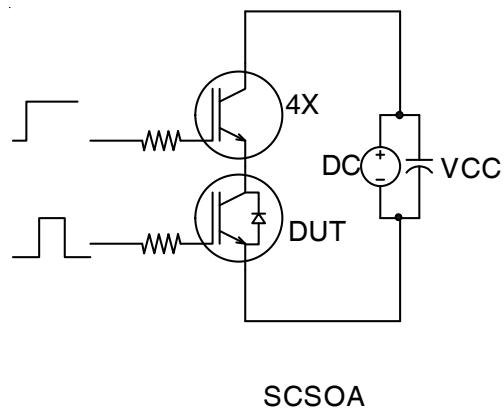
**Fig. 27. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)**



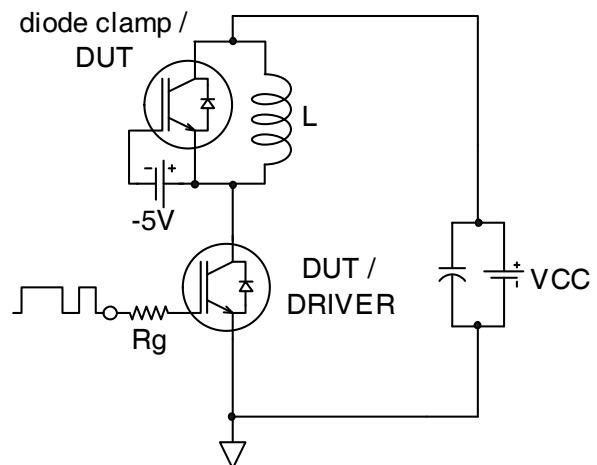
**Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)**



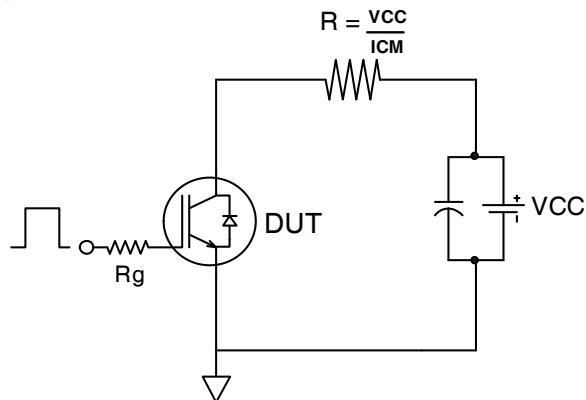
**Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit**



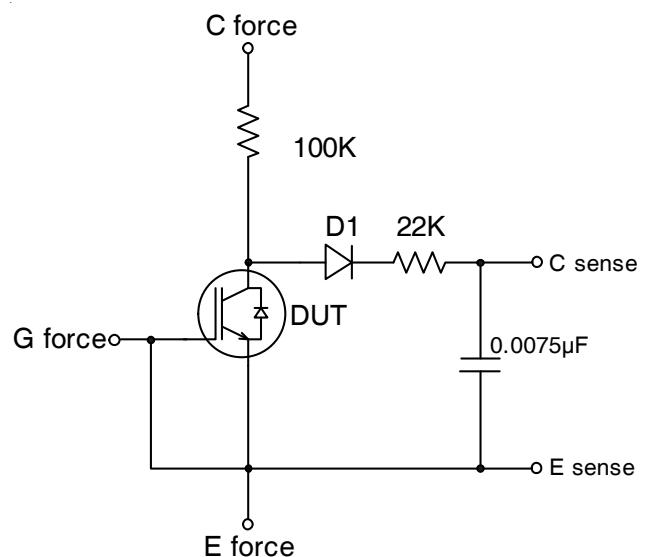
**Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit**



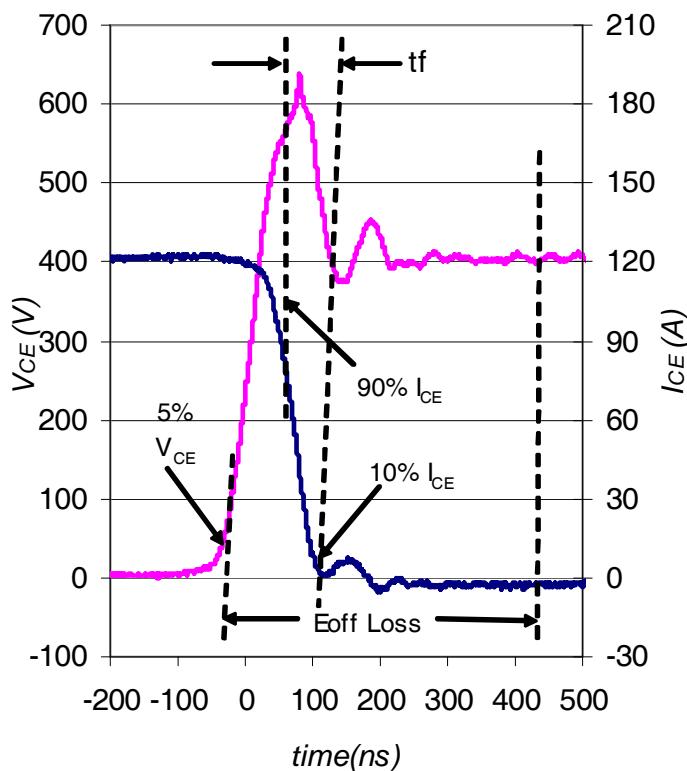
**Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit**



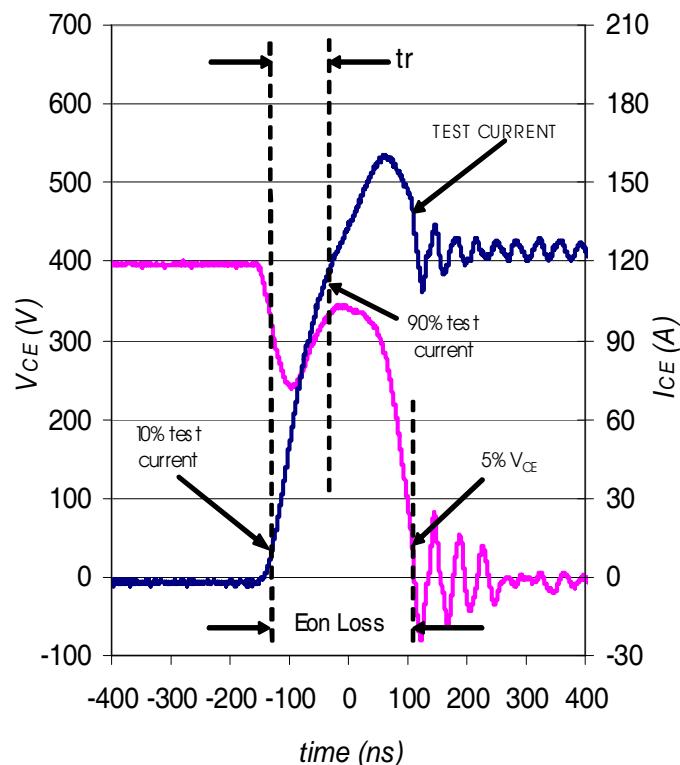
**Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit**



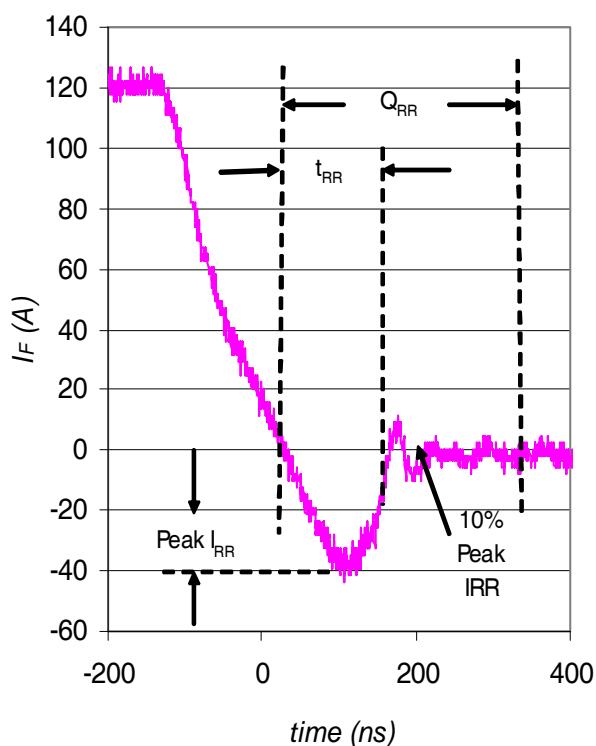
**Fig.C.T.6 - BVCES Filter Circuit**



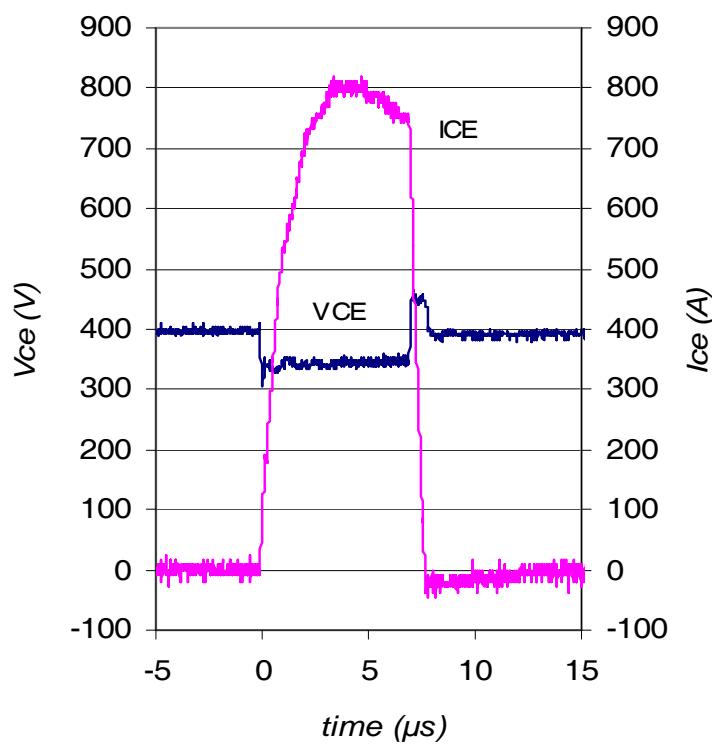
**Fig. WF1** - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF2** - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4

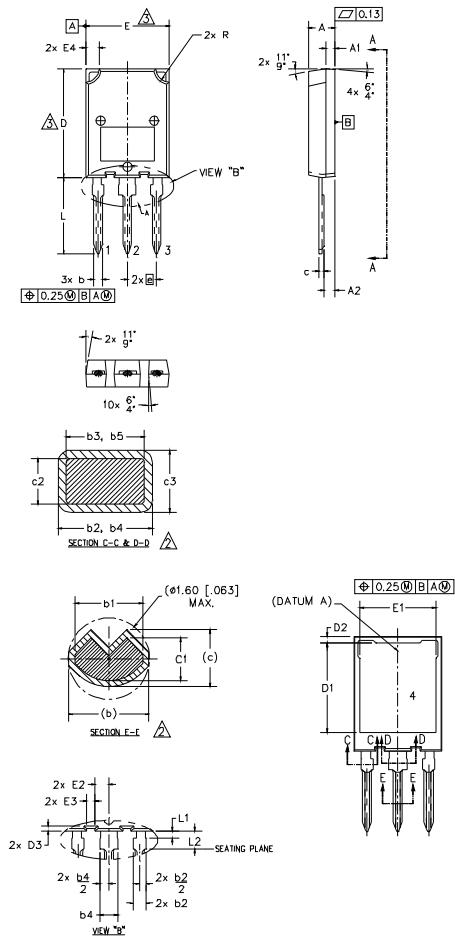


**Fig. WF3** - Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF4** - Typ. S.C. Waveform  
@  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.3

## Case Outline and Dimensions — Super-247



## NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS b1, b3, b5, c1 & c3 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTER EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
6. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-274AA

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.50	5.50	.177	.217		
A1	1.45	2.15	.057	.085		
A2	1.65	2.35	.065	.093		
b	1.45	1.60	.054	.063		
b1	1.40	1.50	.055	.059	2	
b2	2.00	2.40	.079	.094		
b3	1.95	2.35	.077	.093	2	
b4	3.00	3.15	.118	.124		
b5	2.95	3.35	.116	.132	2	
c	1.10	1.30	.043	.051		
c1	0.90	1.10	.035	.043	2	
c2	0.65	0.85	.026	.033		
c3	0.50	0.70	.020	.028	2	
D	19.80	20.80	.780	.819	3	
D1	15.50	16.10	.610	.634		
D2	0.70	1.30	.028	.051		
D3	0.75	1.25	.030	.049		
E	15.10	16.10	.594	.634		
E1	13.30	13.90	.524	.547		
E2	2.25	2.70	.089	.109		
E3	1.20	1.70	.047	.067		
E4	2.00	3.00	.079	.118		
e	5.45	BSC	.215	BSC		
L	13.80	14.80	.535	.583		
L1	1.00	1.60	.039	.063		
L2	3.85	4.25	.152	.167		
R	2.00	3.00	.079	.118		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTSMOSFET

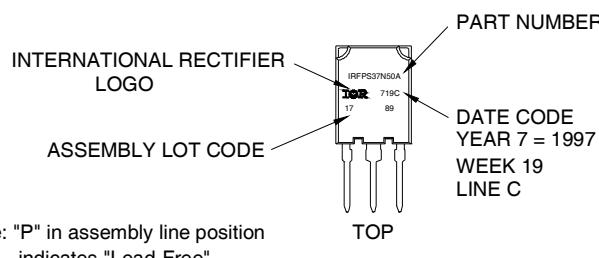
1. — GATE
2. — DRAIN
3. — SOURCE
4. — DRAIN

IGBT

1. — GATE
2. — COLLECTOR
3. — Emitter
4. — COLLECTOR

## Super-247 (TO-274AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPS37N50A WITH  
ASSEMBLY LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com) for sales contact information. 10/2011