

# 300 Watts

## QSB Series



- Wide Input Range
- 350 W Peak Power
- High Efficiency
- High Power Density
- Baseplate-cooled
- Remote On/Off & Remote Sense
- 3 Year Warranty

### Specification

#### Input

Input Voltage Range	• 24 V (9-36 V), 48 V (18-75 V), (see note 3)
Input Current	• See table
Input Reverse Voltage Protection	• None
Input Filter	• Pi network
Input Surge	• 24 V: 50 VDC for 100 ms 48 V: 100 VDC for 100 ms
Undervoltage Lockout	• 24 V: On $\geq 8.8$ V, Off $\leq 8.0$ V 48 V: On $\geq 17.0$ V, Off $\leq 16.0$ V

#### Output

Output Voltage Trim	• $\pm 10\%$ , see application notes
Initial Set Accuracy	• $\pm 1.5\%$ max at full load
Line Regulation	• $\pm 0.2\%$ max measured from high line to low line
Load Regulation	• $\pm 0.2\%$ max measured from 0-100% load
Start Up Time	• 120 ms typical
Transient Response	• 5% max deviation, recovery to within 1% in 500 $\mu$ s, 25% step load change
Ripple & Noise	• 3.3 & 5 V models: 100 mV pk-pk 12 & 15 V models: 150 mV pk-pk 24 & 28 V models: 280 mV pk-pk 20 MHz bandwidth (see note 1)
Overvoltage Protection	• 115-140%
Short Circuit Protection	• Continuous
Thermal Shutdown	• Case temperature $>105$ °C
Temperature Coefficient	• $\pm 0.03\%/\text{°C}$
Current Limit	• 115-140% nominal output
Remote On/Off	• See note 2. Output is off if Pin 2 is low ( $<1.8$ V) WRT -VIN, Pin 4.
Remote Sense	• Compensates up to 10% of Vout nominal, total of output trim and remote sense

#### General

Efficiency	• See table
Isolation Voltage	• 1500 VDC Input to Output 1500 VDC Input to Case 1500 VDC Output to Case
Isolation Resistance	• $10^7 \Omega$
Isolation Capacitance	• 2000 pF typical
Switching Frequency	• 220 kHz typical
Power Density	• 109 W/in <sup>3</sup>
MTBF	• 300 kHrs typical to MIL-HDBK-217F at 25 °C, GB

#### Environmental

Operating Base Plate Temperature	• -40 °C to +100 °C, see derating curve
Storage Temperature	• -55 °C to +105 °C
Operating Humidity	• Up to 90% non-condensing
Cooling	• Baseplate-cooled, see derating curve
Shock	• 30 g pk, halfsink wave for 18 ms 3 pulses per face, all 6 faces tested
Vibration	• 5-500 Hz st 3 g, 10 mins per axis

#### EMC & Safety

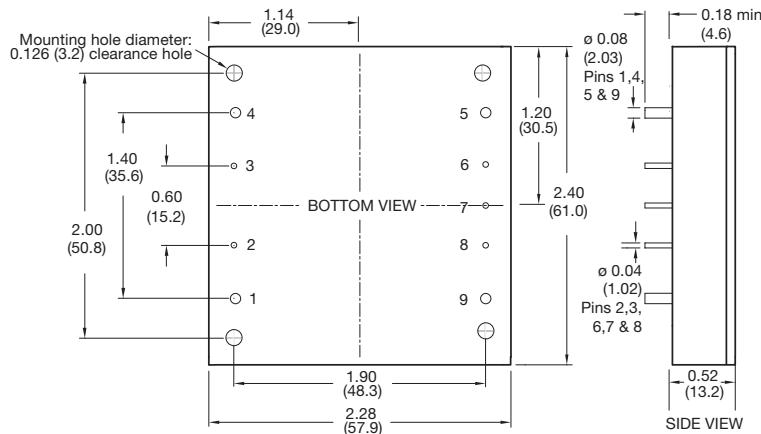
Emissions	• EN55022, level A conducted, with external components. See application note.
ESD Immunity	• EN61000-4-2, level 2, Perf Criteria B
Radiated Immunity	• EN61000-4-3, 3 V/m, Perf Criteria A
EFT/Burst	• EN61000-4-4, level 1, Perf Criteria A
Surge	• EN61000-4-5, level 1, Perf Criteria A
Conducted Immunity	• EN61000-4-6, 3 V rms, Perf Criteria A

**Models & Ratings**

Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Efficiency <sup>(4)</sup>	Max. Capacitive Load	Model Number <sup>(2)</sup>
		Nom.	Peak <sup>(5)</sup>	No Load	Full Load			
9-36 V	5.0 V	60.0 A	70.00 A	200 mA	14.21 A	88.0%	10000 $\mu$ F	QSB30024S05
	12.0 V	25.0 A	29.16 A	200 mA	13.89 A	90.0%	10000 $\mu$ F	QSB30024S12
	24.0 V	12.5 A	14.58 A	100 mA	14.21 A	88.0%	4700 $\mu$ F	QSB30024S24
	28.0 V	10.7 A	12.50 A	100 mA	14.11 A	88.0%	4700 $\mu$ F	QSB30024S28
	48.0 V	6.25 A	7.29 A	100 mA	14.37 A	87.0%	2200 $\mu$ F	QSB30024S48 <sup>(6)</sup>
18-75 V	5.0 V	60.0 A	70.00 A	100 mA	6.94 A	90.0%	10000 $\mu$ F	QSB30048S05
	12.0 V	25.0 A	29.16 A	100 mA	6.94 A	90.0%	10000 $\mu$ F	QSB30048S12
	24.0 V	12.5 A	14.58 A	80 mA	6.98 A	89.0%	4700 $\mu$ F	QSB30048S24
	28.0 V	10.7 A	12.50 A	80 mA	6.94 A	90.0%	4700 $\mu$ F	QSB30048S28
	48.0 V	6.25 A	7.29 A	80 mA	7.02 A	89.0%	2200 $\mu$ F	QSB30048S48 <sup>(6)</sup>

**Notes**

1. Output Ripple and Noise measured with 10  $\mu$ F tantalum and 1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor across output.
2. Add suffix 'N' to the model number to receive the unit with negative logic Remote On/Off.
3. Minimum of 220  $\mu$ F required on input.
4. Measured at nominal input voltage.
5. Peak Current is for max duration of 3s with 10% duty cycle. Average output power not to exceed 300W.
6. 48 V output models require minimum 220  $\mu$ F capacitor across output rails to maintain regulation.

**Mechanical Details**

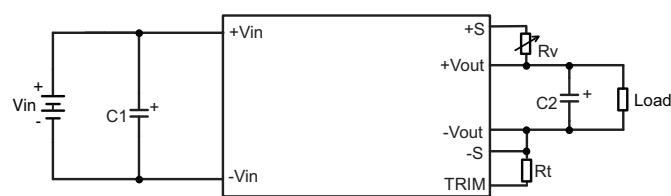
PIN CONNECTIONS	
Pin	Function
1	+Vin
2	Remote On/Off
3	Case
4	-Vin
5	-Vout
6	-Sense
7	Trim
8	+Sense
9	+Vout

**Notes**

1. All dimensions are in inches (mm)
2. Weight: 0.57 lbs (260 g) approx
3. Tolerances: X.XX =  $\pm 0.02$  (X.X =  $\pm 0.5$ )  
X.XXX =  $\pm 0.01$  (X.XX =  $\pm 0.25$ )

**Output Voltage Adjustment**

The Trim input permits the user to adjust the output voltage up or down according to the trim range specification (90% to 110% of nominal output). This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the +Vout and +Sense pin for trim up and between the TRIM and -Sense pin for trim down, see figure:



The Trim pin should be left open if trimming is not being used. The output voltage can be determined by the following equations:

$$V_f = \frac{1.24 \times \left( \frac{R_t \times 33}{R_t + 33} \right)}{7.68 + \frac{R_t \times 33}{R_t + 33}}$$

Recommended Value of  $R_t$  is 6.8k $\Omega$ , therefore  $V_f = 0.525$

$$V_{out} = (V_{nom} + R_v) \times V_f$$

$$R_v = \frac{V_{out}}{V_f} - V_{nom}$$

Examples:

1. To trim 12 V unit up by 10%

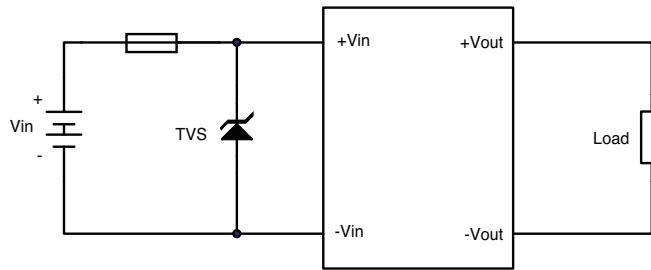
$$R_v = \frac{13.2}{0.525} - 12 = 13.145\text{k}\Omega$$

2. To trim 24 V unit down by 10%

$$R_v = \frac{19.2}{0.525} - 24 = 17.14\text{k}\Omega$$

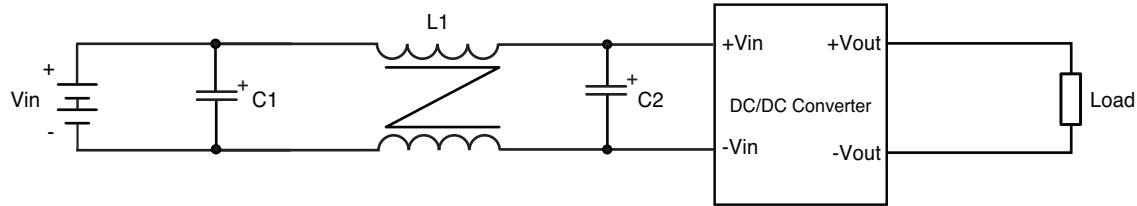
## Input Fusing and Safety Considerations

The QSB300 series converters have no internal fuse. In order to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. We recommended a 60 A time delay fuse for 24 Vin models and 30A for 48Vin models. It is recommended that the circuit have a transient voltage suppressor diode (TVS), Type SMCJ78A 1500 W or above) across the input terminal to protect the unit against surge or spike voltage and input reverse voltage (as shown).



## EMC Considerations

### Suggested Circuits for Conducted EMI Class A



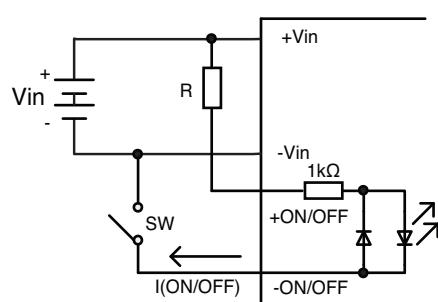
C1	C2	L1
220uF/100V	220uF/100V	1.5mH, Core: SM CM20 x 12 x 10

### Remote ON/OFF Control

The converter's output ON/OFF function can be controlled via Pin 2, Remote ON/OFF

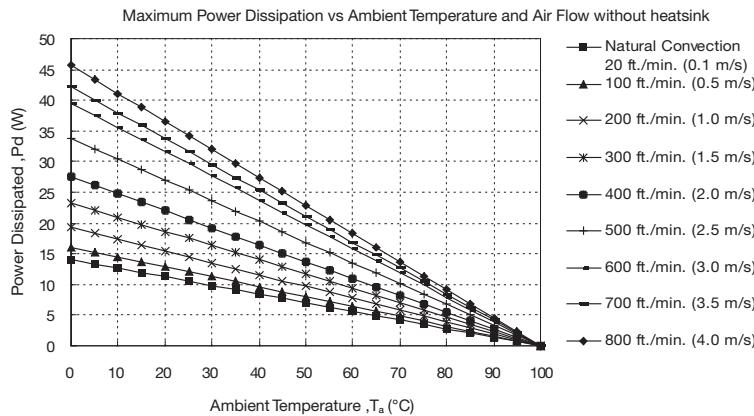
Output voltage turns off when current flows through ON/OFF pins by opening or closing the switch. The maximum current through the ON/OFF pin is 10mA, and is determined by current limit resistor R.

Recommended value for R is 15k (0.25W) for 24 Vin and 30k (0.5W) for 48Vin



## Thermal Resistance Information

## Derating Curve



Air Flow Rate	Typical R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20 ft. / min (0.1 ms)	7.12 °C/W
100 ft./min (0.5 ms)	6.21 °C/W
200 ft./min (1.0 ms)	5.17 °C/W
300 ft./min (1.5 ms)	4.29 °C/W
400 ft./min (2.0 ms)	3.64 °C/W
500 ft./min (2.5 ms)	2.96 °C/W
600 ft./min (3.0 ms)	2.53 °C/W
700 ft./min (3.5 ms)	2.37 °C/W
800 ft./min (4.0 ms)	2.19 °C/W

R<sub>ca</sub> = Thermal resistance from case to ambient

## Example

Airflow required for QSB30048S05 at 45A output current and 35°C ambient

## 1. Calculate power dissipated

$$= [\text{Power in} - \text{Power out}] = [(5V * 45A) / 90\% \text{ efficiency} - 5V * 45A] = 25 \text{ W}$$

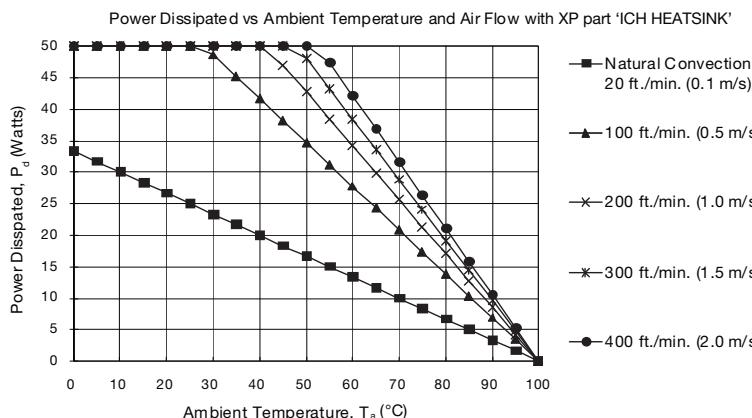
## 2. Use de-rating curve to establish airflow

Using 25 W dissipated power and 35 °C ambient, airflow is 600 ft/min (3.0 m/s)

3. Use table to establish typical thermal resistance R<sub>ca</sub>  
Airflow of 600ft/min gives typical R<sub>ca</sub> of 2.53 °C/W

4. Check that airflow is adequate to limit case temperature to 100 °C maximum

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case temperature} &= \text{Temperature rise} + \text{Ambient temperature} \\ \text{Temperature rise} &= \text{Power dissipated} * \text{Typical thermal resistance R}_c \\ &= 25 \text{ W} * 2.53 \text{ °C/W} = 63.25 \text{ °C} \\ \text{Case temperature} &= 63.25 \text{ °C} + 35 \text{ °C} = 98.25 \text{ °C i.e. } < 100 \text{ °C} \end{aligned}$$



Air Flow Rate	Typical R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20 ft. / min (0.1 ms)	3.00 °C/W
100 ft./min (0.5 ms)	1.44 °C/W
200 ft./min (1.0 ms)	1.17 °C/W
300 ft./min (1.5 ms)	1.04 °C/W
400 ft./min (2.0 ms)	0.95 °C/W

## Example

Airflow required for QSB30048S12 at 20A output current and 65 °C ambient

## 1. Calculate power dissipated

$$= [\text{Power in} - \text{Power out}] = [(12V * 20A) / 90\% \text{ efficiency} - 12V * 20A] = 26.27 \text{ W}$$

## 2. Use de-rating curve to establish airflow

Using 26.27 W dissipated power and 65 °C ambient, airflow is 200 ft/min (1.0 m/s)

3. Use table to establish typical thermal resistance R<sub>ca</sub>  
Airflow if 200 ft/min gives typical R<sub>ca</sub> of 1.17 °C/W

4. Check that airflow is adequate to limit case temperature to 100 °C maximum

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case temperature} &= \text{Temperature rise} + \text{Ambient temperature} \\ \text{Temperature rise} &= \text{Power dissipated} * \text{Typical thermal resistance R}_c \\ &= 26.67 \text{ W} * 1.17 \text{ °C/W} = 31.2 \text{ °C} \\ \text{Case temperature} &= 31.2 \text{ °C} + 65 \text{ °C} = 96.2 \text{ °C i.e. } < 100 \text{ °C} \end{aligned}$$