

FEATURES

- 46 Watts for Mobile Access Router to IP/Networks
- PC/104-Plus compatible/stackable, powering Cisco system cards
- 9 to 32V input range, supporting both 12V and 24V vehicle batteries
- Reverse input voltage protection
- Automotive transient protection
- Efficiency to 92.5% @ full load
- No derating to +85°C, 100 lfm
- Independently regulated +3.3V, +5.1V and +12V outputs
- Power up/down sequencing
- Low 25mVp-p ripple/noise
- Power good LED and external signal
- Compact 3.775" × 3.55" × 0.6" package, standard PC/104-*plus* pinout
- Stable no-load condition
- Thermal shutdown with warning
- Fully I/O protected
- UL/IEC/EN60950-1 certification pending

MAPC-104 PC/104-Plus Series



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Murata Power Solutions' MAPC-104 non-isolated, triple output DC/DC converter is designed to power the Cisco 3200 Mobile Access Router and is compliant to PC/104-Plus specifications. The equipment ideally suites integration into public safety, defense, homeland security and commercial transportation vehicles, whether on land, in water or air, and is employed for powering secure data, voice and video communications across multiple wireless networks.

The MAPC-104 is a high performance, compact and rugged power supply which operates in the harshest conditions, withstanding input transient voltages according to SAE J1455 and J1211. It converts the vehicle's standard battery voltage of 12V or 24V (VIN range from 9 to 32 Volts) to three fully regulated outputs of 3.3V @ 6A, 5.1V @ 6.3A and 12V @ 100mA up to a total output power of 46 Watts. Taking full advantage of a synchronous-rectifier, buck/boost topology, MAPC-104's boast outstanding efficiency of up to 92.5%, enabling full-power operation to ambient temperatures as high as +85°C with 100 lfm air flow.

The compact 3.775" x 3.55" x 0.60" (95.9 x 90.2 x 15.2mm) open frame, triple output DC/DC power card is mechanically and electrically compliant to PC/104-plus specifications. Operating with the Cisco designed system cards, the MAPC-104 is considered part of the host, which requires the 3.3V (but no -5V/-12V) supply provided.

Assembled using fully automated, SMT-on-pcb techniques, MAPC-104s provide stable no-load operation, excellent line and load regulation (±1% max.), quick step response (200µsec), and low output ripple/noise (25mVp-p).

All devices feature full I/O fault protection including: input overvoltage and undervoltage shutdown, power up/down sequencing, output overvoltage, output current limiting, short-circuit protection, power good (LED indicator and external signal), overtemperature warning and thermal shutdown.

All models are certified to IEC/EN/UL60950-1 safety standards. Selected models include RoHS compliance.

Performance Specifications[®]

	Output				Input								
Model	Vout	lout (A	Amps)	R/N (m	Vp-p) ②	Regulatio	n (Max.) ③	Vin (\	/olts)	lin ④	Effic	iency	Package/
MAPC-104	(Volts)	Nom.	Max.	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load	Nom.	Range	(mA/A)	Min.	Тур.	Pinout
Output 1	3.3	5	6	25	35	±1%	±1%	12	9-32	35/4	91%	92.5%	C46
Output 2	5.1	5.46	6.3	25	50	±1%	±1%						See pages 2, 3
Output 3	12	0.07	0.1	20	35	±1%	±1%	24	9-32	35/4	89.5%	91%	for Pinout

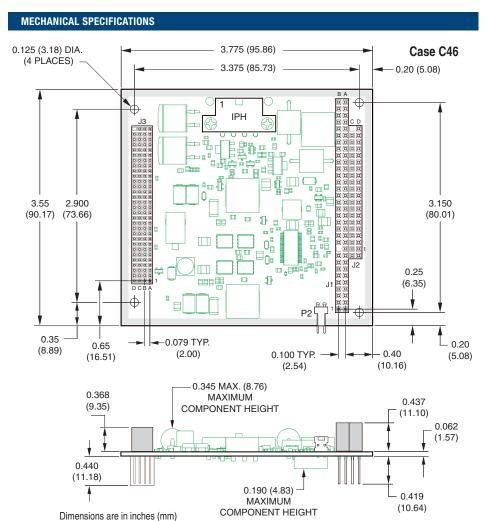
- $\textcircled{1} \quad \text{Typical at TA} = +25 ^{\circ} \texttt{C} \text{ under nominal line voltage and nominal-load conditions, unless noted.}$
- ② Ripple/Noise (R/N) is tested/specified over a 20MHz bandwidth. All models are specified with an external 0.1µF multi-layer ceramic capacitor installed across each output pin.
- ③ Devices have no minimum-load requirements and will regulate under no-load conditions. Regulation specifications describe the output-voltage deviation as the line voltage or load is varied from its midpoint value to either extreme.
- 4 Nominal line voltage, no-load/full-load conditions.

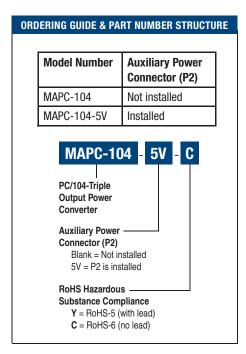


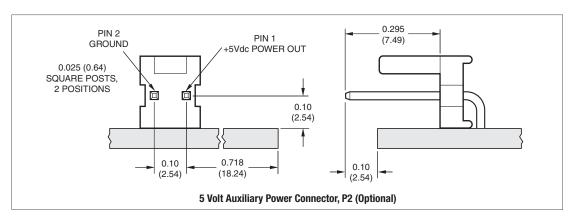




Non-Isolated, DC/DC Converters 3.3, 5.1 & 12.4, 46W Mobile Applications







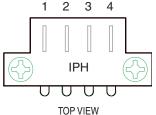


Figure 1. MAPC-104 Input Power Head

	IPH Mating connector: Molex 5557 (39-01-4040)						
Pin	Assignment	Functional Description					
1	OT_Warn Out	Overtemperature Warning					
2	Pwr_LED_Drive Out	External Power Good LED Driver					
3	VIN-	Input Ground					
4	VIN+	Positive Input					



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Figure 2. MAPC-104 (PC/104-plus) Bus Signal Assignments

J3/P3					
Pin	Α	В	С	D	
1	GND ②	Reserved	+5.1V	AD00	
2	VI/O	AD02	AD01	+5.1V	
3	AD05	GND	AD04	AD03	
4	C/BE0*	AD07	GND	AD06	
5	GND	AD09	AD08	GND	
6	AD11	VI/O	AD10	M66EN	
7	AD14	AD13	GND	AD12	
8	+3.3V	C/BE1*	AD15	+3.3V	
9	SERR*	GND	SB0*	PAR	
10	GND	PERR*	+3.3V	SDONE	
11	STOP*	+3.3V	LOCK*	GND	
12	+3.3V	TRDY*	GND	DEVSEL*	
13	FRAME*	GND	IRDY*	+3.3V	
14	GND	AD16	+3.3V	C/BE2*	
15	AD18	+3.3V	AD17	GND	
16	AD21	AD20	GND	AD19	
17	+3.3V	AD23	AD22	+3.3V	
18	IDSEL0	GND	IDSEL1	IDSEL2	
19	AD24	C/BE3*	VI/O	IDSEL3	
20	GND	AD26	AD25	GND	
21	AD29	+5.1V	AD28	AD27	
22	+5.1V	AD30	GND	AD31	
23	REQ0*	GND	REQ1*	VI/O	
24	GND	REQ2*	+5.1V	GNT0*	
25	GNT1*	VI/O	GNT2*	GND	
26	+5.1V	CLK0	GND	CLK1	
27	CLK2	+5.1V	CLK3	GND	
28	GND	INTD*	+5.1V	RST*	
29	+12V	INTA*	INTB*	INTC*	
30	NA (-12V) 3	Reserved	Reserved	3.3V KEY @	

① The shaded area denotes power or ground signals.

J3/P3, pin A1 is electrically connected to GND for shielding

J3/P3, pin D30 is removed and the female side is plugged for 3.3V I/O

J2/P2, pin C19 is keyed, pin is removed and the female side is plugged

J1/P1, pin B10 is keyed, pin is removed and the female side is plugged

3 J3/P3, pin A30 and J1/P1, pins B5 and B7 are not used. Pin assignments for -5V and -12V are for reference only.

Figure 3. MAPC-104 (PC/104-Reference) Bus Signal Assignments

				J1/P1	
			Pin	Α	В
			1	IOCHCK*	GND
			2	D7	RSTDRV
			3	D6	+5.1V
			4	D5	IRQ9
			5	D4	NA (-5V) 3
			6	D3	DRQ2
	J2/P2		7	D2	NA (-12V) ③
Pin	D	С	8	D1	ENDXFR*
0	GND	GND	9	D0	+12V
1	MEMCS16*	SBHE*	10	IOCHRDY	KEY @
2	IOCS16*	LA23	11	AEN	SMEMW*
3	IRQ10	LA22	12	A19	SMEMR*
4	IRQ11	LS21	13	A18	IOW*
5	IRQ12	LS20	14	A17	IOR*
6	IRQ15	LS19	15	A16	DACK3*
7	IRQ14	LA18	16	A15	DRQ3
8	DACK0*	LA17	17	A14	DACK1*
9	DRQ0	MEMR*	18	A13	DRQ1
10	DACK5*	MEMW*	19	A12	REFRESH*
11	DRQ5	SD8	20	A11	SYSCLK
12	DACK6*	SD9	21	A10	IRQ7
13	DRQ6	SD10	22	A9	IRQ6
14	DACK7*	SD11	23	A8	IRQ5
15	DRQ7	SD12	24	A7	IRQ4
16	+5.1V	SD13	25	A6	IRQ3
17	MASTER*	SD14	26	A5	DACK2*
18	GND	SD15	27	A4	TC
19	GND	KEY @	28	A3	BALE
			29	A2	+5.1V
			30	A1	OSC
			31	A0	GND
			32	GND	GND

Auxiliary 5V Power Connector, P2

Specifications (typical unless noted)

Power Output® +5 Vdc at 1 Amp maximum **Power Characteristics** See MAPC-104 Specifications **P2 Header Type** AMP/Tyco Electronics 640455-2

Contact Dimensions Two 0.025" square posts, 0.3" long, 0.10"

spacing on centers. See drawings.

Contact Material Tin plating over copper alloy

Contact Assembly Force 3 lbs. (13N)

Mating Connector2 Single-row, 2-position IDC on 0.10" spacing **Environmental** Compatible with host MAPC-104 system

- ① The contacts are rated at 5 Amps 250Vac. However, whatever current is drawn must be summed with current powering the PC-104 system.
- ② A suggested mating connector is AMP/Tyco Electronics MTA-100 Series, part number 647000-2. See also the CST-100 Series.

For the MAPC-104-5V model version, spare +5 Vdc power may be taken from the P2 connector which is adjacent to the pin 1 end of the J1 connector (see drawings). Be aware that this power is generated on the MAPC-104 and therefore is in addition to whatever 5V current is used by the host PC-104 system. All power characteristics (regulation, tempco, ripple, etc.) are derived from the MAPC-104.

² The KEY pins are to guarantee proper module installation:



Non-Isolated, DC/DC Converters 3.3, 5.1 & 12.4, 46W Mobile Applications

Performance/Functional Specifications

	Input				
nput Voltage Range	9–32 Volts (12V or 24V battery)				
Fransient Voltage Protection	125V/100ms (30kVA)				
	32–36 Volts (34V typical)				
Overvoltage Shutdown	48V/5 minutes				
Overvoltage Protection					
Start-Up Threshold ②	9–10 Volts (9.4V typical)				
Undervoltage Shutdown ②	7–9 Volts (8.2V typical)				
Input Current	See Performance Specifications				
Input Reflected Ripple Current ③	45mVp-p				
Internal Filter Type	Pi				
Reverse-Polarity Protection	Yes (external fuse mandatory)				
0	Output				
Minimum Loading Per Output	No load				
Maximum Capacitive Load	2000μF (+3.3V)				
	1000μF (+5.1V)				
M. A	500μF (+12V)				
Vout Accuracy (50% load)	±3% maximum				
Temperature Coefficient	±0.02%/°C				
Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW)	See Performance Specifications				
Line/Load Regulation	See Performance Specifications				
Efficiency	See Performance Specifications				
Current Limit Inception ④	7-9 Amps (+3.3V)				
(97% Vou⊤, each other output @ 0 Amps	8.5-11 Amps (+5.1V) 0.2-0.5 Amps (+12V)				
· '	1 1 /				
Short Circuit Current (Zener)	2.65 Amps (+3.3V) 3.24 Amps (+5.1V)				
(201101)	0.12 Amps (+12V)				
Overvoltage Protection ^⑨	3.9V (+3.3V)				
.	6V (+5.1V)				
	13V (+12V)				
Power Good	See Tech Notes				
within 7-10% of Vout	(LED and external Signal)				
Dynamic (Characteristics				
Dynamic Load Response (50-100% step to within 1% of Vout)	200µsec (+3.3V & +5.1V) 100µsec (+12V)				
Power-up Sequencing ®	2-6msec				
(5.1V power-down before 3.3V)					
Power-down Sequencing ②	1-4msec				
(5.1V power-down before 3.3V)					
Switching Frequency	320 kHz (+3.3V & +5.1V)				
	1120 kHz (+12V				
Envir	ronmental				
Calculated MTBF ⑦	3,129,938 hours				
Operating Ambient Temperature ® With 100 Ifm Air Flow, no derating	-40 to +85°C				
Board Temperature	-40 to +105°C				
Thermal Shutdown	+112°C to 118°C				
Thermal Shutdown Warning	27 to 33 seconds				
2nd Level Thermal Shutdown	+122 to +128°C				
Storage Temperature	-40 to +105°C				
Pl	hysical				
Dimensions	See Mechanical Specifications				
Connector and Pin Material	According to PC/104-plus Spec				
Connector and Fin Material					
Weight	3.6 ounces (102 grams)				

- ① All models are tested and specified with a single, external, 0.1µF, multi-layer ceramic output capacitor on each output and no external input capacitors, unless otherwise noted. All models will effectively regulate under no-load conditions (with perhaps a slight increase in output ripple/noise).
- ② See Technical Notes/Performance Curves for additional explanations and details.
- Input Ripple Current is tested/specified over a 5-20MHz bandwidth with an external 33µF input capacitor and a simulated source impedance of 220µF and 12µH. See I/O Filtering, Input Ripple Current and Output Noise for details.
- The Current-Limit-Inception point is the output current level at which the converter's power-limiting circuitry drops the output voltage 3% from its initial value. See Output Current Limiting and Short-Circuit Protection for more details.
- © See Dynamic Load Response for detailed results including switching frequencies.
- ® For Start-Up-Time specifications, output settling time is defined as the output voltage having reached ±1% of its final value and the load current having reached at least 80% of its final value.
- MTBF is calculated using TELCORDIA SR-332 Method 1 Case 3, Issue 1, ground fixed, +30°C ambient air and full-load conditions.
- All models are fully operational and meet all published specifications, including "cold start,"
 at -40°C.
- The highly unlikely, simultaneous failure of several specific on-board components could result in the MAPC-104's input voltage appearing at its output, despite the unit's output overvoltage protection mechanisms. In this rare situation, the Power Good signal (IPH pin 2, Pwr_LED_Drive) will be deactivated and systems monitoring Power Good will eventually shut down. If you are using an MAPC-104 to power a load that must be protected against any and all possible overvoltages, no matter how rare, you will have to provide the protection external to the MAPC-104. Please contact MPS for recommendations.

Absolute Maximum Ratings Input Voltage: Continuous 36 Volts Up to 5 minutes maximum 48 Volts Transient 125V (30kVA) Input Reverse-Polarity Protection External fuse mandatory **Output Current** Current limited. Devices can withstand sustained output short circuit. These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/ Functional Specifications Table is not implied.

Connector Designations

The official PC/104 bus specification identifies the standard interboard bus connections as paired J1/P1 and J2/P2 on one side and J3/P3 on the other side. However, J1/P1/J2/P2 is physically all one big 4-row connector with J1/J2 bus receptacle sockets (female) on the top side and P1/P2 pins (male) on the bottom. This arrangement provides interboard pass-through connections between PC/104 boards. MPS refers to this single connector as "J1."

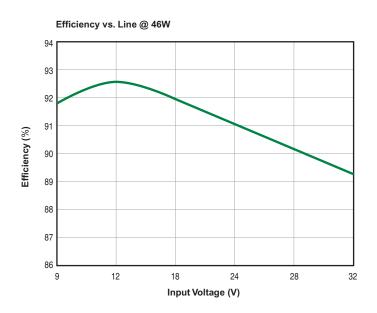
MPS's auxiliary connectors (the IPH and the 5V Auxilliary Power Connector) are internally designated P1 and P2 respectively and this nomenclature may appear on the board silkscreening. This is purely an artifact of automated sequential part numbering in our CAD system and has no relation to the standard PC/104 interboard bus connectors. Don't get the connectors confused since they are all very different types and locations!

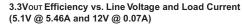
Non-isolated

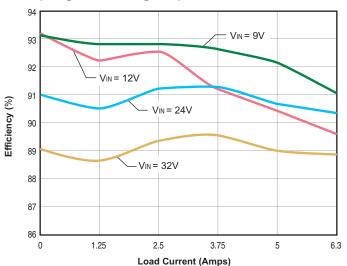
Insulation Level

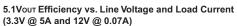
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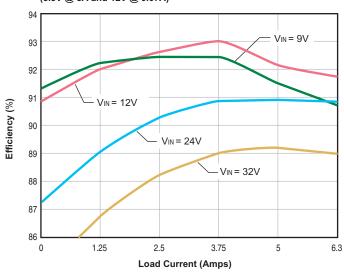
Typical Performance Curves



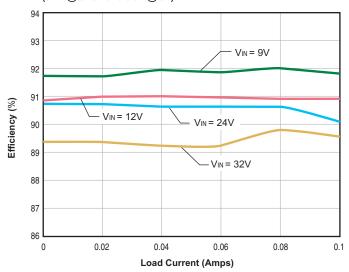








12Vout Efficiency vs. Line Voltage and Load Current (5.1V @ 5.46A and 3.3V @ 5A)

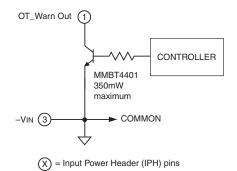


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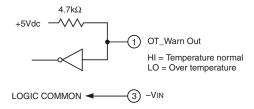
Self-Protection Features

The MAPC-104 contains two systems for protection of out-of-limit voltages, currents and temperature. These systems control two output lines located on the Input Power Header connector. Both systems operate independently and concurrently. The MAPC-104 will respond to both temperature and voltage/current simultaneously.

The output circuits for both these controls are shown below. Both of them will drive either an external LED lamp and/or a logic circuit. The Overtemperature Warning Circuit assumes that an external pullup resistor is supplied by the user. The Power Good Circuit ("Pwr_LED_Drive Out") includes an on-board pullup resistor to drive an external LED with about 15mA.



Typical External Logic Wiring



Typical OT Warning External LED Lamp Wiring

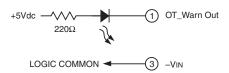


Figure 1. Overtemperature Warning Circuit

The transistors in these outputs are either on (typically less than 0.4 Volts out) or off (high impedance state). Depending on how the user wires the external circuit, these indicators have the following sense:

OT_Warn Out (pin 1):

HI (transistor off) = Temperature is normal

L0 (transistor on) = Over temperature condition

Pwr_LED_Drive Out (pin 2, pullup to internal +5V):

HI (transistor off) = Power is normal. LED lamp is illuminated.

LO (transistor on) = Power fault, LED lamp is dark

Overtemperature Operation

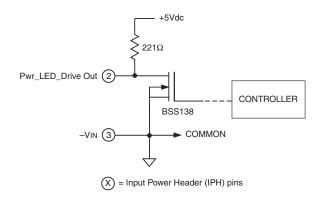
The overtemperature system includes a on-board temperature sensor, a local microcontroller with A/D inputs, a timer and hysteresis so that the user may take steps to prevent inadvertant shut down. Operation proceeds as follows: If the on-board temperature exceeds +115°C, the OT_Warn Output is asserted (LO) by the microcontroller and an internal 30 second software timer is started. The outputs remain powered on.

If the 30-second timer has not expired and the on-board temperature cools below +110°C, the OT_Warn Output will be deasserted (HI) and operation will continue unchanged.

If the 30-second timer has expired and the temperature still exceeds $+115^{\circ}$ C, the outputs will shut down. As soon as the on-board temperature cools to less than $+110^{\circ}$ C, the MAPC-104 will automatically restart and power will be restored to the outputs.

The 5 degree hysteresis between 110 and 115°C prevents rapid cycling of the OT_Warn Output.

If the on-board temperature reaches $+125^{\circ}$ C, the outputs will shut down, regardless of the state of the 30-second timer. The temperature must cool to less than $+110^{\circ}$ C for auto restart.



Typical Power Good External LED Lamp Wiring

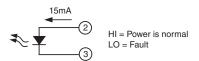


Figure 2. Overtemperature Warning Circuit



Non-Isolated, DC/DC Converters 3.3, 5.1 & 12.4, 46W Mobile Applications

Power Good Operation

Local power is measured by several circuits shared with the overtemperature system. The Pwr_LED_Drive Output is indirectly controlled by the on-board microcontroller. The on-board PWM switching controller measures +3.3V and +5V output voltages and all output currents. The microcontroller measures input voltage and the +12V output voltage. The system requires that the input voltage is within normal tolerances at all times. If the input voltage is too high very briefly at startup (but not exceeding the absolute input voltage), the system will start normally if the input voltage reaches acceptable limits quickly (under half a second). This typically occurs as a load is applied.

When the system first starts, the Power Good LED (if installed) remains dark briefly until all on-board startup conditions are met (less than half a second) at which point the LED is illuminated. The operation proceeds as follows:

If the outputs on any lines deviate from approximately $\pm 7\%$ of nominal and/or the output current is excessive, the outputs are all shut down and the Pwr_LED_Drive Output is desasserted (LO, lamp dark). The system will attempt to restart in about half a second by briefly turning on all outputs. If successful and the fault is eliminated, the Pwr_LED_Drive Output will be asserted (HI, lamp lit) and operation continues.

If the fault condition remains, the system will attempt to restart two more times, spaced about half a second apart. If the fault remains for the third time, the system will shut down and will not retest the fault. The system must now be restored by fully cycling the input power.

The 3-fault countdown only occurs if the fault does not recover continuously throughout the attempted restart interval. An occasional random shutdown and successful restart will not trigger the 3-fault counter. However, external logic should record the frequency and quantity of such shutdowns.

RoHS-5 compliance refers to the exclusion of the six hazardous substances in the RoHS specification with the exception of lead. MPS's RoHS-5 products use all the conforming RoHS materials, however our solders are Sn63/Pb37.



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy:

Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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