



Electrical life: Min. 2 × 10⁵ 1a 10A, 1a1b 8A small polarized power relays

DY RELAYS (ADY)



FEATURES

- 1. Compact size: 1 Form A (10A 250V AC), 1 Form A 1 Form B (8A 250V AC)
- 2. Latching types available
- 3. Compliant with IEC EN61010-1.
 Reinforced insulation with 6 mm
 distance between input and output.
- 4. Electrical life of Min. 2×10^5 times (1 Form A type) realized with inductive load ($cos\phi$ =0.4, L/R=7ms, 5A 250V AC)
- 5. Sockets are available.

	Part No.	
1 Form A	Single side stable type	DK1a-PS
	2 coil latching type	DK1a-PSL2
1 Form A 1 Form B	Single side stable type	DK2a-PS
	2 coil latching type	DK2a-PSL2

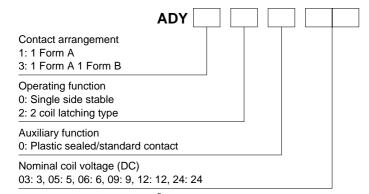
Please see "DK relay socket" for details.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Control for industrial machines (machine tools, robotics)
- 2. Output relays for temperature controllers, PLCs, timers, sensors.
- 3. Measuring equipment
- 4. Security equipment

RoHS compliant

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: Certified by UL, CSA and TÜV

TYPES

Contact	Nominal coil	Single side stable	2 coil latching
arrangement	voltage	Part No.	Part No.
	3V DC	ADY10003	ADY12003
	5V DC	ADY10005	ADY12005
1 Form A	6V DC	ADY10006	ADY12006
	12V DC	ADY10012	ADY12012
	24V DC	ADY10024	ADY12024
	3V DC	ADY30003	ADY32003
	5V DC	ADY30005	ADY32005
1 Form A 1 Form B	6V DC	ADY30006	ADY32006
	12V DC	ADY30012	ADY32012
	24V DC	ADY30024	ADY32024

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

^{*} For sockets, see page 140.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	70%V or less of		66.6mA	45Ω	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC		70%V or less of 10%V or more of nominal voltage	40mA	125Ω		
6V DC	nominal voltage		33.3mA	180Ω		
12V DC	(Initial)	(Initial) (Initial)	16.6mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2 880Q		

2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	3.		Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F) Nominal operacurrent (±10%] (at 20°C		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)		66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC		70%V or less of 70%V or less of	40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC		nominal voltage	33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
12V DC		(Initial) (Initial)	16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications			
	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)			
	Contact material		Au-flashed A	gSnO₂ type		
	Naminal avvitahina	Resistive load	10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC	8A 250V AC, 8A 30V DC		
	Nominal switching capacity	Inductive load $(\cos \phi = 0.4, L/R = 7ms)$	5A 250V AC	3.5A 250V AC		
	Max. switching	Resistive load	2,500V A, 300W	2,000V A, 240W		
Rating	capacity (Reference value)	Inductive load $(\cos \phi = 0.4, L/R = 7ms)$	1,250V A	875V A		
	Max. switching voltage	ge	380V AC,	125V DC		
	Max. switching curre	nt	10 A	8 A		
	Min. switching capac	city (Reference value)*1	5V 10	DmA		
	Nominal operating power		200 mW			
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section			
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)			
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)			
Electrical characteristics	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Initial)	Between contact and coil	10,000 V			
Characteristics	Temperature rise (coil) (at70°C 158°F)		Max. 40°C (By resistive method, nominal volta	ge applied to the coil; max. switching current)		
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage appli	ed to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)			Max. 8 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)		
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)			
Mechanical	Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave p	oulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
characteristics	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of	of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)		
	VIDIALIOIT TESISLATICE	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm			
	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)			
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 2×10 ⁵ : 1 Form A inductive load (at 20 times/min.) (at rated load); Min. 10 ⁵ : 1 Form A resistive load,1 Form A 1 Form B resistive load,1 Form A 1 Form B inductive load (at 20 times/min.) (at rated load)			
Conditions	Conditions for opera	tion, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
	Max. operating spee	d (at rated load)	20 times/min.			
Unit weight			Approx. 6	6g .21oz		

Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

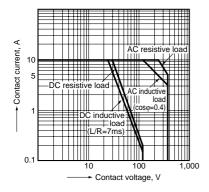
^{*2.} Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50 \mu s$ according to JEC-212-1981

^{*3.} The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

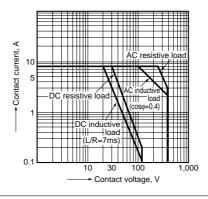
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). Maximum switching capacity (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024

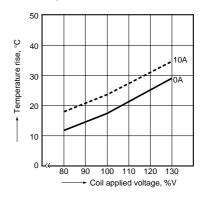


1-(2). Maximum switching capacity (1 Form A 1 Form B) Tested sample: ADY30024



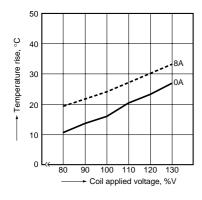
2-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024, 6 pcs. Ambient temperature: 20°C, 68°F



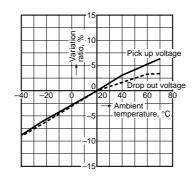
2-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY30024, 6 pcs. Ambient temperature: 20°C, 68°F



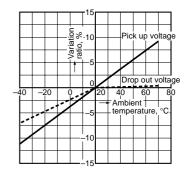
3-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024, 6 pcs. Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F



3-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY30024, 6 pcs. Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F



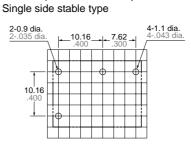
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e

PC board pattern

(BOTTOM VIEW)



Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW)

Single side stable



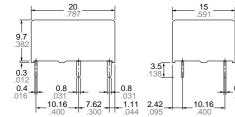
(Deenergized condition)



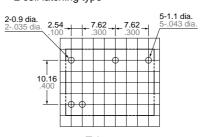
CAD Data

1.1 Form A type

External dimensions Single side stable type



2 coil latching type



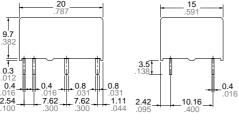
2 coil latching type



(Reset condition)

Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

2 coil latching type



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

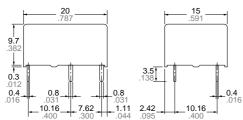
2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type

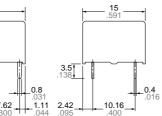
CAD Data

External dimensions

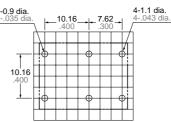
Single side stable type



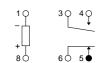




PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW) Single side stable type

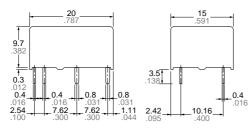


Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) Single side stable



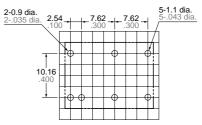
(Deenergized condition)

2 coil latching type



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

2 coil latching type



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

2 coil latching type



(Reset condition)

Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
item	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/ ₃ HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	B 04 06 13461 038	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC (0ms)
1 Form A 1 Form B	E43028	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	B 04 06 13461 038	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 8A 30V DC (0ms)

NOTES

1. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:

250°C 482°F within 10s 300°C 572°F within 5s 350°C 662°F within 3s

Soldering depth: 2/3 terminal pitch

2. External magnetic field

Since DY relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

3. When using, please be aware that the A contact and B contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

For Cautions for Use.



Panasonic ideas for life

ACCESSORIES

DY RELAY SOCKET



FEATURES

DY relay sockets that can be used also for DK relay.

TYPES

	Туре	Part No.	
	1 Form A	Single side stable	DK1a-PS
		2 coil latching	DK1a-PSL2
	1 Form A 1 Form B	Single side stable	DK2a-PS
	I FOIIII A I FOIIII B	2 coil latching	DK2a-PSL2

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs

RoHS compliant

RELAY COMPATIBILITY

	Socket	1 Fo	rm A	1 Form A 1 Form B		
Relay		Single side stable type	2 coil latching type	Single side stable type	2 coil latching type	
1 Form A	Single side stable type	•	•	_	_	
I FOIIII A	2 coil latching type	_	•	_	_	
1 Form A 1 Form B	Single side stable type	_	_	•	•	
T FOITH A T FOITH B	2 coil latching type	_	_	_	•	

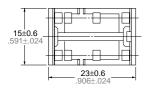
SPECIFICATIONS

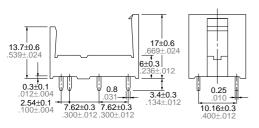
Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage	4,000 Vrms (Detection current: 10 mA) (Except the portion between coil terminals)
Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000 mΩ (at 500 V DC)
Heat resistance	150°C (for 1 hour)
Max. continuous current	10 A (DK1a-PS, DK1a-PSL2), 8 A (DK2a-PS, DK2a-PSL2)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e

CAD Data External dimensions



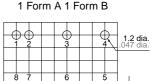


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A

1.2 dia.
047 dia.

6 5 2.54 100



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 5 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 7 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

FIXING AND REMOVAL METHOD

1. Match the direction of relay and socket.



2. Both ends of the relay are to be secured firmly so that the socket hooks on the top surface of the relay.

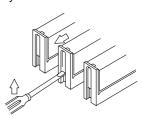




3. Remove the relay, applying force in the direction shown below.



4. In case there is not enough space to grasp relay with fingers, use screwdrivers in the way shown below.



Notes: 1. Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur.

2. It is hazardous to use IC chip sockets.