

EKI-2548I

**8-port 10/100TX Managed
Ethernet Switch with Wide
Operating Temperature**

User Manual

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CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

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This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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- Step 2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Safety Instructions

1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
2. Keep this User's Manual for later reference.
3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. **DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.**
8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient over voltage.
12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
15. **DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -40°C (-40°F) OR ABOVE 85°C (185°F). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.**

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Overview

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Packing List
- Safety Precaution

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

To create reliability in your network, the EKI-2548I comes equipped with a proprietary redundant network protocol—X-Ring that was developed by Advantech, which provides users with an easy way to establish a redundant Ethernet network with ultra high-speed recovery time less than 10 ms.

1.1.1 High-Speed Transmissions

The EKI-2548I includes a switch controller that can automatically sense transmission speeds (10/100 Mbps). The RJ-45 interface can also be auto-detected, so MDI or MDI-X is automatically selected and a crossover cable is not required. All Ethernet ports have memory buffers that support the store-and-forward mechanism. This assures that data is properly transmitted.

1.1.2 Dual Power Inputs

To reduce the risk of power failure, EKI-2548I provides +12 ~ 48 V_{DC} or 24 V_{AC} (18 ~ 30 V_{AC}) dual power inputs. If there is power failure, EKI-2548I will automatically switch to the secondary power input.

1.1.3 Flexible Mounting

EKI-2548I is compact and can be mounted on a DIN-rail or panel, so it is suitable for any space-constrained environment.

1.1.4 Wide Operating Temperature

The operating temperature of the EKI-2548I is between -40 ~ 75°C. With such a wide range, you can use the EKI-2548I in some of the harshest industrial environments that exist.

1.1.5 Easy Troubleshooting

LED indicators which make troubleshooting quick and easy help you diagnose the system immediately.

1.2 Features

- Provides 8 x 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports with RJ45 connector
- Redundancy: X-Ring, Dual Homing, Couple Ring, IEEE802.1d STP & IEEE802.1w RSTP
- Management: Web, TFTP, SNMP
- Traffic Control: IGMP Snooping, Query for multicast group management, Rate limit and storm control
- Security: IP Access Security
- Diagnostics: Port Mirroring, STMP, SNMP Trap, E-mail Alert, System log
- Dual 12 ~ 48 V_{DC} /24V_{AC} power inputs and 1 Relay Output
- Supports operating temperatures from -40 ~ 75°C
- Robust mechanism and special heat spreader design

1.3 Specifications

Communications

Standard	IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x IEEE 802.1d, 802.1p, 802.1Q, 802.1w
LAN	10/100Base-TX
Transmission Distance	Up to 100m (4-wire Cat.5e, Cat.6 RJ-45 cable suggested)
Transmission Speed	Up to 100Mbps

Interface

Connectors	8 x RJ-45 6-pin terminal block (Power & Relay)
LED Indicators	System: PWR1, PWR2, R.M., P-Fail Copper: Link/Activity, Speed

Network Management

Configuration	Web browser, SNMP v1/v2c
VLAN	IEEE 802.1Q, Port-based VLAN
Redundancy	ADVANTECH X-Ring (Recovery time < 10ms), Dual Homing, Couple Ring, and 802.1w/d RSTP/STP
Security	IP Access Security
Traffic Control	IGMP Snooping/Query for multicast group management, Rate limit and storm control
Diagnostics	Port Mirroring, SNTF, System log, E-Mail Alert, SNMP Trap, RMON

Power

Power Consumption	7.6 Watts max. @ 48 V _{DC} 6.3 Watts max. @ 24 V _{AC} / 60Hz
Power Input	2 x Unregulated +12 ~ 48 VDC, 24VAC (18~30V)
Relay Output	1 Relay alarm output

Mechanism

Dimensions (WxHxD)	59.6 x 152 x 105 mm
Enclosure	IP30, metal shell with solid mounting kits
Mounting	DIN-rail, wall-mount

Environment

Operating Temperature	-40 ~ 75°C
Operating Humidity	-40 ~ 60°C (non-air-flow environment)
Storage Temperature	5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
Storage Humidity	-40 ~ 85°C
	5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

Certifications

Safety	UL 508
Hazardous Location	UL/cUL Class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C and D
EMC	FCC Class A, CE EN61000-6-4 CE EN61000-6-2 CE EN61000-4-2 (ESD) CE EN61000-4-3 (RS) CE EN61000-4-4 (EFT) CE EN61000-4-5 (Surge) CE EN61000-4-6 (CS) CE EN61000-4-8 (Magnetic Field) CE EN61000-4-11 (Voltage DIP) CE EN61000-3-2 (Harmonics Current) CE EN61000-3-3 (Voltage Fluctuation & Flickers)
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6

1.4 Packing List

- 1 x EKI-2548I Industrial Managed Fast Ethernet Switch
- 1 x eAutomation Industrial Communication CD-ROM and User manual
- 2 x Wall Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x DIN-rail Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x DC Jack Cable φ 2.0/150mm
- 1 x EKI-2548I Startup Manual

1.5 Safety Precaution

Attention *IF DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please use a protection device on the power supply input.*

Installation

Sections include:

- LED Indicators
- DIP Switch
- Reset Button
- Dimensions
- Mounting
- Power Connection

Chapter 2 Installation

In this chapter, you will be given an overview of the EKI-2548I hardware installation procedures.

2.1 LED Indicators

The LED indicators located on the front panel display the power status and network status of EKI-2548I; each has its own specific meaning as the table shown below.

LED	Color	Description	
R-Master	Green	On	The industrial switch is the master of the X-ring group
		Off	Non-master device of the X-ring group
PWR1	Green	On	Power input 1 is active
		Off	Power input 1 is inactive
PWR2	Green	On	Power input 2 is active
		Off	Power input 2 is inactive
P-Fail	Red	On	Power input 1 or 2 is inactive or port link down (depends on the Fault Relay Alarm configuration)
		Off	No failure occurs
P1 ~ P8 (Link/Active, Upper LED)	Green	On	Connected to network
		Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving
		Off	Not connected to network
P1 ~ P8 (Speed, Lower LED)	Green	On	The port is active operating at speed of 100M
		Off	The port is active operating at speed of 10M

2.2 DIP Switch

The EKI-2548I Managed Industrial Switch provides a 9-pole DIP switch for configuring the relay alarm operation mode and the master ring operation mode. The user can enable the managed industrial switch as the ring master in the X-Ring group and R-Master LED indicator will light up. If the user enables the Port Alarm function, the P-Fail LED indicator will light up when link-down event of the respective port occurs. Each pole of the DIP switch is set to **OFF** by default.

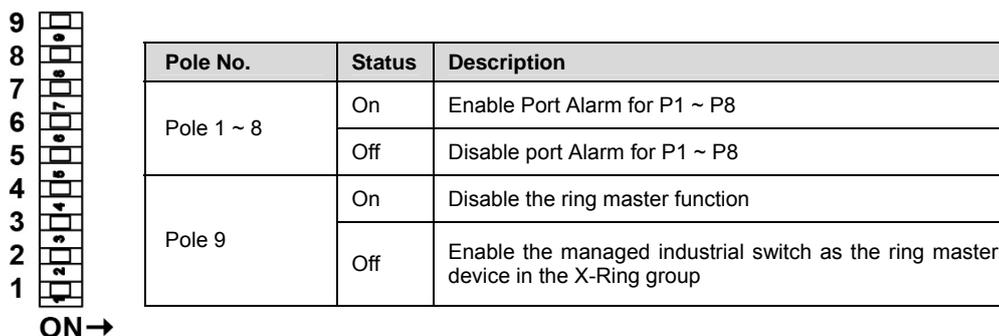


Figure 2.3-1 DIP switch definition

2.3 Reset Button

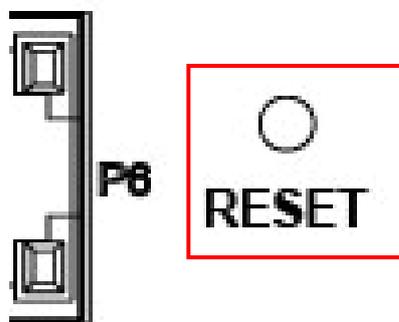


Figure 2.3-2 Reset Button

EKI-2548I provides users a quick and easy way to restart the system or reset the configuration back to default value by pressing the reset button.

- **Restart:** press the button for 2 seconds and then release to restart the system.
- **Set to factory default value:** by pressing the button for 5 seconds, the switch will set all configurations back to default setting.

2.4 Dimensions (units: mm)

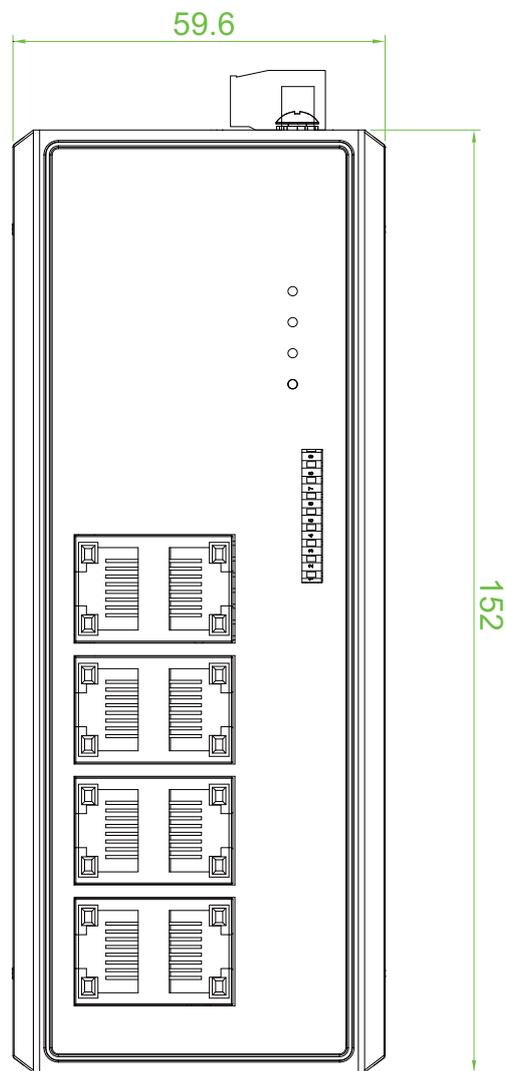


Figure 2.4-1 Front View of EKI-2548I

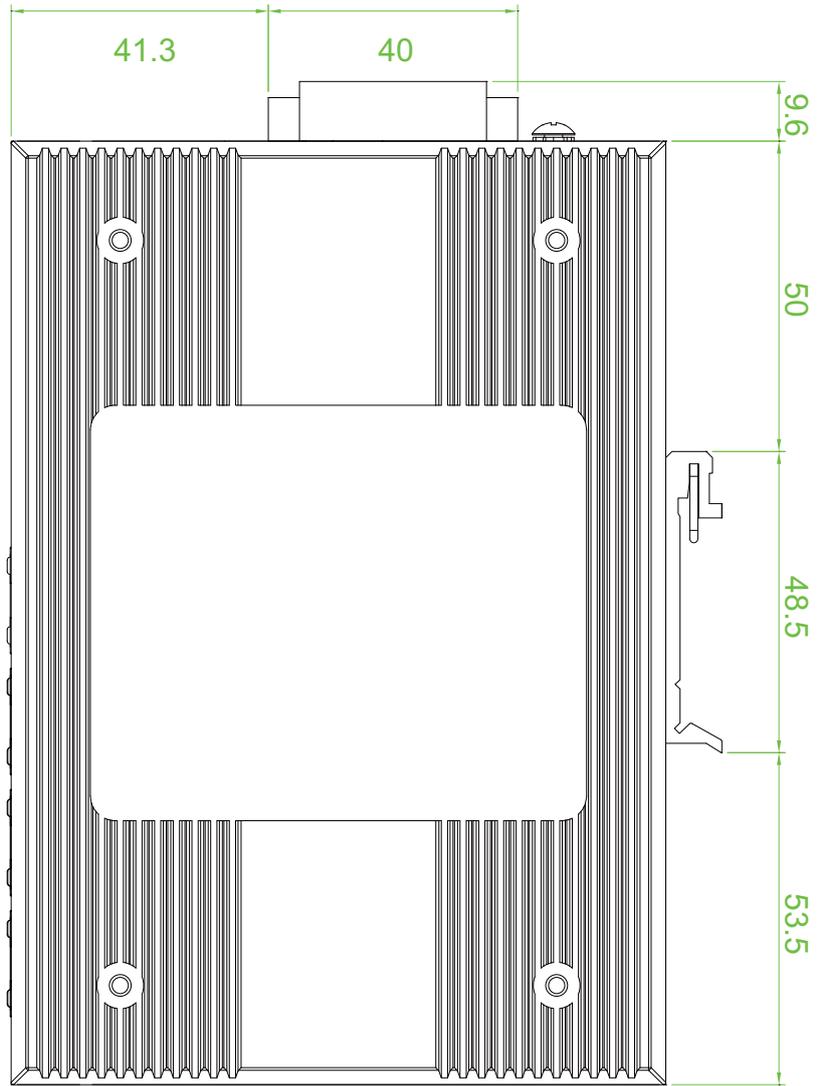


Figure 2.4-2 Side View of EKI-2548I

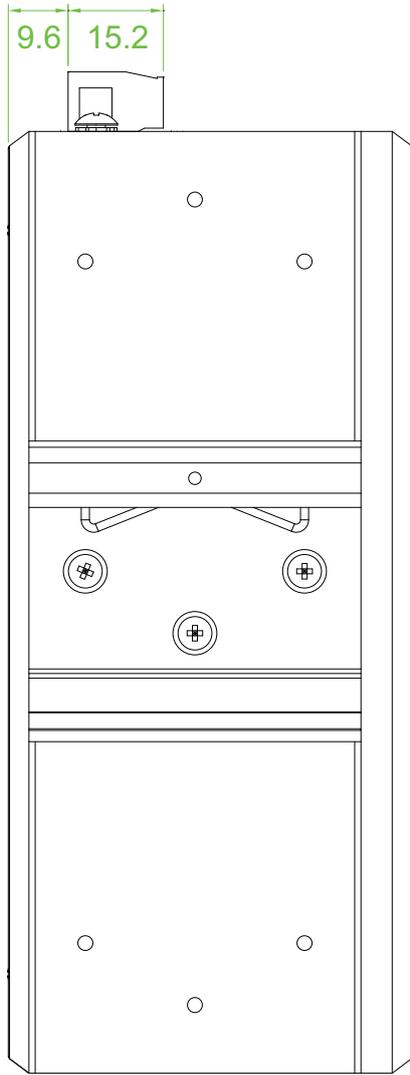


Figure 2.4-3 Rear View of EKI-2548I

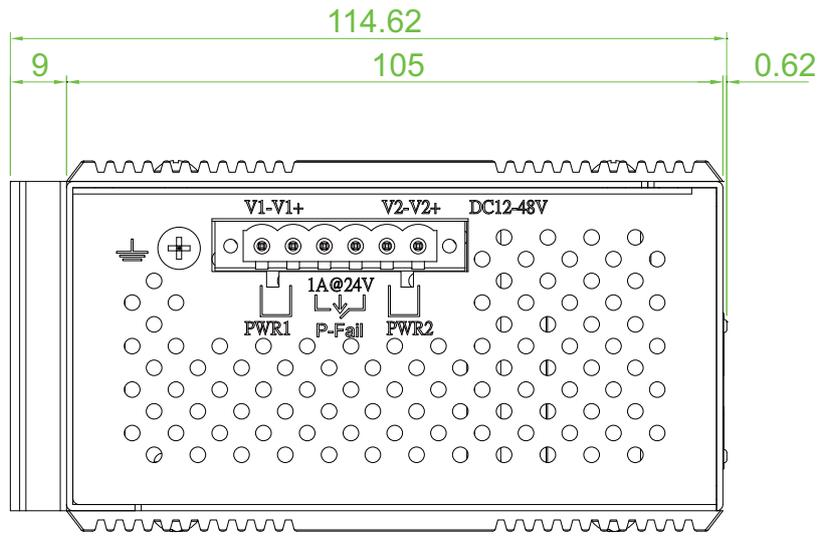


Figure 2.4-4 Top View of EKI-2548I

2.5 Mounting

The EKI-2548I supports two mounting methods: DIN-rail & Wall mountings.

2.5.1 Wall Mounting

EKI-2548I can be wall-mounted by using the included mounting kit. Then, hang on the EKI-2548I to the nails on the wall.

First, use the screws included in the package to combine the EKI-2548I and metal mounting kit. And then you can install the device firmly via the components, please see Figure 2.5 as below.

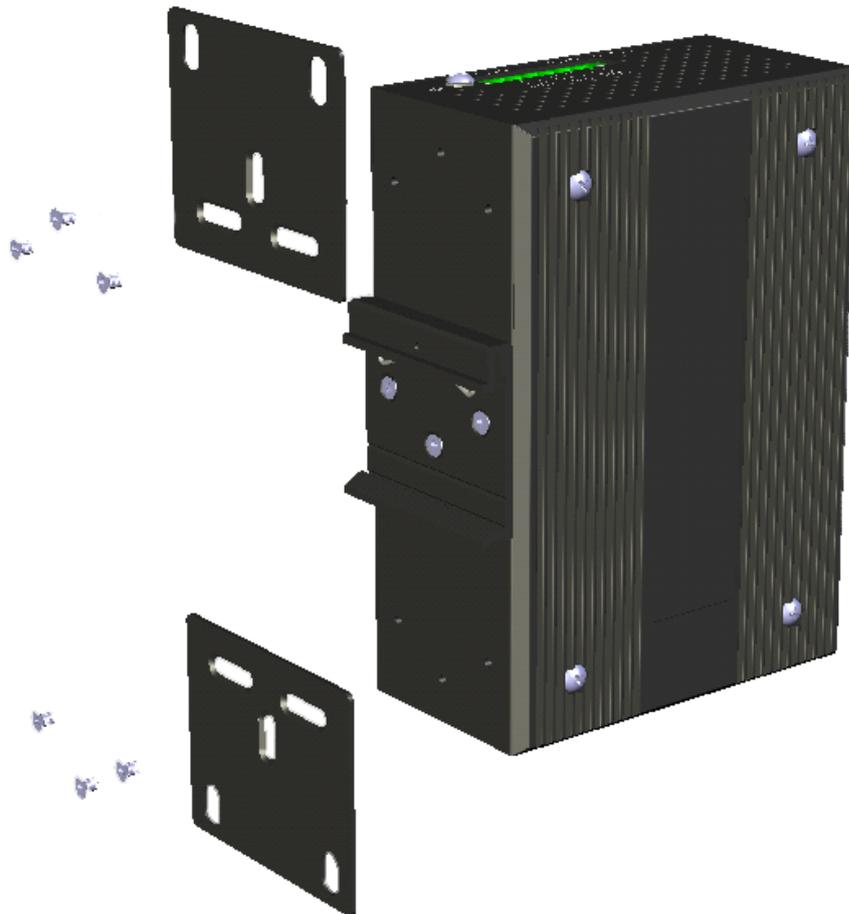


Figure 2.5-1 Combine the Metal Mounting Kit

2.5.2 DIN-rail Mounting

You can also mount EKI-2548I on a standard DIN-rail by following the steps below.

The DIN-rail kit is screwed on the industrial switch when out of factory. If the DIN-rail kit is not screwed on the industrial switch, please screw the DIN-rail kit on the switch first.

First, hang the EKI-2548I to the DIN-rail with angle of inclination. See the figure below.



Figure 2.5-2 Installation to DIN-rail Step 1

Then, hook the device over the DIN rail and let it drop down straight to slide over the rail smoothly.



Figure 2.5-3 Installation to DIN-rail Step 2

2.6 Wiring Power and P-Fail Contacts

The EKI-25481 supports dual +12 ~ 48 V_{DC} and 24 V_{AC} power inputs, and P-Fail relay output.

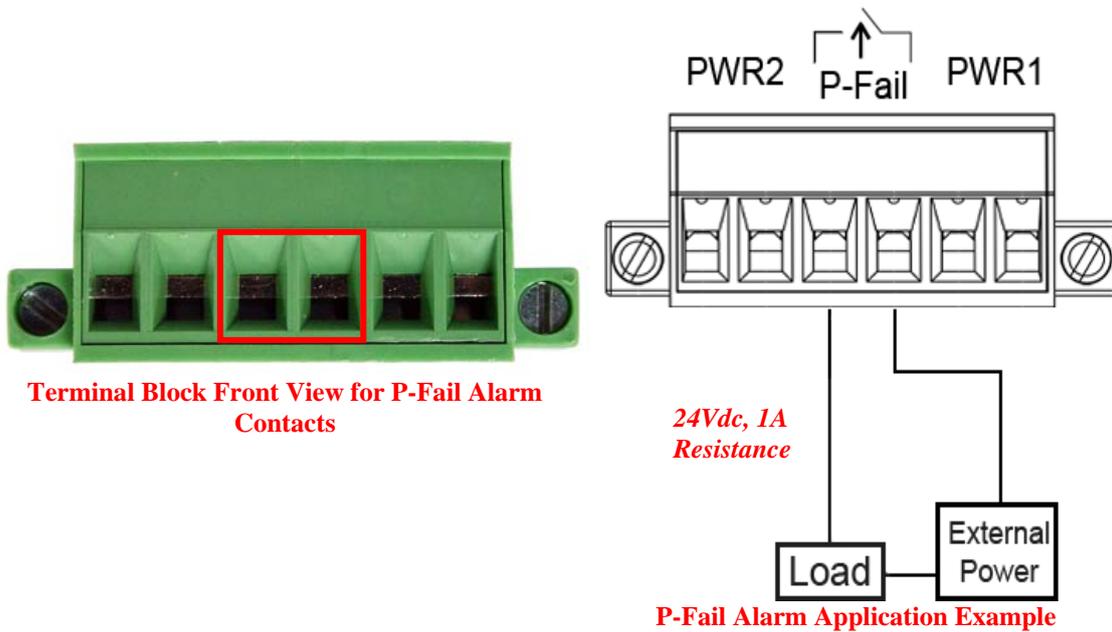
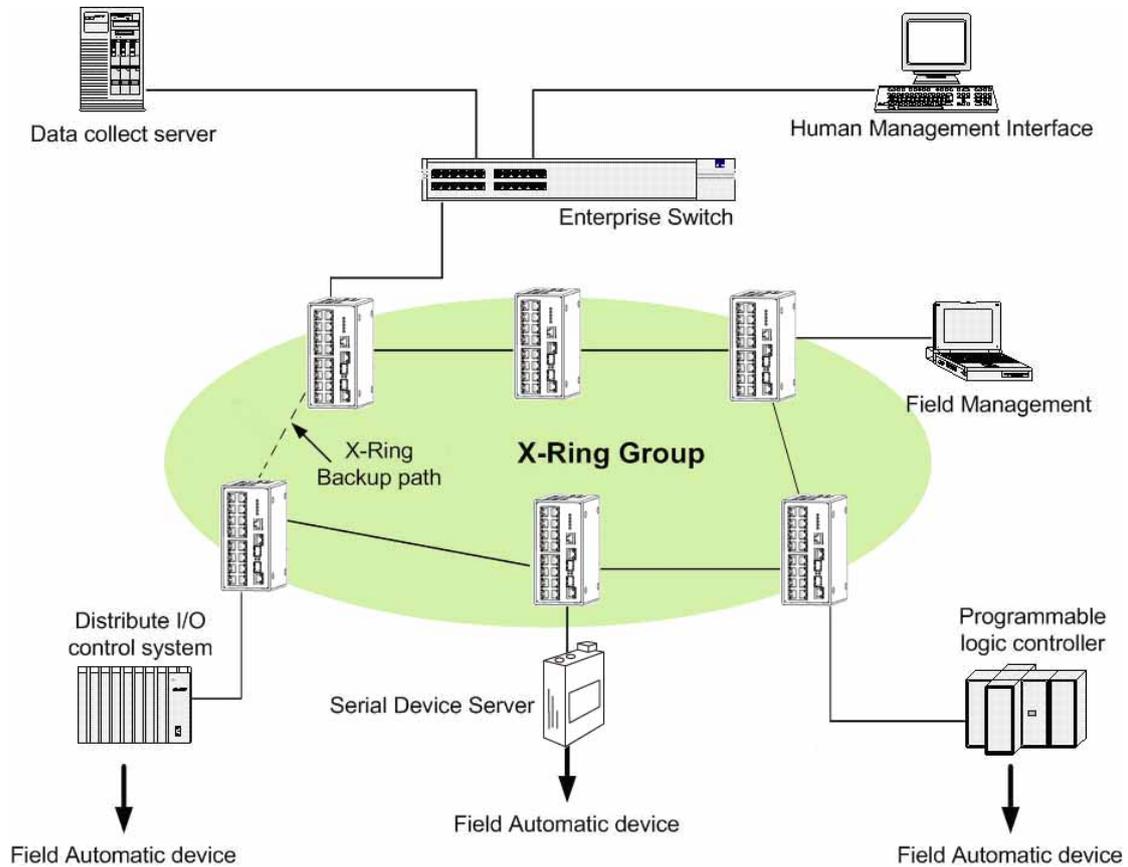


Figure 2.6-1 Pin Assignments of the Terminal Block

You can connect an alarm indicator, buzzer or other signaling equipment through the relay output. The relay opens if power input 1, 2 fails or port link down/break ("Open" means if you connect relay output with an LED, the light would be off).

2.7 X-Ring Application

The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system recover from network connection failure within 300ms or less and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) algorithm but its recovery time is less than STP/RSTP. The figure below is a sample of X-Ring application.

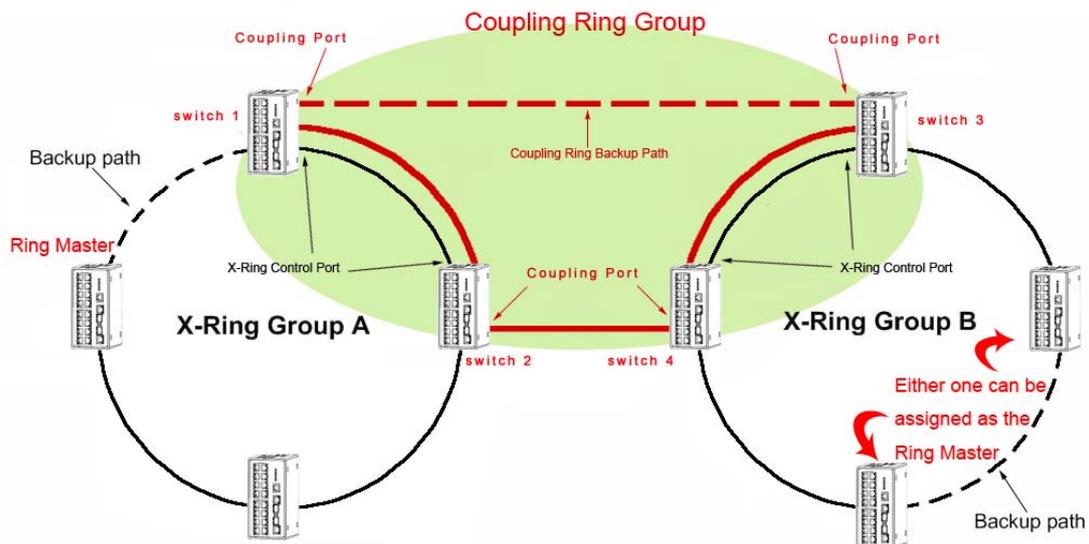


Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitation as follows. However, the one with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitation.

1. The X-Ring is supposed to recover from connection failure within 10ms when the amount of the connected devices of the X-Ring group is less than 50.

2.8 Coupling Ring Application

As the illustration shown below, users can use the X-Ring groups to form a coupling ring for redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between X-Ring groups not to fail. The following figure is a sample of coupling ring application.

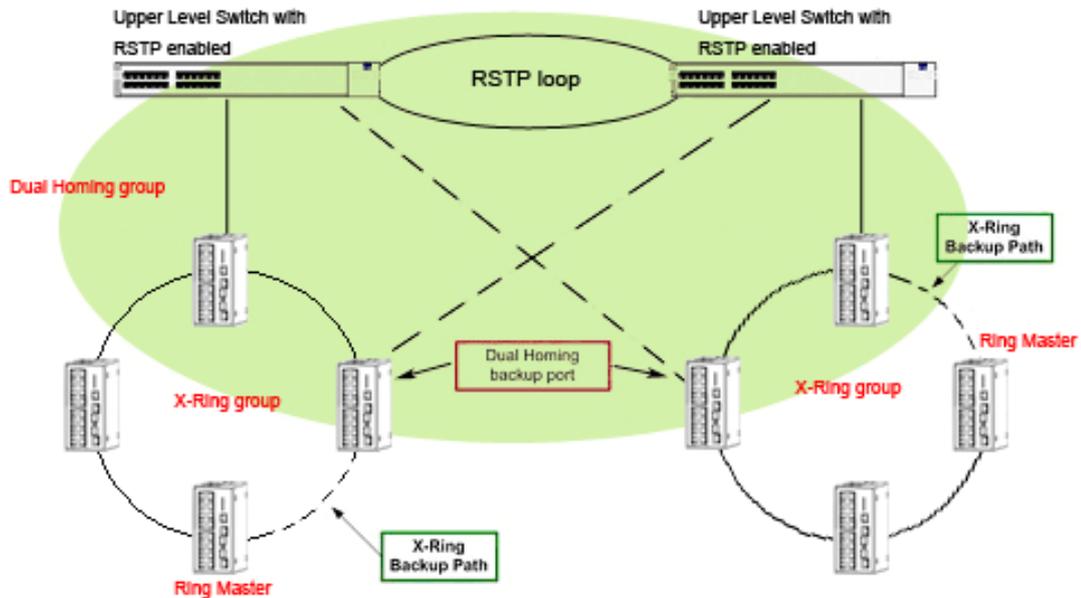


Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.

1. To ensure the coupling ring to work normally, the connection between control ports of each X-ring group, as the figure illustrated above, should always be active.
2. The switches to be configured as members of the Coupling Ring group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
3. As the figure illustrated above, Coupling Ring only supports two X-ring groups.

2.9 Dual Homing Application

The Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss between the particular X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch. Assign one port, and only one, to be the Dual Homing port that is the backup port in each single X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active.



Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.

1. In Dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable their Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.
2. The switches to be configured as members of the Dual Homing group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
3. As the figure illustrated above, Dual Homing only supports two X-ring groups.

Configuration

Sections include:

- Web Browser

Chapter 3 Configuration

3.1 Web Browser

EKI-2548I provides a convenient configuring way via web browser. You can follow the steps below to access EKI-2548I.

EKI-2548I's default IP is 192.168.1.1. Make sure your host PC and EKI-2548I are on the same logical sub-network.

Warning *Your host PC should be in the same VLAN setting with EKI-2548I, or the management will not be configured.*

Connect EKI-2548I to the Ethernet then your host PC could be configured via Ethernet. Or you can directly connect EKI-2548I to your host PC with a straight-through or cross over Ethernet cable.

Before to use web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password are as follows:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.254
- User Name: admin
- Password: admin

Open Internet Explorer and type EKI-2548I's IP in the Address field then press Enter to open the web login page.



Figure 3.1-1 *Type the address in the URL*



Figure 3.1-2 *Web Login Window*

The default user name and password are both **admin**, fill in the user name and password then press **OK** to enter the configuration. You can change the password in the system setting.

In the main page, you can find the tree menu structure of the EKI-2548I in the left side. Click the “+” symbol to unroll the hiding hyperlink, and click the hyperlink to open the function page you want to configure.

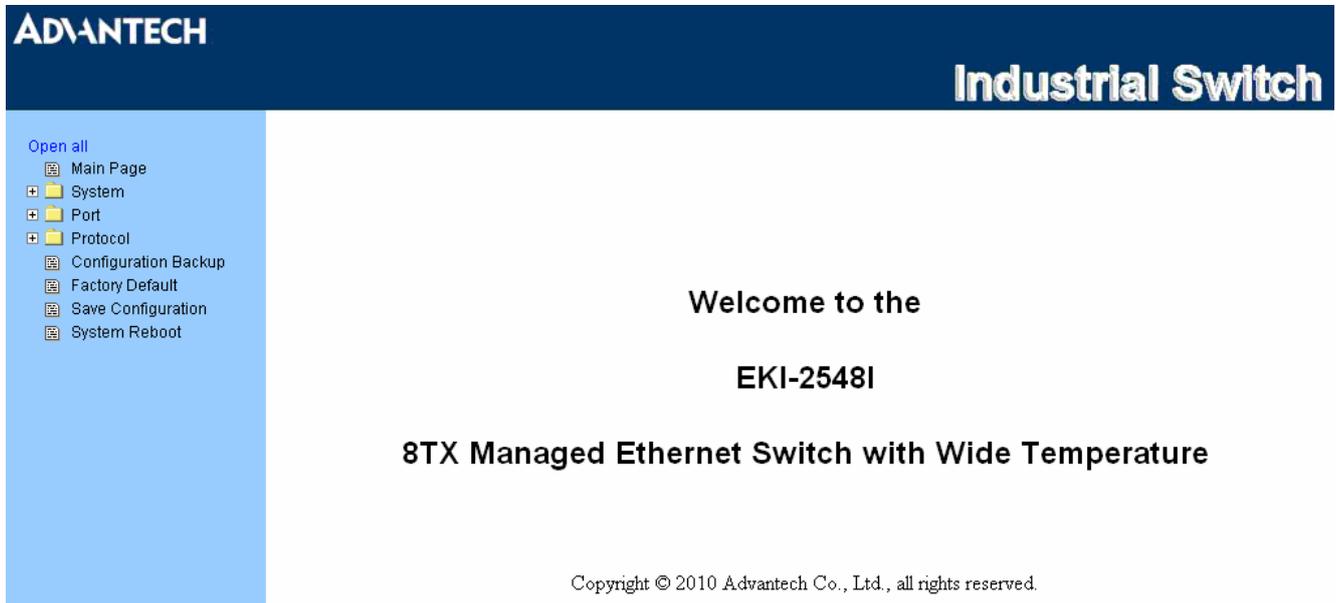


Figure 3.1-3 Main page

3.1.1 System

Switch Settings

This page displays system information and gives users the interface to assign the system name, location, system contact, etc.

- **System Description:** Displays the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified.
- **System Name:** Assign the name of the switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- **System Location:** Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- **System Contact:** Enter the name of contact person or organization.
- **Firmware Version:** Displays the switch's firmware version.
- **Kernel Version:** Displays the kernel software version.
- **Hardware Version:** Displays the hardware version of the device.
- **MAC Address:** Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).

Warning

Don't set "0" for the first segment of the subnet mask and default gateway (000.xxx.xxx.xxx). Refresh the web screen if the web could not be displayed while you change the setting.

The screenshot shows the ADVANTECH Industrial Switch web interface. The top header is dark blue with the ADVANTECH logo on the left and 'Industrial Switch' on the right. Below the header is a light blue navigation menu on the left with the following items: Open all, Main Page, System (expanded), Switch Settings (selected), IP Configuration, TFTP Update Firmware, System Log, SNMP, IP Security, Security Manager, Alert, Port, Protocol, Configuration Backup, Factory Default, Save Configuration, and System Reboot. The main content area is titled 'Switch Settings' and contains a table of configuration fields:

System Description	8TX Managed Ethernet Switch with Wide Temperature
System Name	EKI-2548I
System Location	
System Contact	

Below the table are 'Apply' and 'Help' buttons. At the bottom right, there is a table of system information:

Firmware Version	v1.00
Kernel Version	v3.32
Hardware Version	A5.00
MAC Address	002233114455

Figure 3.1-4 Switch Settings

IP Configuration

Users can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function here.

- **DHCP Client:** Enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client is enabled, the industrial switch will be assigned an IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the assigned IP address from DHCP server. After users click the **Apply** button, a popup dialog shows up. It is to inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabled, the current IP will lose and the user should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
- **IP Address:** Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client is enabled, users don't need to assign the IP address, and the network DHCP server will assign the IP address displaying in this column for the industrial switch. The default IP is 192.168.16.1.
- **Subnet Mask:** Assign the subnet mask to the IP address. If DHCP client is enabled, users don't need to assign the subnet mask.
- **Gateway:** Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.16.254.
- And then, click

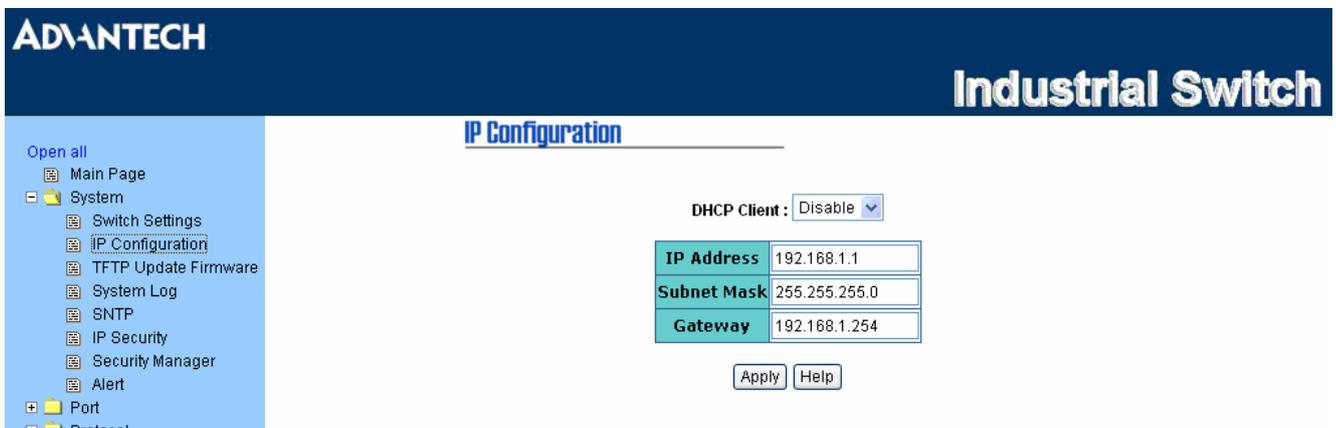
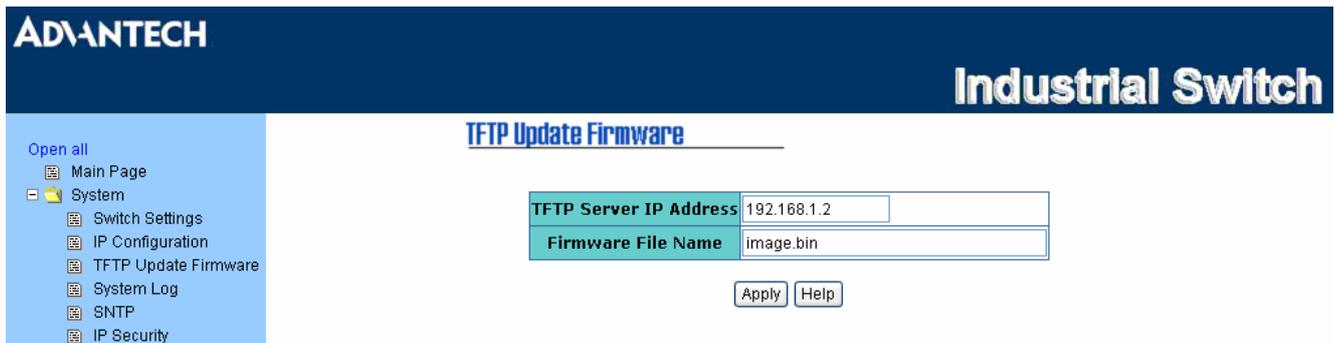


Figure 3.1-5 IP Configuration

TFTP - Update Firmware

Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is a very simple file transfer protocol with the functionality of a very basic form of FTP. It provides functions allowing the user to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

- **TFTP Server IP Address:** Fill in your TFTP server IP.
- **Firmware File Name:** Type in the name of firmware image.
- And then, click



The screenshot displays the web interface for an ADVANTECH Industrial Switch. The top navigation bar includes the ADVANTECH logo and the text "Industrial Switch". A left-hand menu lists various system settings, with "TFTP Update Firmware" selected. The main content area is titled "TFTP Update Firmware" and contains two input fields: "TFTP Server IP Address" with the value "192.168.1.2" and "Firmware File Name" with the value "image.bin". Below these fields are "Apply" and "Help" buttons.

Figure 3.1-6 TFTP – Update Firmware

System Log – System Log Configuration

Configure the system event mode to collect system log.

- **System Log Mode:** Select the system log mode—**Client Only**, **Server Only**, or **Both**.
- **System Log Server IP:** Assign the system log server IP.
- When System Log Mode is set to **Client Only**, the system event log will only be reserved in the switch's RAM until next reboot. When the mode is set to **Server Only**, the system log will only be sent to the system log server, and therefore you have to type the IP address in the System Log Server IP column. If the mode is set to **Both**, the system log will be reserved in the switch's RAM and sent to the specific server.
- Click **Reload** to refresh the events log.
- Click **Clear** to clear all current events log.
- After configuring, click **Apply**.

The screenshot displays the 'System Log Configuration' interface. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like 'System', 'Port', and 'Protocol'. The main content area has two tabs: 'System Log Configuration' (active) and 'Event Configuration'. Under 'System Log Configuration', there are two input fields: 'System Log Mode' (a dropdown menu set to 'Both') and 'System Log Server IP' (a text box containing '192.168.1.180'). An 'Apply' button is to the right of these fields. Below the configuration fields is a log display window showing two entries: '2: Jan 1 00:13:54 : System Log Server IP: 192.168.1.180' and '1: Jan 1 00:13:54 : System Log Enable!'. At the bottom of the log display is a 'Page.1' dropdown menu. Below the log display are three buttons: 'Reload', 'Clear', and 'Help'.

Figure 3.1-7 System Log Configuration

System Log – Event Configuration

- **System event selection:** There are 4 event types—Device cold start, Power status, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-ring topology change. Tick the check box beside the event label to collect the log information.
 - **Device cold start:** When the device executes cold start action, the system will issue a log event.
 - **Power status:** When the power status of the device changes, the system will issue a log event.
 - **SNMP Authentication Failure:** When the SNMP authentication fails, the system will issue a log event.
 - **X-ring topology change:** When the X-ring topology has changed, the system will issue a log event.

- **Port event selection:** The drop-down menus have 3 selections—Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event will be sent.
 - **Link UP:** The system will issue a log message when port connection links up.
 - **Link Down:** The system will issue a log message when port connection links down.
 - **Link UP & Link Down:** The system will issue a log message when port connection is up and down.

ADVANTECH **Industrial Switch**

System Log

System Log Configuration | **Event Configuration**

System event selection

Device cold start Power status
 SNMP Authentication Failure X-Ring topology change

Port event selection

Port.01	Link Up & Link Down	Port.02	Disable
Port.03	Disable	Port.04	Disable
Port.05	Disable	Port.06	Disable
Port.07	Disable	Port.08	Disable

Apply Help

Figure 3.1-8 Event Configuration

SNTP Configuration

You can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings which allow you to synchronize the switch clock with an Internet time server.

- **UTC Timezone:** Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

<i>Table 3.1: UTC Timezone</i>		
Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm

ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

- **SNTP Sever IP:** Set the SNTP server IP address.
- **Switch Timer:** Displays the current time of the switch.
- **Daylight Saving Period:** Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different in every year.
- **Daylight Saving Offset (mins):** For non-US and European countries, specify the amount of time for day light savings.
- **Synchronization Interval (secs):** The Synchronization Interval is used for sending synchronizing packets periodically. Users can assign in the range of 64s to 1024s. The default setting of values is “0” which means that you disable the auto synchronizes feature in the SNTP client mode. You can enable the feature when filling the interval range between 64s and 1024s.
- Click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

ADVANTECH
Industrial Switch

SNTP Configuration

Open all

- [-] Main Page
- [-] System
 - [-] Switch Settings
 - [-] IP Configuration
 - [-] TFTP Update Firmware
 - [-] System Log
 - [-] SNTP
 - [-] IP Security
 - [-] Security Manager
 - [-] Alert
- [-] Port
- [-] Protocol
 - [-] Configuration Backup
 - [-] Factory Default
 - [-] Save Configuration
 - [-] System Reboot

SNTP Client :
Daylight Saving Time :

UTC Timezone	<input type="button" value="(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London"/>	
SNTP Server IP	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Switch Timer	<input type="text"/>	
Daylight Saving Period	<input type="text" value="20040101 00:00"/>	<input type="text" value="20040101 00:00"/>
Daylight Saving Offset(mins)	<input type="text" value="0"/>	
Synchronization Interval(secs)	<input type="text" value="0"/>	

Figure 3.1-9 SNTP Configuration

IP Security

The IP security function allows the user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for securing switch management.

- **IP Security Mode:** Tick this check box to enable IP security.
- **Security IP 1 ~ 10:** The system allows the user to assign up to 10 specific IP addresses for access security. Only these 10 IP addresses can access and manage the switch through the HTTP service.
- And then, click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

Note Remember to click the **Save** button of the **Save Configuration** page, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

The screenshot displays the web interface for configuring IP Security on an ADVANTECH Industrial Switch. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like 'System', 'Port', and 'Protocol'. The main content area is titled 'IP Security' and features a checked checkbox for 'Enable IP Security'. Below this is a table with 10 rows, each representing a security IP address from Security IP1 to Security IP10. Each row has a corresponding text input field, all of which currently contain the IP address '0.0.0.0'. At the bottom of the table, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Help'.

Security IP	IP Address
Security IP1	0.0.0.0
Security IP2	0.0.0.0
Security IP3	0.0.0.0
Security IP4	0.0.0.0
Security IP5	0.0.0.0
Security IP6	0.0.0.0
Security IP7	0.0.0.0
Security IP8	0.0.0.0
Security IP9	0.0.0.0
Security IP10	0.0.0.0

Figure 3.1-10 IP Security

Security Manager

Change web management login user name and password for the management security issue.

- **User Name:** Key in the new user name (The default is “admin”).
- **New Password:** Key in the new password (The default is “admin”).
- **Confirm Password:** Re-type the new password for confirmation.
- And then, click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

The screenshot shows the web management interface for an ADANTECH Industrial Switch. The page title is "Security Manager". On the left side, there is a navigation menu with the following items: "Open all", "Main Page", "System", "Switch Settings", "IP Configuration", "TFTP Update Firmware", "System Log", "SNTP", and "IP Security". The main content area displays a form for configuring the security manager. The form has three input fields: "User Name" (containing the text "admin"), "New Password", and "Confirm Password". Below the input fields are two buttons: "Apply" and "Help".

Figure 3.1-11 Security Manager

Alert – Email Alert Configuration

When the specific event occurs, the system will send the alert to the email account assigned by users. Users can assign the mail server IP, email account, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

- **Email Alert:** Enable or disable the email alert function.
- **SMTP Server IP Address:** Assign the mail server IP address.
- **Authentication:** Tick the check box to enable and configure the email account/password for authentication.
 - **Mail Account:** Assign the email account to receive the alert. Ex: [johnadmin](#). The email account, which users had assigned in the **SMTP Server IP Address** column, must exist on the mail server.
 - **Password:** Type the password to the email account.
 - **Confirm Password:** Re-confirm the password.
- **E-mail of Recipient 1 ~ 4:** Assign up to 4 email accounts to receive the alert.
- And then, click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

The screenshot displays the 'Email Alert Configuration' page within the ADVANTECH Industrial Switch web interface. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with 'Alert' selected. The main content area features a breadcrumb trail 'Alert > Email Alert Configuration' and three tabs: 'Email Alert Configuration', 'Event Configuration', and 'Power Alarm Configuration'. The configuration form includes the following fields and options:

- E-mail Alert:** A dropdown menu set to 'Enable'.
- SMTP Server IP Address:** A text input field containing '192.168.1.100'.
- Sender's Email Address:** A text input field containing 'switch26@123.com'.
- Authentication:** A checked checkbox.
- Mail Account:** A text input field containing 'johnadmin'.
- Password:** A text input field with masked characters '••••'.
- Confirm Password:** A text input field with masked characters '••••'.
- Email of Recipient 1:** A text input field containing 'supervisor@123.com'.
- Email of Recipient 2:** An empty text input field.
- Email of Recipient 3:** An empty text input field.
- Email of Recipient 4:** An empty text input field.

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: 'Apply' (highlighted) and 'Help'.

Figure 3.1-12 Email Alert Configuration

Alert – Event Configuration

The selected events that occur will cause the system to send out alerts to the assigned SMTP server. Also, users can select port events for alerting.

- **System event selection:** 4 selections – Device cold start, Power status, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-Ring topology changes. Tick the check box to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will send out the alert.
- **Port event selection:** Select the port events for each port that has 3 selections – Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected.
 - **Link UP:** The system will send out an alert when port connection is up.
 - **Link Down:** The system will send out an alert message when port connection is down.
 - **Link UP & Link Down:** The system will send out an alert message when port connection is up and down.
- After selecting, click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

ADANTECH **Industrial Switch**

Alert

Email Alert Configuration | **Event Configuration** | Power Alarm Configuration

System event selection

Device cold start Power status
 SNMP Authentication Failure X-Ring topology change

Port event selection

Port.01	Disable	Port.02	Disable
Port.03	Disable	Port.04	Disable
Port.05	Disable	Port.06	Disable
Port.07	Disable	Port.08	Disable Link Up Link Down Link Up & Link Down

Apply Help

Figure 3.1-13 Event Configuration

Alert – Power Alarm Configuration

The power alarm configuration enables the Relay alarm.

- Tick the check box and click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.



Figure 3.1-14 Power Alarm Configuration

3.1.2 Port

Port setting includes Port Status, Port Statistics, Port Control, Port Mirroring, and Rate Control. Through this interface, users can set the parameters and control the packet flow among the ports.

Port Status

Displays port status depending on user's setting and the negotiation result.

- **Port:** Displays the port number.
- **Type:** Displays the media type of the port.
- **Link:** The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'.
- **State:** The state of the port can be set to 'Enable' or 'Disable' by users via the **Port Control** section. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.
- **Negotiation:** Displays the current negotiation mode: **Auto** or **Force**.
- **Speed Duplex:** Displays port connection speed and duplex mode. "**Config**" means the speed and duplex mode are configured by users. "**Actual**" means the current status of the port.
- **Flow Control:** Displays the flow control status including "**Symmetric**", "**Asymmetric**" or "**Disable**" in full mode. "**Config**" means the value is configured by users. "**Actual**" means that the value is the current status of the port.

Port	Type	Link	State	Negotiation	Speed Duplex		Flow Control	
					Config	Actual	Config	Actual
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.07	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.08	100TX	Up	Enable	Auto	100 Full	100 Full	Disable	Disable

Figure 3.1-15 Port Status

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistics.

- **Port:** Displays the port number.
- **Type:** Displays the media type of the port.
- **Link:** The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'.
- **State:** The user can set the state of the port to 'Enable' or 'Disable' via the **Port Control** section. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.
- **Tx Good Packet:** The counts of transmitting good packets via this port.
- **Tx Bad Packet:** The counts of transmitting bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC Align errors, fragments and jabbers packets) via this port.
- **Rx Good Packet:** The counts of receiving good packets via this port.
- **Rx Bad Packet:** The counts of receiving bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC error, fragments and jabbers) via this port.
- **Tx Abort Packet:** The aborted packet while transmitting.
- **Packet Collision:** The counts of collision packet.
- **CRC Error:** The counts of cyclic redundancy check errors.
- **Fragments:** The counts of non-complete packets.
- Click to clean all counts.

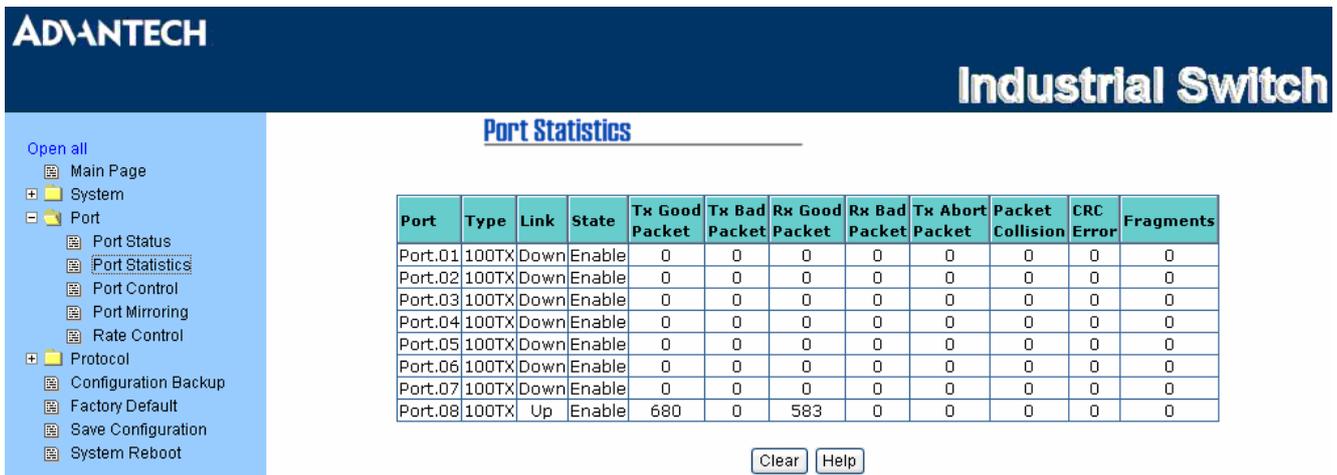


Figure 3.1-16 Port Statistics

Port Control

In Port Control, you can select ports and click the pull-down menus to set parameters of each port to control the transmitting/receiving packets.

- **Port:** Select the port that you want to configure.
- **State:** Current port status. The port can be set to Disable or Enable mode. When disabled, it will not receive or transmit any packet.
- **Negotiation:** Auto and Force. Being set to Auto, the speed and duplex mode are negotiated automatically. When you set it to Force, you have to assign the speed and duplex mode manually.
- **Speed:** It is available for selecting when the Negotiation column is set to Force. When the Negotiation column is set to Auto, this column is read only.
- **Duplex:** It is available for selecting when the Negotiation column is set to Force. When the Negotiation column is set to Auto, this column is read only.
- **Flow Control:** Set flow control function to **Symmetric** or **Asymmetric** in Full Duplex mode.
- Click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

ADVANTECH
Industrial Switch

Open all

- [-] Main Page
- [+] System
- [-] Port
 - [-] Port Status
 - [-] Port Statistics
 - [-] Port Control
 - [-] Port Mirroring
 - [-] Rate Control
- [+] Protocol
 - [-] Configuration Backup
 - [-] Factory Default
 - [-] Save Configuration
 - [-] System Reboot

Port Control

Port	State	Negotiation	Speed	Duplex	Flow Control
Port.04	Enable	Auto	100	Full	Symmetric
Port.05					
Port.06					
Port.07					

Port	Type	Link	State	Negotiation	Speed Duplex		Flow Control	
					Config	Actual	Config	Actual
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Up	Enable	Auto	100 Full	100 Full	Disable	Disable
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A

Figure 3.1-17 Port Control

Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method to monitor traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That is, traffic goes in or out monitored ports will be duplicated into the mirroring port.

- **Port Mirroring Mode:** Set mirroring mode -- **Disable**, **TX Only**, and **Both**. The default value is “**Disable**”.
- **Analysis Port:** Select one port to be the mirroring port to see all monitored port traffic. Users can connect the mirroring port to LAN analyzer or Netxray.
- **Monitor Port:** The ports users want to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to the mirroring port. Mark the **State** check box to select the port.
- And then click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

ADVANTECH **Industrial Switch**

Port Mirroring

Open all

- Main Page
- System
- Port
 - Port Status
 - Port Statistics
 - Port Control
 - Port Mirroring
 - Rate Control
- Protocol
 - Configuration Backup
 - Factory Default
 - Save Configuration
 - System Reboot

Port Mirroring Mode :	TX&RX Both
Analysis Port :	Port.01
Monitor Port	State
Port.01	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port.02	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port.03	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Port.04	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Port.05	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port.06	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port.07	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port.08	<input type="checkbox"/>

Apply Help

Figure 3.1-18 Port Mirroring

Note

1. Select **Disable** for the monitor mode item to disable port mirroring.
2. Remember to click the **Save** button of the **Save Configuration** page, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

Rate Control

Here you can set up every port's packet limitation type and bandwidth rate.

- **Limit Packet Type:** Select the packet type you want to filter. The packet types have 4 options for selecting: **All**, **Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast**, **Broadcast/Multicast**, and **Broadcast only**. The four packet type options are for ingress frames limitation. The egress rate only supports 'All' type.
- **Ingress:** Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective ingress rate (The default value is "Disable")
- **Egress for All:** Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective egress rate (The default value is "Disable")
- And then, click **Apply** to make the settings take effect.

	Limit Packet Type	Ingress	Egress for All
Port.01	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Disable	Disable
Port.02	All	Disable	Disable
Port.03	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Disable	Disable
Port.04	Broadcast/Multicast	Disable	Disable
Port.05	Broadcast only	Disable	Disable
Port.06	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Disable	Disable
Port.07	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Disable	Disable
Port.08	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Disable	Disable

Figure 3.1-19 Rate Control

3.1.3 Protocol

The user can configure the layer 2 protocol setting via this interface.

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the same VLAN will receive traffic from the others of the same VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN on the switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The switch supports **Port-based** and **802.1Q** (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is “**Disable**”.

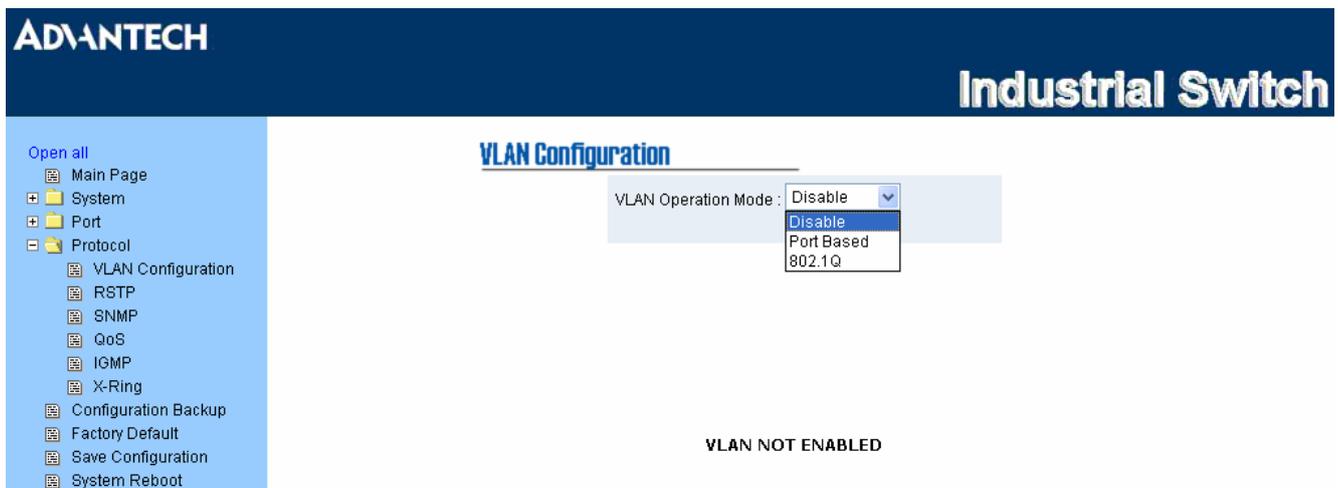


Figure 3.1-20 VLAN Configuration

VLAN configuration - Port-based VLAN

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

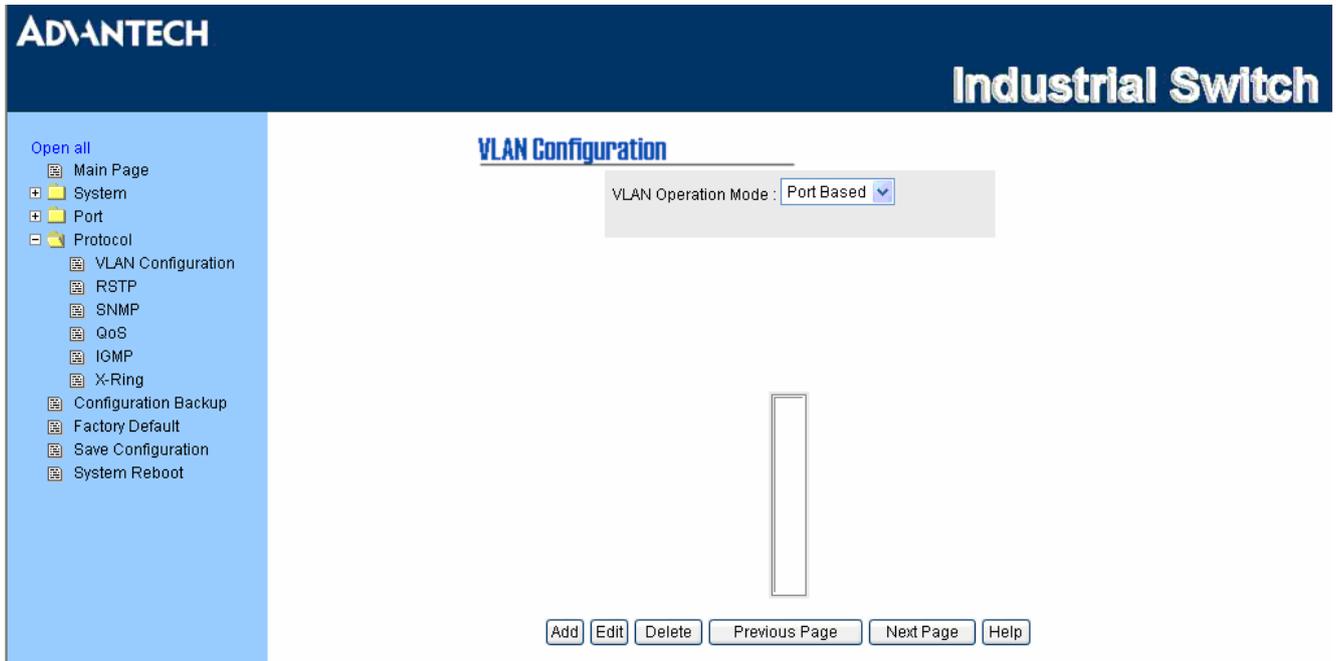


Figure 3.1-21 Port-based Mode

- Pull down the selection item and focus on **Port Based** then click **Apply** to set the VLAN Operation Mode to **Port Based**.
- Click **Add** to add a new VLAN group.

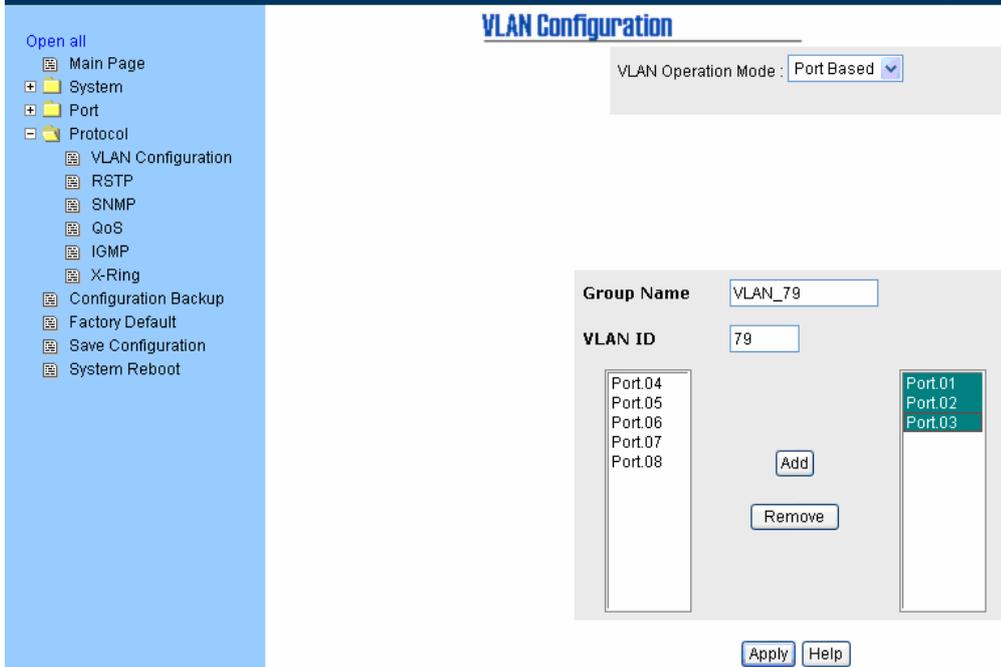


Figure 3.1-22 Port-based Mode--Add

- Enter Group Name and VLAN ID. Having selected the port numbers, click Add to add the ports to the right field to group these members into a VLAN group or remove any of them listed in the right field from the VLAN.
- And then, click **Apply** to have the settings take effect.
- You will see the VLAN displays.

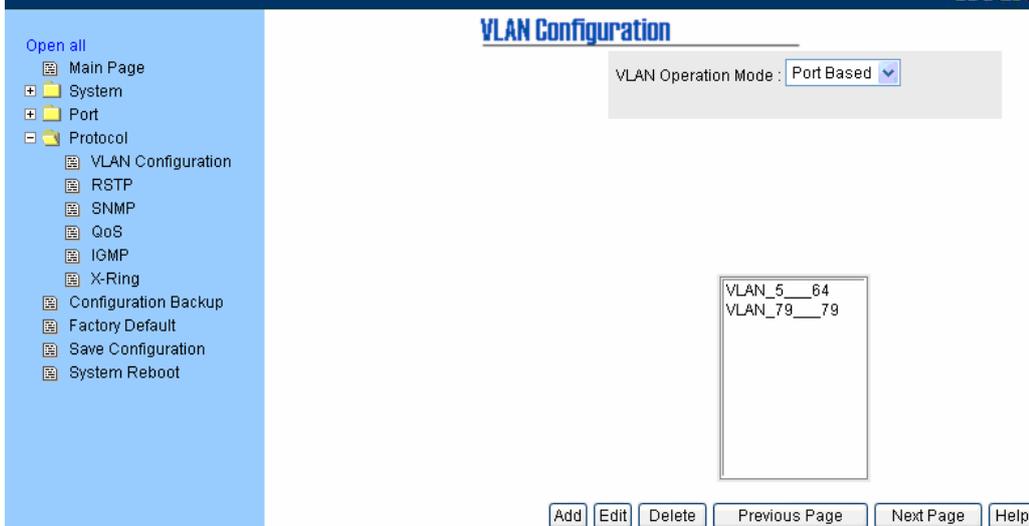


Figure 3.1-23 Port-based Edit/Delete

- Select the VLAN group name and click **Delete** to delete the VLAN.

- Select the VLAN group name and click **Edit** to modify group name, VLAN ID, or add/remove the members of the existing VLAN group.

Note

*Remember to click the **Save** button of the **Save Configuration** page, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.*

802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch vendors. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a “tag” into the Ethernet frames. The tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create a Tag-based VLAN, and enable/disable the GVRP protocol. Up to 256 VLAN groups are provided for configuring. With 802.1Q VLAN enabled, all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN of VID 1. The default VLAN can't be deleted.

GVRP (GARP VLAN Registration Protocol) is a protocol that facilitates control of virtual local area networks (VLANs) within a larger network. GVRP conforms to the IEEE 802.1Q specification, which defines a method of tagging frames with VLAN configuration data. This allows network devices to dynamically exchange VLAN configuration information with other devices.

GVRP based on GARP (Generic Attribute Registration Protocol) is a protocol that defines procedures by which end stations and switches in a local area network (LAN) can register and de-register attributes, such as identifiers or addresses, with each other.

Every end station and switch thus has a current record of all the other end stations and switches that can be reached.

802.1Q Configuration - Basic

- Pull down the selection item and focus on **802.1Q** then click **Apply** to set the VLAN Operation Mode to **802.1Q**.
- **Management VLAN ID:** The default “0” in the column field means the VLAN function in 802.1Q mode is not available. Ticking the check box and filling the VLAN ID column with a value from 1 to 4094, the member ports of this VLAN can then access the management interface.
- Click **Apply** to have the settings take effect.

The screenshot displays the web management interface for an ADVANTECH Industrial Switch. The top navigation bar includes the ADVANTECH logo and the text 'Industrial Switch'. A left-hand navigation menu lists various configuration options, with 'VLAN Configuration' selected. The main content area is titled 'VLAN Configuration' and contains a form for setting the VLAN Operation Mode to '802.1Q'. Below this, there is a section for 'Management Vlan ID' with a checkbox and a text input field containing '0'. A tabbed interface shows the 'Basic' tab selected, displaying a table with one entry: 'DEFAULT__1'. At the bottom of the page, there are buttons for 'Add', 'Edit', 'Delete', 'Previous Page', 'Next Page', and 'Help'.

Figure 3.1-24 802.1Q VLAN Configuration

Add

Add an 802.1Q-based VLAN group.

- **Group Name:** Specify the group name for the VLAN.
- **VLAN ID:** Please enter the VLAN ID in the range of 2 to 4094.
- Select ports and click the Add button to add them to the right field.
- Click **Next**.
- Click the pull-down menu to select Tag/Untag for each VLAN member. Setting the port to Tag means that the outgoing frames are tagged with VLAN ID. While setting the port to Untag means that the outgoing frames are not tagged with VLAN ID.
- Click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

The screenshot displays the 'VLAN Configuration' interface for an ADVANTECH Industrial Switch. The interface is divided into a sidebar on the left and a main configuration area. The sidebar includes a navigation menu with options like 'Main Page', 'System', 'Port', and 'Protocol'. The main area is titled 'VLAN Configuration' and features two tabs: 'Basic' and 'Port VLAN ID'. The 'Basic' tab is currently selected, showing a dropdown menu for 'VLAN Operation Mode' set to '802.1Q' and a checkbox for 'Management Vlan ID' with a value of '0' and an 'Apply' button. The 'Port VLAN ID' tab is also visible, showing a 'Group Name' field with '8021Q_VLAN_47' and a 'VLAN ID' field with '47'. Below these fields are two lists of ports: a left list with 'Port.03' through 'Port.08' and a right list with 'Port.01' and 'Port.02'. An 'Add' button is positioned between the lists, and a 'Remove' button is below it. At the bottom of the configuration area are 'Next' and 'Help' buttons.

Figure 3.1-25 Adding an 802.1Q VLAN

VLAN Configuration

VLAN Operation Mode: 802.1Q

Management Vlan ID: 0

VLAN Name	V001	
VLAN ID	2	
UnTag Member		
Port.01	Untag	Port.02 Untag
Port.03	Untag	

Figure 3.1-26 Tag/Untag Member Ports

Edit/Delete

Modify or delete the existed VLAN groups.

- Select an existed VLAN group from the list.
- Click **Edit** to modify Group Name, VLAN ID or change the members of the VLAN.
- Or click **Delete** to delete the VLAN.

802.1Q Configuration – Port VLAN ID

Assign the Port VLAN ID for the selected ports.

- **Port:** Select ports to be assigned a Port VLAN ID.
- **Port VLAN ID:** Enter the Port VLAN ID in the range between 1 and 4094.
- Click **Apply** to have the settings take effect.

ADVANTECH **Industrial Switch**

VLAN Configuration

VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q

Management Vlan ID : 0 **Apply**

Basic | **Port VLAN ID**

Port	Port VLAN ID
Port.01	
Port.02	1
Port.03	
Port.04	

Apply **Help**

Port	VLAN ID
Port.02	1

Figure 3.1-27 Port VLAN ID Setting

Rapid Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto-detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP - System Configuration

- The user can view spanning tree information of the Root Bridge.
- The user can modify RSTP state. After modification, click **Apply** button.
 - **RSTP mode:** The user must enable the RSTP function first before configuring the related parameters.
 - **Priority (0-61440):** The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value is changed, the user must reboot the switch. The value must be a multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
 - **Max Age (6-40):** The number of seconds a switch waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
 - **Hello Time (1-10):** The time that controls the switch to send out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.
 - **Forward Delay Time (4-30):** The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.

Note

Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

$2 \times (\text{Forward Delay Time value} - 1) \geq \text{Max Age value} \geq 2 \times (\text{Hello Time value} + 1)$

ADANTECH **Industrial Switch**

RSTP

System Configuration | Per Port Configuration

RSTP Mode	Enable
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Priority must be a multiple of 4096
 $2 \times (\text{Forward Delay Time} - 1)$ should be greater than or equal to the Max Age.
 The Max Age should be greater than or equal to $2 \times (\text{Hello Time} + 1)$.

Apply Help

Root Bridge Information

Bridge ID	8000000039727B7F
Root Priority	32768
Root Port	Root
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay	15

Figure 3.1-28 RSTP System Configuration

RSTP - Port Configuration

Here you can configure the path cost and priority of each port.

- Select the port in the port column field.
- **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number between 1 and 200,000,000.
- **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number between 0 and 240 (the port of the highest value will be blocked). The value of priority must be the multiple of 16.
- **Admin P2P:** Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP depend upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabled. False means P2P disabled.
- **Admin Edge:** The port directly connected to end stations won't create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status.
- **Admin Non Stp:** The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. **True** is not including STP mathematic calculation. **False** is including the STP mathematic calculation.
- Click **Apply** to have the configuration take effect.

ADVANTECH
Industrial Switch

RSTP

System Configuration
Per Port Configuration

Port	Path Cost (1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01					
Port.02					
Port.03	200000	128	Auto	True	False
Port.04					
Port.05					

priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply
Help

RSTP Port Status

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Stp Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.06	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.07	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.08	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

Figure 3.1-29 RSTP Port Configuration

SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

System Configuration

Community Strings

Here you can define the new community string set and remove the unwanted community string.

- **String:** Fill the name string.
- **RO:** Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to display MIB-object information.
- **RW:** Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.
- Click **Add**.
- To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and then click **Remove**. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

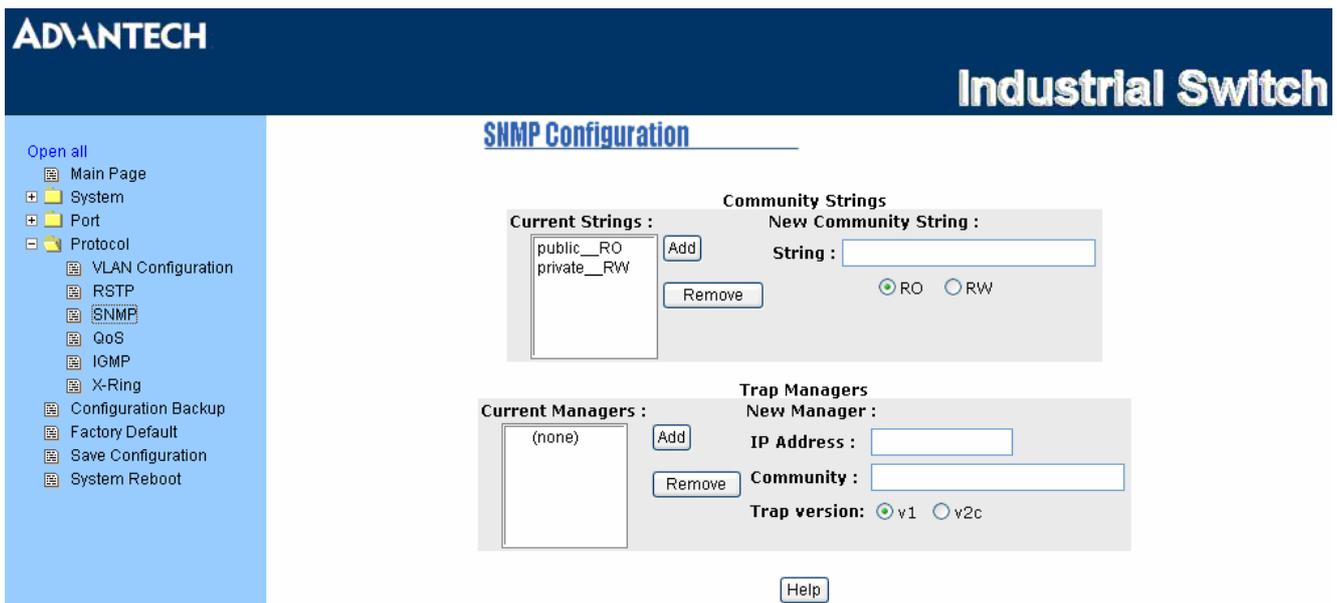


Figure 3.1-30 SNMP Configuration

Trap Managers

A trap manager is a management station that receives the trap messages generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will be issued. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define a management station as a trap manager, assign an IP address, enter the SNMP community strings, and select the SNMP trap version.

- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the trap manager.
- **Community:** Enter the community string.
- **Trap Version:** Select the SNMP trap version type—v1 or v2c.

- Click **Add** .
- To remove the community string, select the community string listed in the current managers field and click **Remove** .

QoS Configuration

Here you can configure QoS policy and priority setting, port priority setting, COS and TOS setting.

QoS Policy

- **QoS Policy:** Select the QoS policy rule.
 - **Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme:** The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from High to lowest queue. For example, while the system processes, 1 frame of the lowest queue, 2 frames of the low queue, 4 frames of the middle queue, and 8 frames of the high queue will be processed at the same time in accordance with the 8,4,2,1 policy rule.
 - **Use a strict priority scheme:** Always the higher queue will be processed first, except the higher queue is empty.
 - **Priority Type:** There are 5 priority type selections available—**Port-based**, **TOS only**, **COS only**, **TOS first**, and **COS first**. Disable means no priority type is selected.
- Click button to make the settings effective.

Priority Type

- There are 5 priority type options available—**Port-based**, **TOS only**, **COS only**, **TOS first**, and **COS first**.
- Click to have the settings taken effect.

Default Port Priority

- There are four options for port priority—**High**, **Middle**, **Low**, and **Lowest**.
- Click to have the settings taken effect.

COS Configuration

Set up the COS priority level.

- **Priority:** Set up the COS priority level 0~7—High, Middle, Low, Lowest.
- Click .

TOS Configuration

Set up the TOS priority.

- **Priority:** The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest. The default value is 'Lowest' priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, the user sets the TOS level 25 as high, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25 (priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.
- Click to make the settings take effect.

Open all

- [-] Main Page
- [-] System
- [-] Port
- [-] Protocol
 - [-] VLAN Configuration
 - [-] RSTP
 - [-] SNMP
 - [-] QoS
 - [-] IGMP
 - [-] X-Ring
- [-] Configuration Backup
- [-] Factory Default
- [-] Save Configuration
- [-] System Reboot

QoS

QoS Policy

Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme

Use a strict priority scheme

Priority Type:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06	Port.07	Port.08
Port-based ▾							

Default Port Priority:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06	Port.07	Port.08
Lowest ▾							

Apply Help

COS

Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest ▾							

Apply Help

TOS

Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Lowest ▾							
Priority	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Lowest ▾							

Apply Help

Figure 3.1-31 QoS Configuration

IGMP Configuration

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows the ports to detect IGMP queries, report packets, and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch. IGMP have three fundamental types of message shown as follows:

Message	Description
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit being a member of a specific multicast group.

The switch supports IP multicast. You can enable IGMP protocol via setting the IGMP Configuration page to see the IGMP snooping information. IP multicast addresses are in the range of 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

- **IGMP Protocol:** Enable or disable the IGMP protocol.
- **IGMP V2 Query:** Click the pull-down menu to enable/disable the IGMP query function as to set the switch as a querier for IGMP version 2 multicast networks.
- Click .

Figure 3.1-32 IGMP Configuration

X-Ring

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, each switch should be enabled with the X-Ring function and two ports of each switch should be configured as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports, known as backup port, would be blocked and the other port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port (blocked) of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to help the entire group recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface to configure the switch being a ring master. The ring master can negotiate and place commands to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are two or more switches in master mode, the software will configure the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The ring master mode can be enabled via the X-Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the corresponding LED indicator on the panel of the switch.

The system also supports the **Couple Ring** topology that can connect two X-Ring groups for the redundant backup function. Besides, the **Dual Homing** topology can prevent connection lose between the X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch.

- **Enable X-Ring:** To enable the X-Ring function, tick the checkbox beside the **Enable Ring** string label. If this checkbox is not ticked, all the ring functions are unavailable.
 - **1st Ring Port:** Pull down the selection menu to assign a port as the **1st Ring Port** that is the working port.
 - **2nd Ring Port:** Pull down the selection menu to assign a port as the **2nd Ring Port** that is the backup port. When **1st Ring Port** fails, the system will automatically upgrade the **2nd Ring Port** to be the working port.
- **Enable Couple Ring:** To enable the couple ring function, tick the check box beside the **Enable Couple Ring** label.
 - **Coupling Port:** Assign the member port which is connected to the other ring group.
 - **Control Port:** When the **Enable Couple Ring** checkbox is ticked, you have to assign the control port to form a couple-ring group between the two X-rings.
- **Enable Dual Homing:** Set up one of the ports on the switch to be the Dual Homing port. For a switch, there is only one Dual Homing port. Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function enabled.
- And then, click to apply the configuration.



Figure 3.1-33 X-ring

Note

*To enable the X-Ring function, users must disable the RSTP first. The X-Ring function and RSTP function cannot both be activated on a single switch. Remember to click the **Save** button of the **Save Configuration** page, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.*

3.1.4 Configuration Backup

This interface allows users to back up the current configuration on the switch to the TFTP server. Also, users can restore the industrial switch to the backup configuration from the TFTP server.

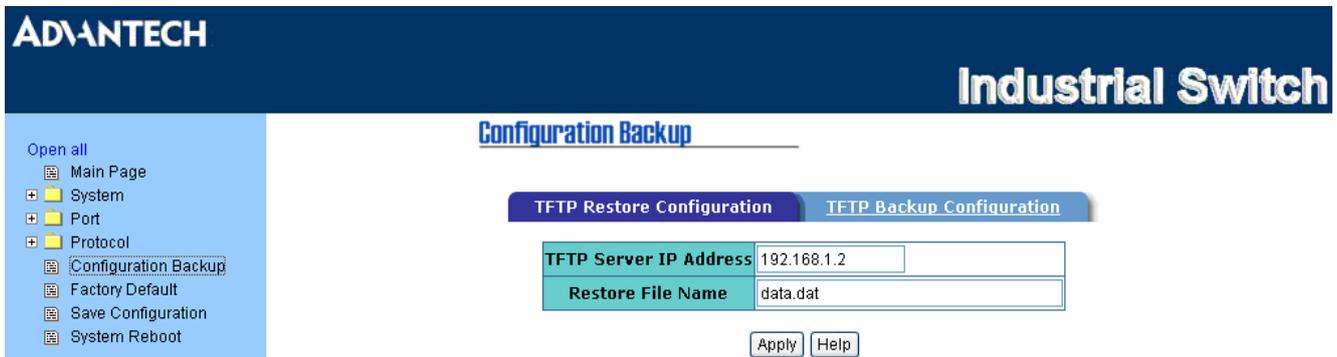


Figure 3.1-34 TFTP Restore Configuration

TFTP Restore Configuration

- **TFTP Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the TFTP server.
- **Restore File Name:** Enter the file name to be restored.
- Click **Apply**.



Figure 3.1-35 TFTP Backup Configuration

- **TFTP Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the TFTP server.
- **Backup File Name:** Enter the file name for the backup configuration.
- Click **Apply**.

3.1.5 Factory Default

Reset the switch to default configuration. Tick the check boxes to keep the current IP address, user name and password before reset. Click **Reset** to reset all configurations to the default value.

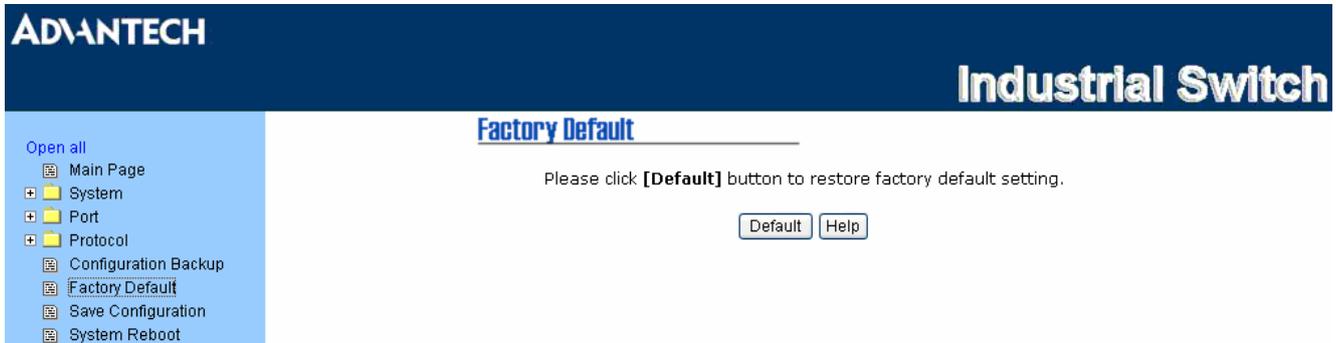


Figure 3.1-36 Factory Default

3.1.6 Save Configuration

Save all configurations that you have made to the system. Click **Save** to save all configurations to the flash memory.



Figure 3.1-37 Save Configuration

3.1.7 System Reboot

Reboot the switch in software reset. Click **Reboot** to reboot the system.

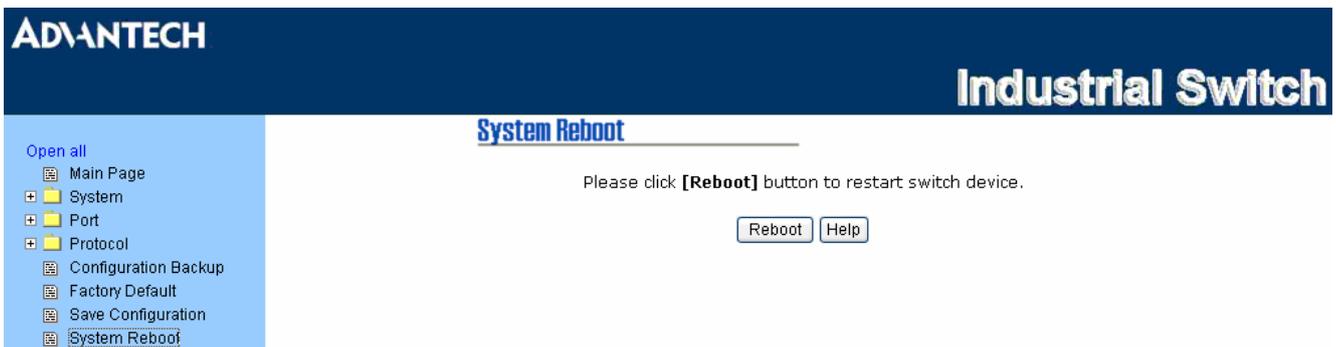


Figure 3.1-38 System Reboot

CHAPTER
4

Troubleshooting

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

Verify that you are using the right power cord/adaptor. Don't use the power adaptor with DC output voltage higher than the power rating of the equipment. Otherwise, it will burn down.

Select the proper UTP cable to construct the user network. Use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shield twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100 Ω Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections, 100 Ω Category 5 cable for 100Mbps connections, or 100 Ω Category 5e/above cable for 1000Mbps connections. Also be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

Diagnosing LED Indicators

To assist in identifying problems, the switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describe common problems the user may encounter and where the user can find possible solutions.

If the power indicator does not light up when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with power cord. Then check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If you still cannot resolve the problem, contact the local dealer for assistance.

If the LED indicators are normal and the connected cables are correct but the packets still cannot be transmitted, please check the user system's Ethernet devices' configuration or status.

**APPENDIX
A**

**Pin Assignments &
Wiring**

Appendix A Pin Assignments & Wiring

A.1 RJ-45 Port

It is suggested to adopt ELA/TIA as the wiring of the RJ-45.

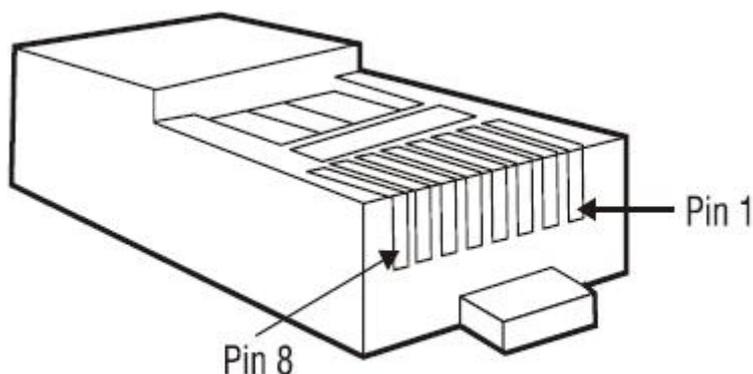


Figure A.1: RJ-45 Pin Assignments

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Function
1	TX+
2	TX-
3	RX+
6	RX-

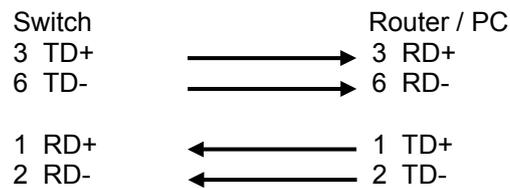
Note “+” and “-” signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

All ports on this industrial switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, you can use straight-through cables (See the figure below) for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. In straight-through cable, pins 1, 2, 3, and 6, at one end of the cable, are connected straight through to pins 1, 2, 3 and 6 at the other end of the cable. The 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pinouts are described below.

MDI/MDI-X Pin Assignments

Pin Number	MDI-X Signal Name	MDI Signal Name
1	Receive Data plus (RD+)	Transmit Data plus (TD+)
2	Receive Data minus (RD-)	Transmit Data minus (TD-)
3	Transmit Data plus (TD+)	Receive Data plus (RD+)
6	Transmit Data minus (TD-)	Receive Data minus (RD-)

Straight-through Cable Schematic



Cross-over Cable Schematic

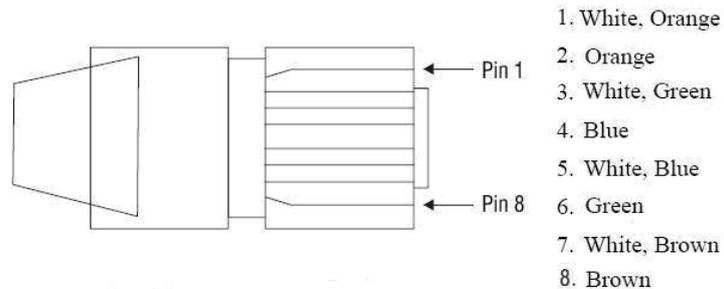
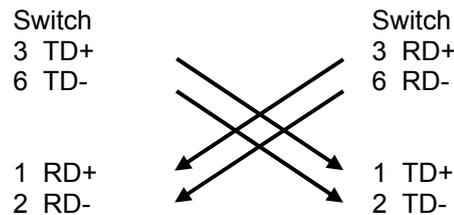


Figure A.2: EIA/TIA-568B

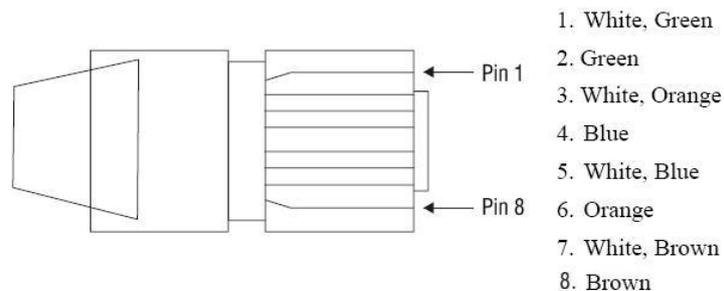


Figure A.3: EIA/TIA-568A