

Rail-to-rail 1.8 V high-speed dual comparator

Features

■ Propagation delay: 38 ns

■ Low current consumption: 73 µA/Comp

■ Rail-to-rail inputs

■ Push-pull outputs

■ Supply operation from 1.8 to 5 V

■ Wide temperature range: -40° C to +125° C

ESD tolerance: 5 kV HBM / 300 V MM

■ Latch-up immunity: 200 mA

SMD packages

Applications

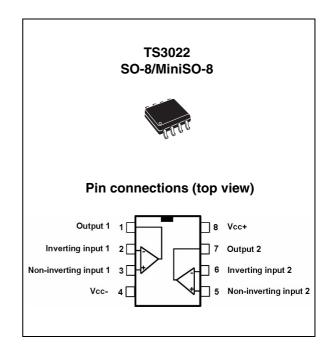
- Telecommunications
- Instrumentation
- Signal conditioning
- High-speed sampling systems
- Portable communication systems

Description

The TS3022 dual comparator features a highspeed response time with rail-to-rail inputs. With a supply voltage specified from 2 to 5 V, this comparator can operate over a wide temperature range: -40° C to +125° C.

The TS3022 comparator offers micropower consumption as low as a few tens of microamperes thus providing an excellent ratio of power consumption current versus response time.

The TS3022 includes push-pull outputs and is available in small packages (SMD): SO-8 and MiniSO-8.



1 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾	5.5	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽²⁾	±5	V
V _{IN}	Input voltage range	(V_{CC}^{-}) - 0.3 to (V_{CC}^{+}) + 0.3	V
R _{THJA}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient ⁽³⁾ SO-8 MiniSO-8	125 190	°C/W
R _{THJC}	Thermal resistance junction to case ⁽³⁾ SO-8 MiniSO-8	40 39	°C/W
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature (soldering 10 seconds)	260	°C
	Human body model (HBM) ⁽⁴⁾	5000	
ESD	Machine model (MM) ⁽⁵⁾	300	V
	Charged device model (CDM) ⁽⁶⁾	1500	
	Latch-up immunity	200	mA

All voltage values, except differential voltage, are referenced to V_{CC}-. V_{CC} is defined as the difference between V_{CC}+ and V_{CC}-.

Table 2. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T _{oper}	Operating temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
V _{CC}	Supply voltage 0° C < T _{amb} < +125° C -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	1.8 to 5 2 to 5	V
V _{ICM}	Common mode input voltage range -40° C < T _{amb} < +85° C +85° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	(V _{CC} -)-0.2 to (V _{CC} +)+0.2 V _{CC} - to V _{CC} +	V

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^{2.} The magnitude of input and output voltages must never exceed the supply rail ± 0.3 V.

^{3.} Short-circuits can cause excessive heating. These values are typical.

^{4.} Human body model: a 100 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged through a 1.5 k Ω resistor between two pins of the device. This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.

^{5.} Machine model: a 200 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω). This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.

Charged device model: all pins and the package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground through only one pin. This is done for all pins.

2 Electrical characteristics

Table 3. V_{CC} += 2 V, V_{CC} - = 0 V, T_{amb} = +25° C, full V_{ICM} range (unless otherwise specified)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	0.5	6 7	mV
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA
I _{CC}	Supply current/comp.	No load, output high, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$ -40° C < T_{amb} < +125° C No load, output low, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	73 84	90 115 105	μА
		-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C		04	125	
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current	Source Sink	-	9 10	-	mA
V_{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{Source} = 1 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	1.88 1.80	1.92	-	V
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	I _{Sink} = 1 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	60	100 150	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < 2 V	-	67	-	dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to 5 V}$	58	73	-	dB
TP _{LH}	Propagation delay ⁽³⁾ Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V, f} = 10 \text{ kHz, C}_L = 50 \text{ pF,}$ Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	38 48	60 75	ns
TP _{HL}	Propagation delay ⁽⁴⁾ High to low output level	V_{ICM} = 0 V, f = 10 kHz, C_L = 50 pF, Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	40 49	60 75	ns
T _F	Fall time	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	8	-	ns
T _R	Rise time	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 10 kΩ, Overdrive = 100 mV	-	9	-	ns

All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

^{2.} Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

^{3.} Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} - 100 mV to V_{ICM} + overdrive.

^{4.} Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} + 100 mV to V_{ICM} - overdrive.

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Table 4. V_{CC} += 3.3 V, V_{CC} - = 0 V, T_{amb} = +25° C, full V_{ICM} range (unless otherwise specified)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	0.2	6 7	mV
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA
loo	Complex courses to Company	No load, output high, V _{ICM} = 0 V -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	75	90 120	μА
I _{CC} Supply current / Comp.	No load, output low, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$ -40° C < T_{amb} < +125° C		86	110 125	μ	
I _{SC}	Short circuit current	Source Sink	-	26 24	-	mA
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{Source} = 1 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	3.20 3.10	3.25	-	٧
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	I _{Sink} = 1 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	40	80 150	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < 3.3 V	-	75	-	dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V}$	58	73	-	dB
TP _{LH}	Propagation delay ⁽³⁾ Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V, f} = 10 \text{ kHz, C}_L = 50 \text{ pF,}$ Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	39 50	65 85	ns
TP _{HL}	Propagation delay ⁽⁴⁾ High to low output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V, f} = 10 \text{ kHz, C}_L = 50 \text{ pF,}$ Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	41 51	65 80	ns
T _F	Fall time	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 10 kΩ, Overdrive = 100 mV	-	5	-	ns
T _R	Rise time	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ kΩ}$, Overdrive = 100 mV	-	7	-	ns

^{1.} All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

^{2.} Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

^{3.} Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} - 100 mV to V_{ICM} + overdrive.

^{4.} Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} + 100 mV to V_{ICM} - overdrive.

Table 5. V_{CC} += 5 V, V_{CC} - = 0 V, T_{amb} = +25° C, full V_{ICM} range (unless otherwise specified)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	0.2	6 7	mV
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	-40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA
1	Supply current / Comp	No load, output high, V _{ICM} = 0 V -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	_	77	95 125	μА
I _{CC} Supply current / Comp.	Supply current? Comp.	No load, output low, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$ -40° C < T_{amb} < +125° C	,	89	115 135	μΑ
I _{SC}	Short circuit current	Source Sink		51 40	-	mA
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{Source} = 4 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	4.80 4.70	4.84	-	V
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	I _{Sink} = 4 mA -40° C < T _{amb} < +125° C	-	130	180 250	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < 5 V	-	79	-	dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V}$	58	73	-	dB
TP _{LH}	Propagation delay ⁽³⁾ Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0$ V, f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50$ pF, Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	42 54	75 105	ns
TP _{HL}	Propagation delay ⁽⁴⁾ High to low output level	$V_{ICM} = 0$ V, f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50$ pF, Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	45 55	75 95	ns
T _F	Fall time	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	4	-	ns
T _R	Rise time	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}Ω$ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	4	-	ns

All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

^{2.} Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} - 100 mV to V_{ICM} + overdrive.

Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) = V_{ICM} and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from V_{ICM} + 100 mV to V_{ICM} - overdrive.

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Figure 1. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

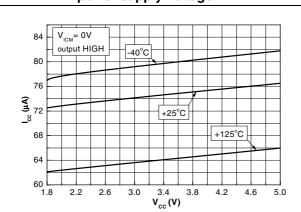


Figure 2. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

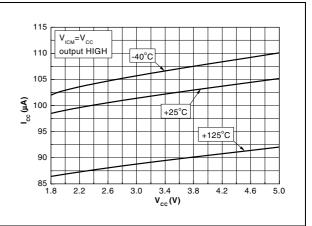


Figure 3. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

100 V_{ICM}= 0V output LOW 96 92 -40°C 88 (F) +25°C 84 80 76 +125°C 72 1.8 2.2 2.6 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.6 V_{cc}(V)

Figure 4. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

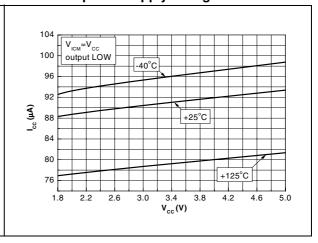


Figure 5. Output voltage vs. source current $V_{CC} = 2 V$

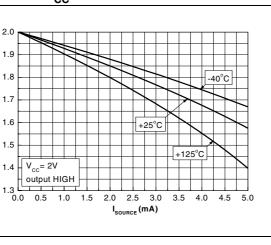
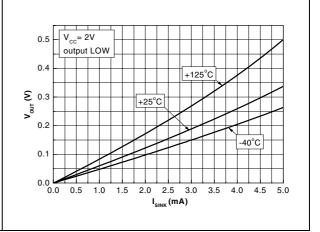


Figure 6. Output voltage vs. sink current $V_{CC} = 2 V$



2.0

1.9

1.8

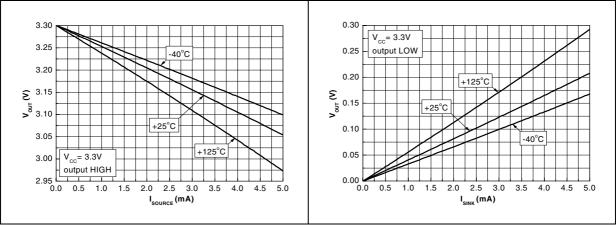
€ 1.7

>⁵ 1.6

1.5

TS3022 Electrical characteristics

Figure 7. Output voltage vs. source current $\,$ Figure 8. Output voltage vs. sink current $\,$ V $_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\,$



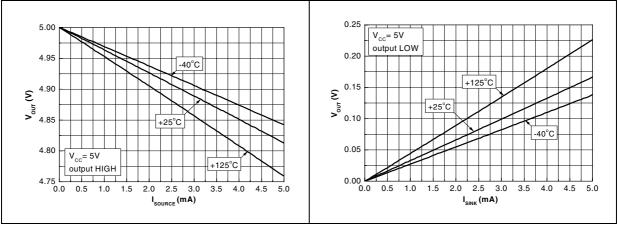
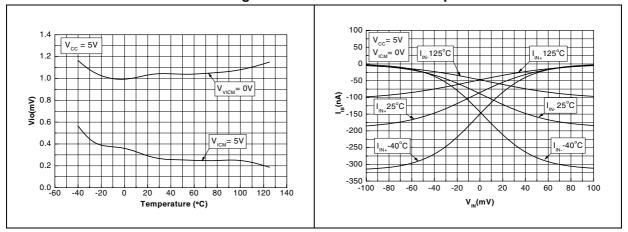


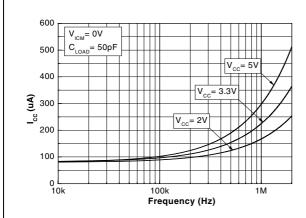
Figure 11. Input offset voltage vs. temperature Figure 12. Input bias current vs. input voltage and common mode voltage and temperature



Electrical characteristics TS3022

Figure 13. Current consumption vs. commutation frequency

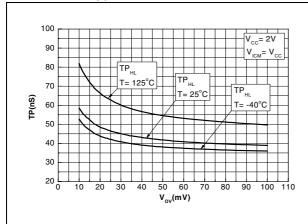
Figure 14. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}$



100 90 80 70 TP_{HL} T= 125°C TP_{HL} T= 25°C TP_{HL} T= -40°C 30 40 30 20 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 V_{ov}(mV)

Figure 15. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 2 V$

Figure 16. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 2 V$



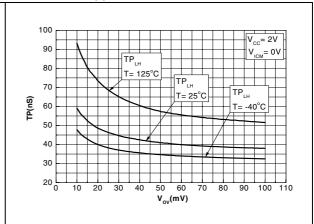
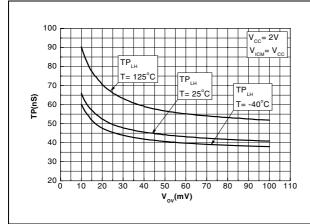
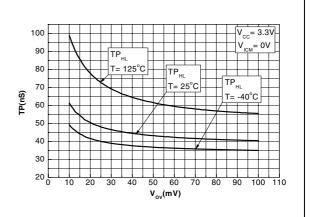


Figure 17. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 2 V$

Figure 18. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

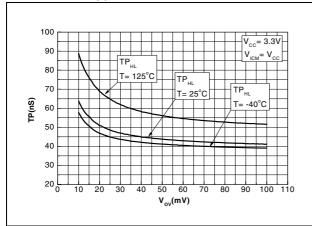




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Figure 19. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

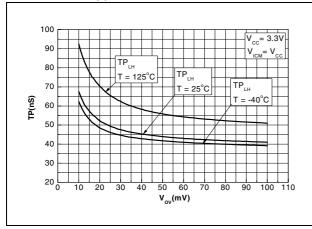
Figure 20. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$



120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 V_{ov}(mV)

Figure 21. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

Figure 22. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$



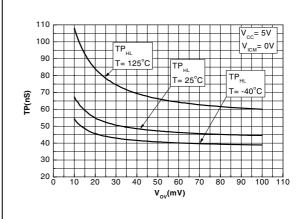
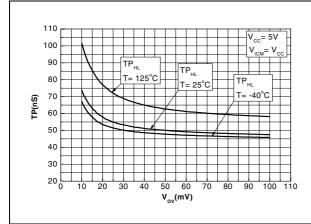
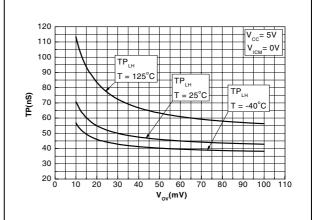


Figure 23. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$

Figure 24. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$

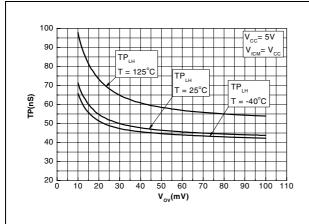




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Figure 25. Propagation delay vs. overdrive $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$

Figure 26. Propagation delay vs. temperature $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, overdrive = 100 mV



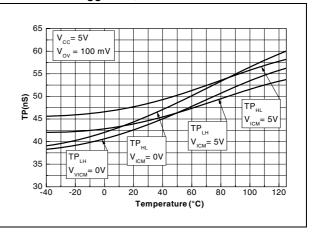
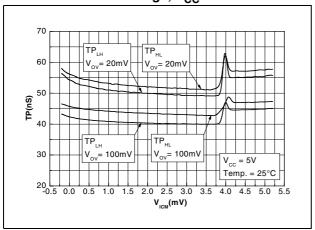


Figure 27. Propagation delay vs. common mode voltage, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$



TS3022 Package information

3 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

Package information TS3022

3.1 SO-8 package information

Figure 28. SO-8 package mechanical drawing

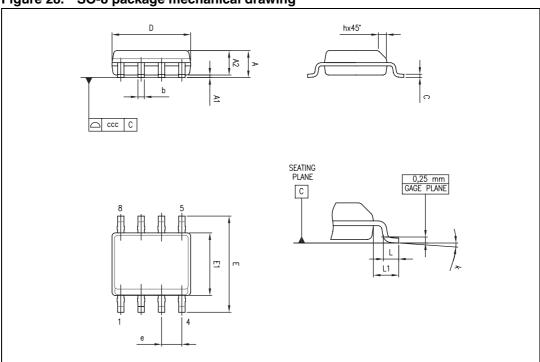


Table 6. SO-8 package mechanical data

	_	goo	Dime	nsions		
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α			1.75			0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25			0.049		
b	0.28		0.48	0.011		0.019
С	0.17		0.23	0.007		0.010
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157
е		1.27			0.050	
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050
L1		1.04			0.040	
k	0		8°	1°		8°
ccc			0.10			0.004

TS3022 Package information

3.2 MiniSO-8 package information

Figure 29. MiniSO-8 package mechanical drawing

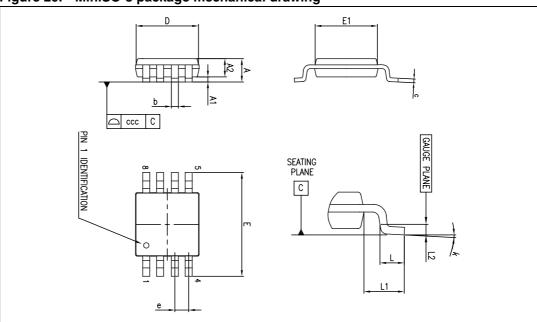


Table 7. MiniSO-8 package mechanical data

			Dimer	nsions		
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α			1.10			0.043
A1			0.15			0.006
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95	0.030	0.033	0.037
b	0.22		0.40	0.009		0.016
С	0.08		0.23	0.003		0.009
D	2.80	3.00	3.20	0.110	0.118	0.126
Е	4.65	4.90	5.15	0.183	0.193	0.203
E1	2.80	3.00	3.10	0.110	0.118	0.122
е		0.65			0.026	
L	0.40	0.60	0.80	0.016	0.024	0.031
L1		0.95			0.037	
L2		0.25			0.010	
k	0		8			
ccc			0.10			0.004

Ordering information TS3022

4 Ordering information

Table 8. Order codes

Part number	Temperature range	Package	Package Packing	
TS3022ID		SO-8	Tube	30221
TS3022IDT	-40° C, +125° C	SO-8	Tape & reel	30221
TS3022IST		MiniSO-8	Tape & reel	K521

TS3022 Revision history

5 Revision history

Table 9. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
29-Jan-2009	1	Initial release. The information contained in this datasheet was previously included in the TS3021-TS3022 datasheet (revision 4 dated October 2007). The single version (TS3021) and dual version (TS3022) have now been split into two separate datasheets. Refer to the TS3021 revision 5 for a complete history of changes.
25-Jun-2009	2	Modified ESD tolerances in <i>Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings</i> . In <i>Table 3, Table 4</i> and <i>Table 5:</i> — modified V _{IO} typical value and maximum limits. — modified I _{IB} typical values. — modified I _{SC} typical values and corrected maximum limits. — modified V _{OH} and V _{OL} typical values. — modified CMRR and SVR typical values. — modified TP _{HL} and TP _{LH} typical values. — modified note 3. — added note 4. Modified all curves.

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